

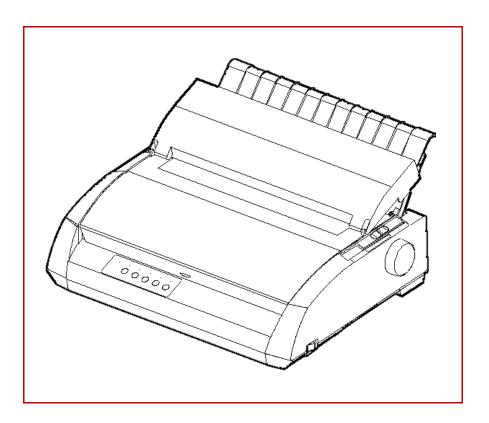


LA48N

LA48W

## **User Guide**

## **Matrix Printer**





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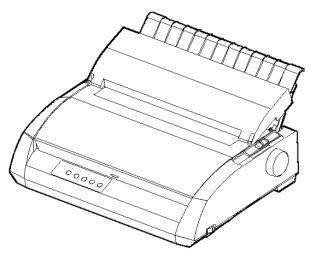


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## Introduction

Congratulations on purchasing a LA48N/LA48W printer. This printer is a compact, versatile printer that offers maximum compatibility with today's software packages and personal computers. The 24-wire print head provides crisp, clear printing for business, office, and home environments. This printer is also easy to install and use.



Matrix Printer LA48N

### **Features**

Key printer features and options are listed in the next two sections.

- **Software compatibility**. This printer operates with the DEC PPL2, IBM XL24E, and EPSON ESC/P2 command sets.
- Various character sets. For the DEC PPL2 protocol, 31 character sets (twenty-five 94-character sets and six 96-character sets) are available. For IBM Proprinter X24E and XL24E protocol, set 1, set 2, and 30 default sets (code pages and specific character sets) are available. For Epson ESC/P2 protocol, 15 national character sets and 30 default sets (code pages and specific character sets) are available.
- **Multiple fonts.** The printer has 12 resident fonts: Draft, High speed Draft, High impact Font, Courier 10, Pica 10, Prestige 12, Compressed, Boldface PS, Timeless Normal, Nimbus Sans Normal, OCR-A, OCR-B.



- **High-speed printing.** At 10 cpi, print speed ranges from 113 cps for letter quality to 400 cps (80-column printer) or 448cps (136-column printer) for high-speed draft quality.
- Large print buffer. 64 Kbytes are available in total for storing input data and downloading fonts. A large input data buffer allows you to send files to the printer and return quickly to work in your application. A large download buffer allows you to use custom fonts.
- **80-column or 136-column print line.** 80-column printers are the most suitable for printing in landscape mode using letter or A4 size paper.136-column printers are the most suitable for printing in landscape mode using legal or standardsize computer forms.
- **Simple switching of paper types.** The ability to "park" continuous forms makes it easy to switch between continuous forms and single sheets.
- **Auto tear-off.** Continuous forms are fed automatically up to the tear-off position at the end of each job.
- **Maintenance-free**. The printer only requires periodic cleaning and changing of the ribbon cartridge.

#### **Consumables**

For details, see Appendix A, "Supplies".



## Setting up the printer

Your new printer is easy to install and set up. This chapter tells you how to set up the printer start printing right away. If this is your first printer, you should read the entire chapter before attempting to use the printer. In this chapter, you will learn how to:

- Unpack, assemble, and select a good location for the printer
- Identify the printer's major parts
- Connect the power cord and the interface cable
- Test the printer before connecting it to your computer
- Select an emulation and print a sample page using your software

If you have a problem while setting up the printer, review the section "Solving Problems" in Chapter 7. If the problem persists, contact your dealer or service.

## Selecting a location

This printer is suitable for most business, office, and home environments. To obtain peak performance from the printer, select a location that meets the following guidelines:

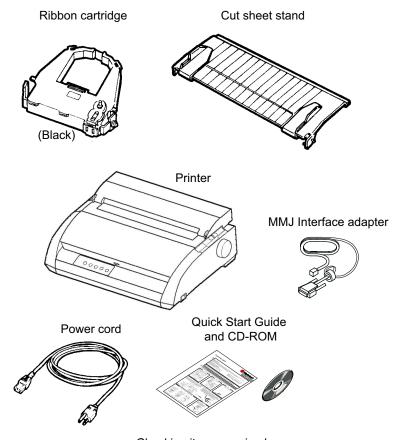
- ✓ Place the printer on a sturdy, level surface.
- ✓ Place the printer near a well-grounded AC power outlet.
- ✓ Ensure easy access to the front and rear of the printer by leaving several inches of space around the printer. Do not block the air vents on the front, left, and right sides of the printer.
- ✓ Do not place the printer in direct sunlight or near heaters.
- ✓ Make sure that the room is well-ventilated and free from excessive dust.
- $\checkmark$  Do not expose the printer to extremes of temperature and humidity.
- ✓ Use only the power cord supplied with the printer or recommended by your dealer. Do not use an extension cord.
- ✓ Do not plug the printer into a power outlet that is shared with heavy industrial equipment, such as motors, or appliances, such as copiers or coffee makers. Such equipment often emits electrical noise or causes power degradation.



## Unpacking the printer

Unpack the printer as follows:

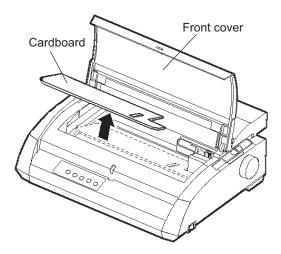
1. Open the carton and remove the printer and its components. Make sure that you have all of the items shown below. Note that the power cord supplied depends on the printer model (100-120 or 220-240 VAC power supply).



- Checking items received
- **2.** Carefully examine each item for damage. Report any problems to your dealer or shipping agent.
- **3.** Place the printer where you plan to use it.
- **4.** Remove the tapes securing the front cover, ejection cover, and back cover. Open the front cover and remove the shipping restraint cardboard that holds the print



head carriage in place (shown below).



Removing the shipping restraint cardboard

**5.** Store the original shipping carton and packaging materials for future use. For example, the original packaging is ideal for use when you move or ship your printer to another location.

**NOTE:** The interface cable is not included with the printer. You must purchase it separately. Connection of the interface cable is described later in this chapter.



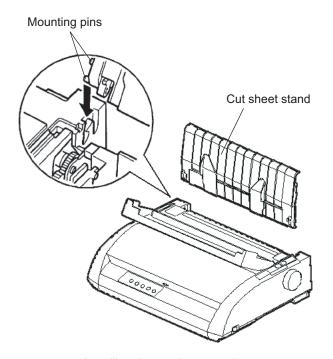
## Assembling the printer

This section explains how to install the cut sheet stand and ribbon cartridge.

#### **Installing the Cut Sheet Stand**

The cut sheet stand enables smooth feeding of both single sheets and continu-ous forms. Install the cut sheet stand as described below:

- 1. Referring to the following figure, locate the two grooved notches on the top of the printer, behind the top cover. Note that each notch has a front groove and a rear groove.
- **2.** Locate the two mounting pins on each side of the cut sheet stand.



Installing the cut sheet stand

**3.** Hold the cut sheet stand at an angle over the top of the printer. Slide the mounting pins into the long, front grooves of the notches. This is the cut sheet stand's up position, used for printing single sheets.

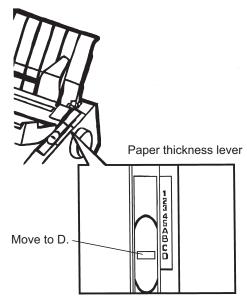
To rotate the cut sheet stand to its down position, grasp it at the sides and lift it up until the two upper mounting pins clear the front notches. Rotate the cut sheet stand backward to place the upper mounting pins in the rear grooves.



### **Installing the Ribbon Cartridge**

The printer uses a black ribbon cartridge. To install the ribbon cartridge:

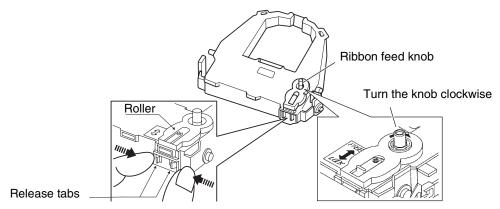
- **1.** Turn the printer off. Open the front cover of the printer. For easy installation, slide the print head carriage to the middle.
- **2.** The paper thickness lever, located on the right of the printer, has nine positions. Before you install the ribbon cartridge, move this lever to **D**.



Preparing to install the ribbon



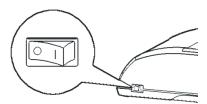
**3.** Using the procedure below, release the roller from the LOCK position and turn the ribbon feed knob clockwise to take up any ribbon slack. Push in the gray ribbon release tabs on the side of the ribbon cartridge to release them, and slide the roller from the LOCK position to the FREE position.



Preparing the ribbon cartridge

**CAUTION:** *Do not turn the ribbon feed knob in counterclockwise direction.* 

**4.** Verify that the power to the printer is off (make sure that the circle mark on the power switch is pressed).

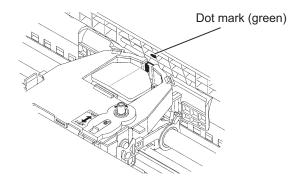


Verify that the printer is switched off

- **5.** Move the paper thickness lever to the D position.
- **6.** Open the front cover.

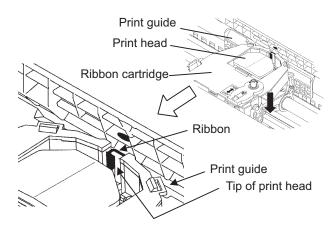


**7.** Align the print head position with the dot mark (green) on the printer ejection cover.



WARNING: Avoid touching the print head while using or immediately after using the printer, as doing so may lead to burns. Wait until the print head cools down before touching it.

**8.** Thread the ribbon between the print head and the print guide, then gently press down on the ribbon cartridge against the printer until it clicks into place. (Make sure that the ribbon feed knob is facing upward.)



- **9.** Turn the ribbon feed knob clockwise to take up any ribbon slack.
- 10. After the ribbon cartridge has been installed in the printer, adjust the paper thickness lever to match the thickness of the paper and the number of sheets of paper to be used.

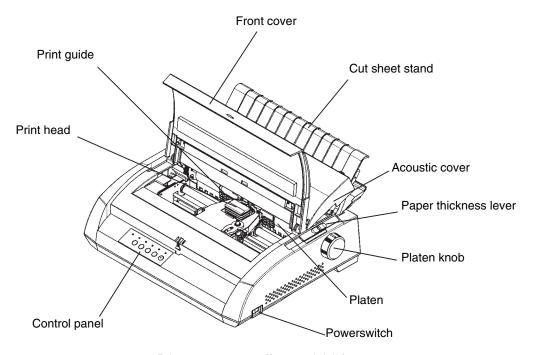
For information about the paper thickness lever, see the section entitled "Adjusting for Paper Thickness" in Chapter 3.



## Getting acquainted with your printer

Now that your printer is assembled, take a moment to become familiar with its major parts.

Looking at the printer from the front right side, you can see the parts of the printer shown in the figure below.

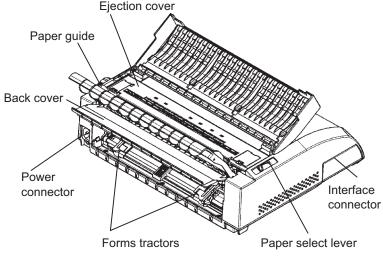


Printer components (front and right)

The printer control panel has the buttons and indicators used to load and feed paper (see Chapter 3, "Paper Handling") and select print features (see Chapter 4, "Printing"). The control panel also allows you to change the printer's optional settings (see Chapter 5, "Using Set-Up Mode").



Looking at the printer from the back with the cut sheet stand and back cover removed, you can see the following parts of the printer:



Printer components (rear)

## Connecting the power cord

Before you plug in the printer:

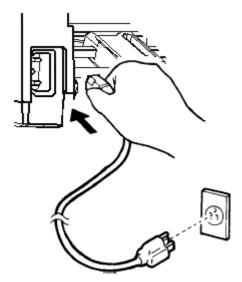
- ✓ Make sure that the printer power is switched off. The side marked "1" on the power switch should be raised
- ✓ Make sure that the power outlet is properly grounded.
- ✓ Make sure that you use the power cord shipped with the printer. This cord is designed to minimize radio frequency interference.

To plug in the power cord:

**1.** Plug one end of the power cord into the power connector on the rear of the printer.



**2.** Plug the other end of the power cord into the power outlet.



Connecting the power cord

- **3.** Make sure that the power cord is securely connected.
- **4.** Turn on the power by pressing the side marked "l" on the power switch. Within a few seconds, the POWER indicator on the printer control panel will light, the print head will move to its home position, and the ONLINE indicator will light (green).

**NOTE:** If no forms are loaded, the printer may beep and the grenn FAULT indicator may light and the ONLINE indicator will not light if the paper select lever is set backward to the continuous forms position. Move the paper select lever forward to the single sheet position (as described in the next section). The FAULT indicator will go out. This condition is a result of the factory default settings and poses no problem.



## Connecting the printer to your computer

Your printer supports one of the following interface options:

- Centronics parallel interface only
- Centronics parallel interface and RS-232C serial interface
- Centronics parallel interface and USB interface

The RS-232 serial interface is a factory-installed option for a Centronics parallel interface model. Installation of the serial option provides a dual interface feature enabling the connection of either interface but inhibiting the operation of both interfaces at the same time.

The parallel interface connector has wire clips. The serial interface connector has tapped holes. Cables for these interfaces are available from dealers, cable manufacturers, and other suppliers.

The LAN adapter is a user installable option. For details, refer to the Manual that comes with the LAN card.

**NOTE:** If a LAN interface card is installed, the Centronics parallel interface is not available.

For detailed interface specifications, see Appendix D.

## Selecting a Parallel Interface Cable

For the parallel interface, use a cable that meets the following specifications:

- ✓ At the printer end, use a shielded male Centronics connector, such as an Amphenol DDK 57FE-30360 or its equivalent. To prevent RFI (radio frequency interference), the connector cover must be connected to the cable shield.
- ✓ At the computer end, most computers (including IBM PCs) require a male DB-25P connector. Some computers, however, require a Centronics connector. To determine the type of connector your computer uses, refer to your computer user manual.
- ✓ Make sure that the cable length does not exceed 3 meters (10 feet).

#### **Selecting a Serial Interface Cable**

For the serial interface, use a cable that meets the following specifications:

- ✓ At the printer end, use a 25-pin male connector, such as a Cannon DB-25P or its equivalent.
- ✓ To determine the type of connector your computer requires, refer to your computer user manual or ask your dealer.
- ✓ The cable length can be up to 15 meters (50 feet). This type of length is required in many networking and shared-printer configurations.



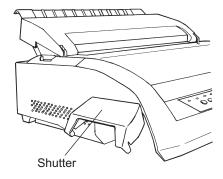
#### Selecting a USB Cable

- ✓ When the USB interface is used to connect to the host computer, the parallel interface and the serial interface (factory add-on option) cannot be connected simultaneously.
- ✓ The USB interface does not guarantee all connections of USB-supported devices.

### **Connecting the Interface Cable**

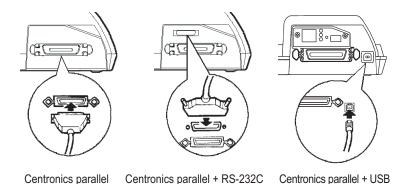
To connect the interface cable:

- **1.** Turn off both the printer and the computer.
- 2. Pull the shutter on the left side of the printer upward as far as it will go.



Opening the shutter

**3.** Attach the interface cable to the connector. Do not connect more than one interface cable type to the printer at the same time.



Connecting the interface cable

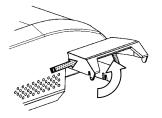


- **4.** To secure a parallel interface cable, flip the fastener clips located on the printer into the notches on the cable connector. To secure a serial interface cable, tighten the screws in the cable connector.
- **5.** Attach the other end of the interface cable to your computer. Gently pull on the cable to verify that it is secure.
- **6.** Close the shutter.

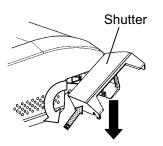
**NOTE:** When use of the shutter is not required, remove it by using the following procedure.



#### Removing the shutter

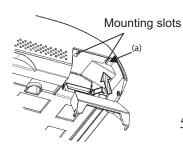


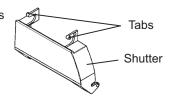
- 1. Open the shutter.
- 2. Gently push the back end of the shutter toward the front of the printer.



3. While holding the shutter in the position described in step 2, rotate it in the manner shown in the

#### Attaching the shutter





5. Tilt the shutter and pass the shutter tabs through the mounting slots, starting with the slot on side (a) shown in the figure on the left. The order in which the shutter tabs are

**CAUTION:** Take care not to use excessive force when pushing the back of the shutter toward the front of the printer. Otherwise, the shutter tabs may be damaged.

To reattach the shutter, tilt the shutter and insert one of its convex parts into the installation hole of the printer, and then insert the other part in the other hole. After inserting both convex parts, lower and push the shutter in to its original position.



## Selecting an emulation

Before printing with your software, verify that the correct emulation is selected on your printer. This section describes the available emulations and their selection.

An emulation is a set of commands used by your software to communicate with the printer. There are many different emulations available for printers. Each emulation has unique features and capabilities. This printer offers three resident emulations:

- DEC PPL2
- IBM Proprinter XL24E
- EPSON ESC/P2

The printer's preselected factory setting for the emulation settings is port dependant (PORT DEPND), which means that for every interface a different emulation is set. The default setting for the serial interface is DEC PPL2, for the parallel interface EP-SON ESC/P2 and for the USB interface EPSON ESC/P2.

It is also the possibility to select an Autosening setting, which detects the correct emulation setting automatically.

Resident emulations are stored in the printer's permanent memory.

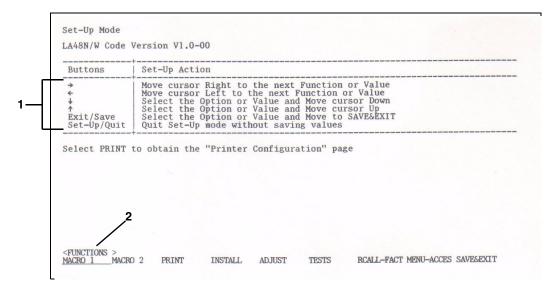
Here are some points to help you determine which emulation to select:

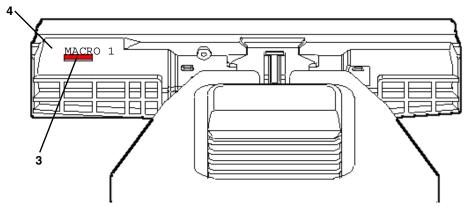
- Determine which emulations your software supports. (Refer to your software documentation.) Since most software programs support this printer, try to run a program with the factory default emulation first. Try this emulation even if you are not sure of which emulation to choose. See Chapter 5, "Using Set-Up Mode", for detailed information about how your printer communicates with your software.
- ✓ If you are using more than one software package, determine which emulation is supported by the software you use most frequently. Select that emulation.
- ✓ If your software supports more than one emulation, select the DEC PPL2 emulation if possible. This emulation has the greatest capabilities.
- ✓ If you want to use an emulation that is not supported by your software, contact your software manufacturer or printer dealer and ask whether support is available. You may be able to obtain a printer driver that is not shipped with the original software package.



To select an emulation, proceed as follows:

- 1. Switch off the printer.
- **2.** Make sure that paper is loaded (continuous paper or single form).
- **3.** Remove the acoustic cover in order to see the printed text.
- **4.** Hold the **Setup/Quit** buttons depressed and switch the printer on. After initializing the printer enters the setup mode and prints the following information:







The initial printout contains a header, help menu **1**, and <FUNCTIONS> menu **2**. The header tells you that the printer is in the Set-Up mode. The help menu provides a quick summary of how to use buttons in the Set-Up mode.

The <FUNCTIONS> menu 2 lists all of the functions available in the Set-Up mode.

Generally speaking, the red cursor **3** on the plastic print guide **4** indicates the function or value to be selected. When entering the Set-Up mode, the red cursor is initially positioned under MACRO 1.

- **5.** Press the  $\checkmark$  button to select the Macro 1 function and print the <PROTOCOL> option and its values.
- 6. Repeatedly press the → button or the ← button to position the red cursor on the plastic print guide under the emulation you require.
- **7.** Press the **Exit/Save** button to select the emulation and exit Set-Up mode.



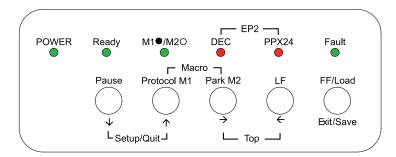
## Operations of the control panel

This section summarizes status indications and operations of the control panel in Normal mode. For details on Set-Up mode, see Chapter 5, "Using Set-Up Mode".

Normal mode operation includes everyday operations, such as paper handling, macro selection, and protocol selection. The first table lists basic states represented by the Ready and Fault indicators. The second table lists Normal mode operations and required user response. Operations are listed by functions.

#### **Control panel indicators and buttons**

The control panel indicators display the state of the printer and the control panel buttons control the work with the printer.



### Basic states of the printer

Indicator	Status	Printer status	
Ready	On	The printer is ready for printing or The printer is receiving or printing data.	
	Blinking	The printer is not ready and holds printing data.	
	Off	The printer is not ready and it does not hold printing data.	



Indicator	Status	Printer status			
Fault On		The printer is out of paper.			
Blinking fast		It is blinking at a 0.5 second period when paper jam, carriage error, communication error, buffer overflow is detected, or when the Automatic Sheet Feeder must be active but paper can not be ejected after 22 inches feeding, or when parking is not successful after 20 inches reverse feeding.			
Blinking slowly		When the paper source in a present MACRO setting and Setting of Paper Select Lever are different, five seconds are blinked for warning.			
Macro On		Shows that Macro 1 is selected.			
	Off	Shows that Macro 2 is selected.			
Protocol		Two indicators are available to indicate the currently selected protocol:			
DEC On The DEC ANSI		The DEC ANSI protocol is active.			
PPX24	On	The IBM Proprinter X24E/XL24E protocol is active.			
DEC +	On	The Epson ESC/P2 protocol is active.			
PPX24	Blinking	Port dependent			



## **Control Panel Operations**

—: This operation has no connection with this condition.

N/A: The condition does not apply because this operation is executed before poweringon.

0	Required Conditions <sup>1</sup>			
Operation	Ready	Printing <sup>2</sup>	Fault	Required Action
Load continuous forms paper	_	Not printing	On	Press FF/Load.
Load single sheet paper	_	Not printing	On	Press FF/Load if single sheetload is switched from AUTOto MANUAL in Set-Up mode.
Feed paper a page	_	Not printing	Off	Press FF/Load.
Feed paper a line	_	Not printing	Off	Press LF.
Advance perforation to tear bar	_	Not printing	Off	Press Pause if the TEARoption is switched from AUTOto MANUAL in Set-Up mode,or press FF/Load.
Advance paper for viewing	_	Not printing	Off	Press Pause if the TEARoption is switched from AUTOto MANUAL in Set-Up mode.
Return paper to previous position	_	Not printing	Off	Press Pause if the TEARoption is switched from AUTOto MANUAL in Set-Up mode,or press FF/Load.
Eject single-sheet paper	_	Not printing	Off	Press FF/Load or Park or turnthe printer off and on again.
Unload continuous- forms <sup>3</sup>	_	Not printing	Off	Press Park.
Pause printing	On	Printing	Off	Press Pause.
Resume printing	Blinking	Not printing	Off	Press Pause.
Resume printing after a fault	Off	Not printing	On	Clear error and press Pause.



Onematica	Required Conditions <sup>1</sup>				
Operation	Ready	Printing <sup>2</sup>	Fault	Required Action	
Resume printing after paper-out	Off	Not printing	On	Load paper.	
Place printer in Ready state	Off	Not printing	Off	Press Pause.	
Place printer in pause state	On	_	Off	Press Pause.	
Enter Normal mode	N/A	N/A	N/A	Turn power on without pressing any buttons	
Continuous Test Print	N/A	N/A	N/A	Turn power on while pressing FF/Load.	
Enter Macro selection mode Select Macro 1 <sup>4</sup> Select Macro 2 <sup>4</sup>			Off Off Off	Press Protocol(M1) and Park(M2). Press M1 Press M2.	
Switch the protocol <sup>4</sup>	_	Not printing	Off	Press Protocol.	
Enter Top-of-Form Adjustment mode	_	Not printing	Off	Press LF button and FF/ Load button.	
Move paper by 1/60inch	Off	_	Off	Press ↑ or ↓ button.	
Use the adjustment temporarily	Off	_	Off	Press Set-Up/Quit.	
Use the adjustment permanently	Off	_	Off	Press Exit/Save.	
Clear the adjustment	Off	_	Off	Press Top buttons.	
Enter Set-Up mode	N/A	N/A	N/A	Hold the Setup/Quit buttons depressed and switch the printer on.	
Move cursor to select a Set-Up Function or Value	Off	Not printing	Off	Press → or ← button.	
Move cursor to select a Set-Up Option	Off	Not printing	Off	Press ↑ or ↓ button.	
Select a Set-Up Function or Value	Off	Not printing	Off	Press ↑ or ↓ button.	



Operation	Required Conditions <sup>1</sup>			Poguired Action
Operation	Ready	Printing <sup>2</sup>	Fault	Required Action
Select a Set-Up Value and move cur- sor to SAVE&EXIT	Off	Not printing	Off	Press Exit/Save.
Quit Set-Up mode without saving values	Off	Not printing	Off	Press Set-Up/Quit.
Clear software-detected errors	_	_	Blink- ing	Press Pause.
Initialize the printer	_	_	_	Turn power off and on again.

- 1 In Normal mode operation, all buttons except Pause are inactive in the Busy state in which the printer isreceiving or printing data.
- 2 Not printing includes the following situations: the printer is ready and awaiting data, or the Pause button is pressed and the printer is awaiting data, or the Pause button is pressed during printing.
- 3 This operation is available in the rear-feeding push-tractor mode.
- 4 Switching is not done if the printer is holding printing data.

#### **Printer Acoustical Feedbacks**

Except for paper handling and when the factory setting for beep is not changed, the printer beeps in the following ways when you press a control panel button, as follows.

- A short beep indicates that the printer accepts your pressing or specification.
- A longer beep indicates that your specification is invalid.
- In a certain mode, a middle long beep indicates that the specified mode becomes active and a short beep indicates the end of the mode.
- When the Fault indicator lights, the printer also makes a longer beep.



# **Paper Handling**

This chapter explains how your printer uses paper. Topics covered are:

- Selecting paper
- Overview of paper operations
- Adjusting for paper thickness
- Using single sheets
- Using continuous forms (push-tractor feed and pull-tractor feed)
- Feeding and positioning paper
- Switching paper types

Tips for paper handling are given at the end of this chapter. Check that section if you are using multipart forms, envelopes, or labels.



## **Selecting Paper**

The printer can handle either single sheets or continuous forms. Single sheets, also called cut sheets, include envelopes and noncontinuous, multipart forms. Continuous forms include labels and multipart forms fed into the printer using the forms tractors.

For best results, use paper that meets the specifications listed in the following table. (See Appendix B, "Printer and Paper Specifications" for detailed specifications.) If you are unsure of the suitability of a particular type of paper, try testing the paper or consult your dealer.

#### **Paper Specifications**

#### **Paper Size**

		LA48N	LA48W
Continuous forms Wid		102 to 267 mm (4 to 10.5 in)	102 to 420 mm (4 to 16.5 in)
	Length	102 mm (4 in) or greater	102 mm (4 in) or greater
		102 to 267 mm (4 to 10.5 in)	102 to 420 mm (4 to 16.5 in)
		76 to 364 mm (3 to 14.3 in)	76 to 420 mm (3 to 16.5 in)

### **Paper Thickness and Number of Copies**

	Description	
Thickness	0.35 mm (0.014 in) maximum total thickness.	
Copies	1 to 5 copies, including the original. For carbon-interleaved paper, the carbon counts as a copy.	

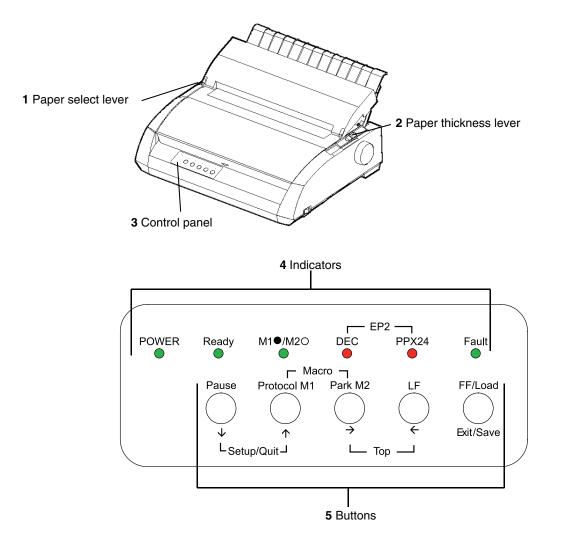


## **Overview of Paper Operations**

The following levers and buttons are used in paper handling:

- Paper select lever 1 at the top left corner of the printer
- Paper thickness lever 2 at the top right corner of the printer
- All buttons **5** on the control panel **3** (Primary and alternative functions are labelled respectively above and under each button.)

The following figure shows the location of each lever, indicators, and buttons:



Printer Levers and Buttons



The following table summarizes the use of levers and buttons in paper handling. More detailed information is provided later in this chapter.

**CAUTION:** To load or feed paper, the printer must be:

- In the Ready state but not receiving or printing data

- In the Pause state

### **Levers and Buttons Used for Paper Handling**

Lever/Button	Purpose	Action
FF/LOAD	Form feed Load paper	Press <b>FF/Load</b> to execute a form feed. Continuous forms are fed forward by one page. Single sheets are ejected.  Press <b>FF/Load</b> to feed paper to the top of form position.
LF	Line feed	Press <b>LF</b> to feed paper forward by one line.
Park	Unload forms	Press <b>Park</b> to retract continuous forms to the "park position."
LF + FF/LOAD	Enter Top-of-Form (TOF) Adjustment mode	Press LF and FF/LOAD buttons at the same time to enter TOF Adjust- ment mode where the paper loading position can be adjusted.
<b>↑</b>	Increase TOF value by 1/60 inch	Press the $\uparrow$ button to feed paper forward by 1/60 inch in TOF Adjustment mode.
Ψ	Decrease TOF value by 1/60 inch	Press the   button to feed paper backward by 1/60 inch in TOF Adjustment mode.
Exit/Save	Save TOF value	Press Exit/Save to permanently store the TOF position adjusted by the 1 button and the 2 button in TOF Adjustment mode.
Тор	Clear TOF adjustment	Press the Top buttons at the same time to clear the adjusted value and return to the initial state.



Lever/Button	Purpose	Action
Pause	Advance forms to the tear bar when forms are at the Top-of-Form (TOF) position.	Press <b>Pause</b> to advance the forms perforation to the tear bar. Tear off the forms, then press Pause again to return theforms to the previous position.
Paper select lever*	Select paper path	Move the paper select lever forward for single sheets.  Move the paper select lever backward for continuous forms.
Paper thick- ness lever	Adjust for paper thickness or number of copies	Select the number corresponding to the number of copies (including the original). Vary the setting upward or downward (including A to D) to optimize printing. Select D when replacing ribbon or clearing a paper jam.

<sup>\*</sup> The following graphics are engraved on the casing.

•	•	Continuous forms
	<b>5</b> 1	Cut aboata

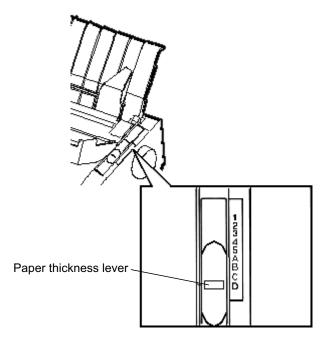


## **Adjusting for Paper Thickness**

The printer can handle paper with different thicknesses, including multipart forms with up to five parts (original plus four copies). For details on paper thickness specifications, see Appendix B, "Printer and Paper Specifications".

The paper thickness lever, located at the top right corner of the printer, allows you to adjust for different paper thicknesses. Be sure to adjust the paper thickness lever whenever you change the number of copies being printed.

The paper thickness lever has nine settings: 1 to 5 and A to D. Use the following table to determine the appropriate setting for your paper; then, move the paper thickness lever to the appropriate position.



Adjusting the Paper Thickness Lever



### **Paper Thickness Lever Positions**

Number of Copies (Including the Original)	Position
1 сору	1
2 copies	2
3 copies	3
4 copies	4
5 copies	5
Ribbon replacement	D

For carbon-interleaved paper, the carbon counts as one copy.

Vary the position upward or downward (including A to D) to optimize printing. Select D when replacing a ribbon or clearing a paper jam. For labels and envelopes, use the trial-and-error approach to determine a satisfactory position.

**CAUTION:** *If printing is poor, the ribbon misfeeds, or the paper jams, move the lever one position higher.* 



## **Using Single Sheets**

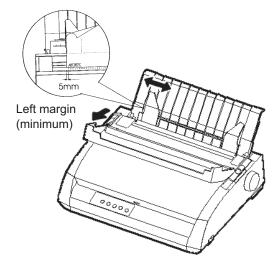
This section describes how to load paper in the cut sheet stand. The cut sheet stand allows paper to be loaded manually, one sheet at a time.

### **Loading a Single Sheet of Paper**

To load a sheet of paper into the cut sheet stand:

- **1.** Make sure that the printer is turned on. Check that rear-fed continuous forms are retracted to the park position. (For details, see the section "Unloading Continuous Forms" later in this chapter.)
- **2.** If necessary, reset the paper thickness lever. (See the section "Adjusting for Paper Thickness" earlier in this chapter.)
- **3.** Move the paper select lever forward. (This lever is at the top left part of the printer.)
- **4.** Raise the cut sheet stand. Position the left paper guide in accordance with the Note below. Note that the movable range of the paper guide is limited.

**NOTE:** Below the left paper guide, the cut sheet stand has a scale graduated in units of 0.1 inch. When the left paper guide is positioned all the way to the right, the left margin is 5 mm (0.2 inch). To help align paper, also use the inchbased ruler on the top cover of the printer. The gradations on the ruler are for 10 columns per inch.



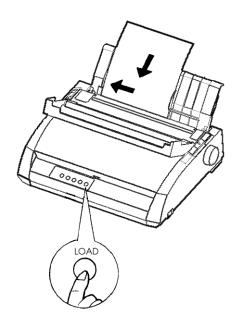
Preparing to load a sheet of paper



**5.** Adjust the right paper guide to the width of paper. Insert the paper into the cut sheet stand. Make sure that the bottom edge of the paper engages snugly with the platen. Thepaper will automatically advance to the top-of-form position if the Single Sheet Load option of the Set-Up mode is set to Automatic.

**NOTE:** The factory setting for the Single Sheet Load option is automatic loading, two seconds after paper detection. If you set this option to manual, you will have to press **FF/Load** to feed the paper.

6. If you want to slightly adjust the Top-of-Form position, the first line on which printing can start, adjust the Top-of-Form position of the paper using control panel buttons. Press the Set-Up/Quit (Pause) button and the two Top buttons at the same time. The M1/M2 indicator flashs alternately with the DEC and PPX24 indicators, indicating Top-of-Form Adjustment mode. Press the ↑ button or the ↓ button. The paper will move forward or backward in 1/60-inch increments. Press the Set-Up/Quit button after adjusting the position. Note that this adjustment is temporarily saved. It will not be active at next power-up of the printer. For permanent adjustment, see the section "Feeding and Positioning Paper" later in this chapter.



Loading a sheet of paper



- **7.** Place the printer in the Ready state. Print a sample page and check the page margins. Make the following adjustments, as necessary:
- Horizontal alignment. Readjust the paper guides if required.
- Top-of-form setting. Use the printer Set-Up mode (see Chapter 5, "Using Set-Up Mode") or the TOF Adjustment mode (see the section "Feeding and Positioning Paper" later in this chapter).
- Margin settings. Use your software or the printer Set-Up mode (see Chapter 5, "Using Set-Up Mode").

### **Ejecting Single Sheets**

If you print using software, each sheet is ejected automatically upon the completion of the page printing. To manually eject sheets of paper:

- Press the FF/Load button to execute a forward form feed.
- Turn the platen knob.



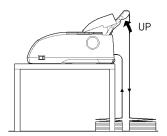
## **Using Continuous Forms**

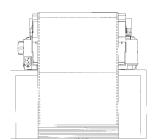
Continuous forms paper, fanfolded at the horizontal perforations, is ideal for printing rough drafts and long files. The paper is fed into the printer using the forms tractors. The forms tractors unit at the rear of the printer pushes paper from the rear to the platen. This is called push-tractor feeding.

### **Positioning the Paper Stack**

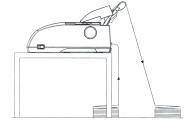
Place the stack of continuous forms paper directly below the rear of the printer. After the paper is installed in the printer, the paper path should look like this:

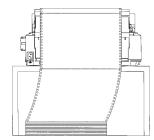
### **Good placement**





### **Bad placement**





Placement of continuous forms

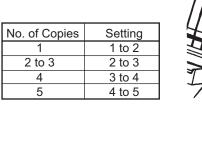


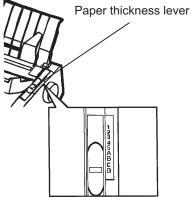
### **Loading Continuous Forms**

This section explains how to use continuous forms. The tractor unit pushes continuous forms.

To load continuous forms paper:

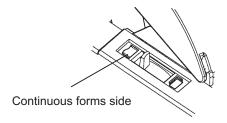
- **1.** Make sure that the printer is turned on. Remove any single-sheet paper from the printer.
- **2.** If necessary, readjust the paper thickness lever for continuous forms. (See the section "Adjusting for Paper Thickness" earlier in this chapter.)





Paper thickness lever setting

**3.** Move the paper select lever to the rear of the printer.

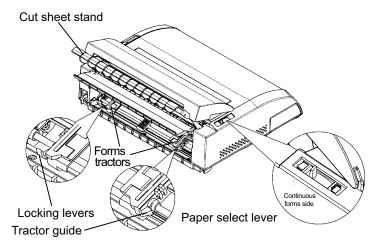


Preparing to load continuous forms paper

**4.** Release the tractor locking levers by pulling them up. Open the tractor paper holders. See the following figure.



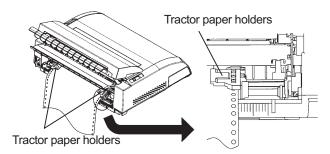
**5.** Position the right tractor (as seen from the rear of the printer). Push the right locking lever down to secure the tractor. Center the middle forms support.



Positioning the tractors

### Adjusting the left margin

Below the right tractor, as seen from the back, there is a tractor guide, short inchbased ruler graduated in 10 columns per inch. Use the ruler to help position the tractor. When the paper edge is positioned to the left most line, the left margin is approximately 12 mm (0.5 inch) including perforation area.

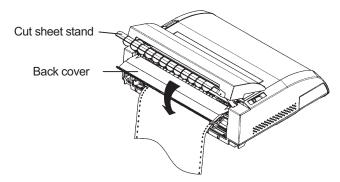


Ajusting the left margin

- **6.** Fit the paper feed holes onto the left and right tractor pins. Adjust the left tractor (as seen from the rear of the printer) to the width of the form. Close the paper holders.
- **7.** Pull the left tractor (as seen from the rear) to stretch the paper taut. Push the left locking lever down to secure the tractor in place.



**8.** Strongly pull the back cover off of the cut sheet stand (in the direction indicated by the arrow) and set it down.



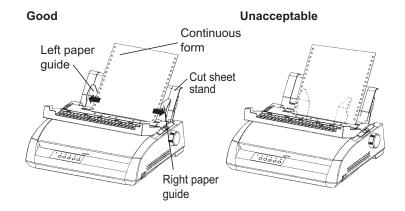
Setting the back cover

- **9.** Install the cut sheet stand. For installation, see the section "Installing the Cut Sheet Stand" in Chapter 2.
- **10.** Press the **FF/Load** button to advance the paper to the top-of-form position. Top-of-form is the first line on which printing can start.
- **11.** Press the ONLINE button to place the printer online. Print a sample page and check the page margins. Make the following adjustments, as necessary:
  - Horizontal alignment. Move the forms tractors as required.
  - Top-of-form setting (see Chapter 5, "Adjusting Top-of-Form Origin").
  - Margin settings. Use your software or the printer setup mode (see Chapter 5, "Using Set-Up Mode").

If the paper cut position and the perforation position do not fit, adjust them by using the following procedure.



**NOTE:** When you use continuous forms, make sure that the edges of both left and right paper guides do not touch the paper. Slide both paper guides flush against the ends of both sides.



Adjustment of the paper guides

### Adjusting the Tear-off position

When the **FF/Load** button is used to advance the paper to cut it, the paper cut position and the perforation position may not match. In such cases, adjust their positions by using the following procedure.

### Adjustment procedure

- 1. Use the **FF/Load** button to advance the paper to its cut position.
- 2. Press Park and FF/Load buttons simultatneously to enter adjustment mode.
- **3.** Adjust the Tear-off position by using the following buttons:
  - ↑ button: Pressing this button once extends the paper feed amount by 1/180 inches.
  - button: Pressing this button once reduces the paper feed amount by 1/180 inches
  - •Exit/Save button: Saves the adjusted value and exits the adjustment mode.
  - •Setup/Quit button: Exits the adjustment mode without saving the adjusted value.

**NOTE:** The adjustment range is plus or minus 63/180 inches (approximately 9 mm). When it is exceeded, an alarm beeps.



## **Unloading Continuous Forms**

To unload continuous forms:

- 1. Make sure that the paper select lever is set to the rear position.
- 2. Press the **Park** button. The continuous forms paper is retracted to the park position. If the paper cannot be retracted in one operation, continue to press the **Park** button until the paper is parked.

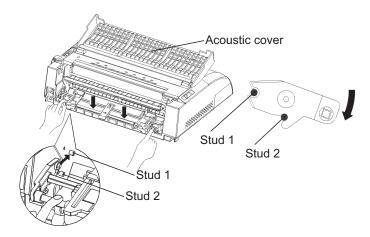
**NOTE:** The printer can retract continuous forms paper a maximum of 55.8 cm (22 inches) per operation.

**3.** To remove the paper, raise the tractor paper holders and lift out the paper.

### **Installing the Tractor Unit**

Install the tractor unit by following the procedure below if it happens to be disengaged from the studs.

- **1.** Turn off the printer.
- **2.** Remove the cut sheet stand and open the acoustic cover.
- **3.** Hook the notch of the tractor unit against stud 1, and then rotate the unit downward so as to set the other notch onto stud 2.



Tractor unit installation



### **Tearing Off Continuous Forms**

Your printer has a special "tear-off edge" that allows you to tear off printed pages without wasting paper. The tear-off edge is located on the ejection cover.

To tear off continuous forms using the tear-off edge:

1. Press the **FF/Load** button. The bottom perforation of the last page advances to the tear-off edge. If you specified TEAR: AUTO using the INSTALL function in setup mode, the paper automatically advances to the tear-off edge at the end of each job (or when the printer has printed all the data received).

**NOTE:** If the bottom perforation of your paper is not positioned at the tear-off edge, the length of your paper may not be specified correctly in your software or the printer setup mode. Check that the paper length is specified correctly. For information on specifying page length using setup mode, see Chapter 5, "Using Set-Up Mode".

**2.** Tear the paper off at the perforation.



Tearing off continuous forms

**3.** Press any button to retract the forms back to the top-of-form position.

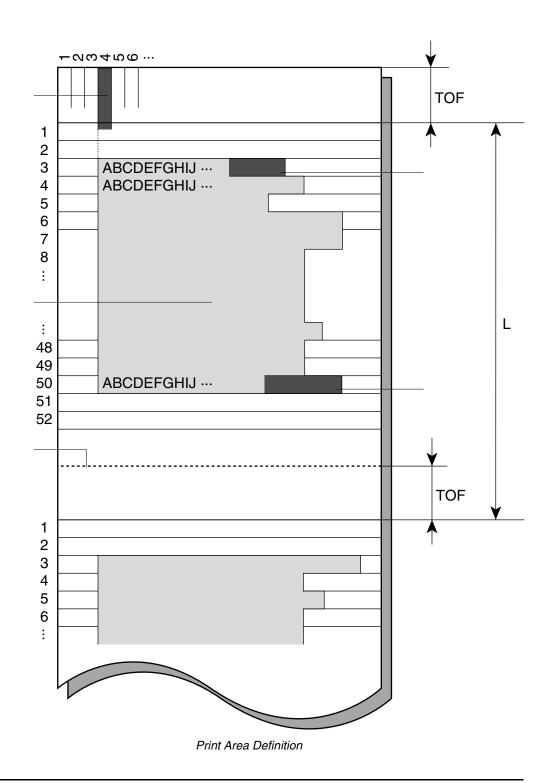


## **Feeding and Positioning Paper**

#### **Print Area Definition**

- **TOF** (Top-of-Form): This value defines the distance between the edge of the paper and the place where you allow the printing to begin (position of line number 1). You can adjust this distance according to the condition of your paper (for example, pre-printed forms). When you load the paper, the printer feeds the paper to this position, waiting for printing commands.
- L (Form Length): Set the corresponding Set-Up option (FORM LENGH) according to the actual physical page length (distance between two perforations for continuous forms). This will allow the printer to know exactly where the print head is and to position it at the same position when a form feed occurs.
- **Top line 1**: This is the line where the printing actually starts. To define a top margin, select the number of this line within Set-Up mode (TOP MRGN option). Example: In the following picture, TOP MRGN option is set to 3.
- **Bottom line 2**: This is the line where the printing actually stops. To define a bottom margin, select the number of this line within Set-Up mode (BOTTOM MRG option). Example: In the following picture, BOTTOM MRG option is set to 50.
- Left column 3: This is the column where the printing actually starts. To define a left margin, select the number of this column within Set-Up mode (LEFT MARGN option). Example: In the following picture, LEFT MARGN option is set to 4.
- **Print area 4**: Print area defined by the corresponding Set-Up options: Form Length, Top-of-Form, Top Margin, and Bottom Margin.
- **Paper perforation 5**: The perforation defines the physical page length.







#### Line Feed/Form Feed

Use the line feed/form feed function to move paper forward. This function is valid whenever the printer is not receiving or printing data and has no fault. Pressing the **LF** button advances the paper one line. Pressing the **FF/Load** button feeds one sheet of paper.

Except using the **Park** button for unloading paper or using the Top-of-Form Adjustment mode for fine-adjusting the Top-of-Form position, you are not allowed to execute "reverse" feed from the control panel. To feed paper backward, manually rotate the platen knob. Remember that the Top-of-Form will slip from the original setting.

### **Top-of-Form Adjustment**

**NOTE:** For Top-of-Form definition, see the previous section "Print Area Definition".

The Top-of-Form adjustment is available for single sheets or continuous forms fed by the push-tractor. The adjustment is reflected to the Top-of-Form setting of Macro 1 or Macro 2 currently selected from the control panel.

**NOTE:** This adjustment is not available for continuous forms fed by the pull-tractor.

You can adjust the Top-of-Form value within the range from 0 to 99/60 inches.

**NOTE:** The horizontal embossed rib under the red cursor on the print head carriage corresponds to the base line of the characters to be printed.

- **1.** Position the paper at the current Top-of-Form position:
  - For continuous forms, park the paper, then press the FF/LOAD button.
  - For a single sheet, simply insert the sheet in the cut sheet stand. Paper is automatically fed to the Top-of-Form position, if the Set-Up option S-SHEET LD (Single Sheet Load) is set to AUTO. Otherwise, press the FF/LOAD button.
- **2.** Make sure the is in the pause state (Offline). Press the **Pause** button if necessary. Enter the Top-of-Form mode by pressing the **LF** and **FF/LOAD** buttons at the same time. The printer beeps and the M1/M2 indicator flashes alternately with the DEC and PPX24 indicators, indicating the Top-of-Form mode.



- **3.** Adjust the Top-of-Form value:
  - To increase the Top-of-Form value of a 1/60 inch, press the ↑ button. The paper moves forward.

  - To reset the Top-of-Form value to 0, press the **Top** button. The paper moves to the edge of the page (position 0).

**NOTE:** *If you reach the limit of the permitted range, the printer beeps, and the paper stops moving.* 

- **4.** Save the Top-of-Form value:
  - To permanently save the value, press the **Exit/Save** button. The printer returns to Normal mode.
  - To temporarily save the value, press the **Set-Up/Quit** button. The printer returns to Normal mode. (The new value is lost at the next power-off.)

**NOTE:** The use of the  $\uparrow$  and  $\checkmark$  buttons for micro-feeding is available for some cases of software errors (Fault indicator blinking).

**NOTE:** If you want to clear the adjusted TOF position and to return to the initial state, press the **Top** buttons at the same time.



## **Switching Paper Types**

If you have more than one type of job, it is often necessary to switch between continuous forms and single sheets. This section explains how to switch between paper types. It is not necessary to remove the continuous forms paper from the printer.

**CAUTION:** This function is not available for continuous forms paper that is fed by the pull-tractor.

### **Switching from Continuous Forms to Single Sheets (Push-Feed Mode)**

To switch from continuous forms to single sheets:

- **1.** Tear off your printed pages.
- **2.** Retract the forms paper to the park position by pressing the **Park** button. The Fault indicator turns on.

**CAUTION:** Retracting many pages by using the **Park** button without tearing off will cause paper jams. To avoid damage to your printed pages, be sure to tear off the printed pages before retracting the continuous forms paper.

- **3.** Move the paper select lever forward to the single sheet position.
- **4.** Raise the cut sheet stand to the up position. (For details see the section "Using Single Sheets" earlier in this chapter.) Put a sheet of paper on the cut sheet stand with its bottom edge aligned with the platen. The paper automatically advance to the top-of-form position if the option S-SHEET LD (Single Sheet Load) is set to AUTO. Otherwise, press the **FF/LOAD** button to advance the single sheet paper to the top-of-form position.

You are now ready to print using single sheets.

### Switching from Single Sheets to Continuous Forms (Push-Feed Mode)

To switch from single sheets to continuous forms:

- **1.** If a sheet of paper is loaded, remove the paper by turning the platen knob or pressing the **FF/LOAD** button.
- **2.** Move the paper select lever to the rear to the continuous forms position.
- **3.** Press the **FF/LOAD** button. The continuous forms paper advances from the park position to the top-of-form position.

You are now ready to print using continuous forms paper.



## **Tips on Paper Handling**

### **General Tips**

- Use high-quality paper. Do not use paper that is wrinkled or curled at the edges.
- Do not use paper with staples or metal parts.
- Do not use paper with unpredictable variations in thickness, such as paper with partial multilayers, paper with embossed printing, or labels with the backing sheet exposed.
- Store paper in a clean, dry environment.

### **Multipart Forms**

- Avoid using carbon-interleaved single sheets if possible. Printing tends to become misaligned on the bottom sheet.
- Set the paper thickness lever to best accommodate the multipart form thickness.
- To ensure smoother feeding of paper-stapled, multipart forms, raise the cut sheet stand to support the forms.

### **Envelopes**

When printing envelopes, use the cut sheet stand. Note the following:

- Set the paper thickness lever to best accommodate the envelope thickness.
- When loading envelopes, make sure that the envelope flaps face forward. Otherwise, the envelopes may jam in the printer.

#### Labels

- Be careful to check operating conditions when using labels. Labels are sensitive to temperature and humidity.
- Only use labels mounted on continuous forms backing sheets. Do not print labels
  mounted on single sheet backing. Labels mounted on single sheet backing tend to
  slip and printing becomes crooked.
- Do not leave labels loaded in the printer. If labels curl around the platen, jamming may occur when printing is resumed.
- Set the paper thickness lever to best accommodate the label thickness.



• Test-print labels before running a job. If jams occur, set the paper thickness lever to a wider position. If jamming problems continue, try a different type of label.



# **Printing**

This chapter describes the following typical printing operations:

- Selecting print features
- Starting, stopping, or resuming printing and viewing last printed lines
- Removing printed pages

### **Selecting Print Features**

The print features you select determine how your printer interprets commands from the computer and how your printed pages will look. For example, print features include the following:

- Protocol (M1/M2)
- Font.
- Pitch (characters per horizontal inch)
- Line spacing (lines per vertical inch)
- Page length and margins

To select print features, you can use either commercial software or the printer control panel. The method you use depends on the capabilities of your software. If your software has most of the features you require, you may rarely – if ever – have to use the control panel. *In fact, your software mostly overrides the printer settings.* 

If your software has limited options, you can use the printer control panel to select print features. Sometimes, the control panel enables you to select features not available through your software. For example, you can select downloaded fonts not supported by your software.

### **Using Commercial Software**

Many commercial software packages offer a wide variety of print features, including some features that are not supported by this printer. For example, software often provides a wider range of font sizes than the printer can accommodate. Software also allows you to specify multiple fonts on a page. To determine which features your software supports and how to select them, refer to your software documentation.

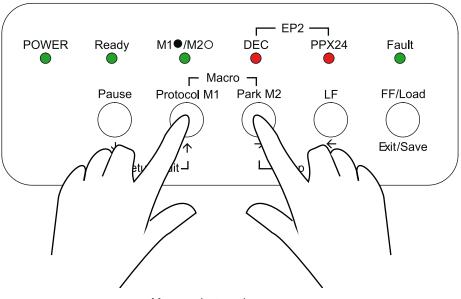


### **Using the Control Panel**

This printer can directly select some print features from the control panel. These features, listed on the control panel, are two predetermined sets (macros) of print features and three protocols. Use the following procedures to select Macros and Protocols:

#### Macrol selection

- 1. Press the **Protocol M1** and the **Park M2** buttons simultaneously to enter Macro selection mode. The **M1/M2** indicator starts blinking.
- 2. Then press within 3 seconds **Protocol M1** button to select macro 1 or **Park M2** button to select macro 2. If macro 1 is selected, the **M1/M2** indicator lights, if macro 2 is selected the **M1/M2** indicator is off



Macro select mode

**3.** Press the Pause button to return the printer to the Ready state. You are ready to print using the selected macro.

**NOTE:** The active Macro at power-off remains active at next power-up.



### Macro 1 and Macro 2 Settings

When you switch from one macro to another, each modification you made using the control panel for the Top-of-Form option or the Protocol option is lost, and the values of these options stored in the new macro become active.

The following tables list default values of options for print features. The former is for options in Macro 1 and Macro 2 and the latter is for options independent of Macro selection.

Print Feature	Factory Settings		
Print reature	Macro 1	Macro 2	
Protocol Protocol serial Protocol parallel Protocol USB	Port dependent DEC PPL2 EPSON-ESC EPSON-ESC	Port dependent DEC PPL2 IBM PPX24 IBM PPX24	
Font Horizontal pitch Vertical pitch	Draft 10 cpi 6 lpi	Draft 10 cpi 6 lpi	
Form length Left margin Top of Form <sup>1</sup> Top margin Bottom margin	11 inches 1 column 0/60 inch 1 line 66 lines	11 inches 1 column 0/60 inch 1 line 66 lines	
Line mode Paper source <sup>2</sup> Print direction	LF = LF, CR = CR Tractor Soft control	LF = LF, CR = CR Tractor Soft control	
DEC defaults DEC printer ID Auto wrap EOT disconnect Initial report Auto answerback Answerback on ENQ DEC G0 character set DEC user preference character set	PPL2 Wrap No disconnect on EOT No No US ASCII DEC Supplemental	PPL2 Wrap No disconnect on EOT No No US ASCII DEC Supplemental	
IBM&Epson Default Character set	CP 437	CP 437	
IBM defaults IBM set 1 or 2 IBM double height IBM AGM	IBM set 1 No No	IBM set 1 No No	



Print Feature	Factory Settings	
Fillit Feature	Macro 1	Macro 2
Epson defaults Epson national character set	USA	USA

<sup>1</sup> When you change the Macro selection and the new Top-of-Form value is different from the former, paper is automatically fed to the next page, using the new Top-of-Form value.

**NOTE:** You cannot attempt to change the Macro selection when the printer is printing, even if you switch to the Pause state.

<sup>2</sup> When you change the Macro selection and the paper source selection is different, the printer automatically parks the continuous forms (in Push-Feed mode only) or ejects the cut sheet. The Fault indicator blinks, indicating you should change the position of thepaper select lever.



## **Installation Settings**

Print Feature	Factory Settings
Language	English
Tear	Auto, 1 second
Single sheet loading	Auto, 2 second
Error beep	One
Buffer	64 Kbytes
Interface type	Automatic sense
Auto interface switch time	2 seconds
Baud rate	9600 bps
Bits and parity	8 bits and none
Buffer control	XON/XOFF
Disconnected on fault	No
Area control	No
Gather control	No
Tear off control	Speed
Skip control	Yes

## **Adjustments Settings**

Print Feature	Factory Settings
Fanfold adjust (continuous forms)	0/60 inch
Manual adjust (single sheets)	0/60 inch
Reserved 1	0/60 inch
Reserved 2	0/60 inch
Manual adjust 2	0/30 inch
Fanfold adjust 2	0/30 inch
Fanfold adjust 3	0/30 inch
Reserved 3	0/30 inch

## **Menu Access Settings**

Print Feature	Factory Settings
Menu access	All functions allowed



### **Changing the Protocol**

When you first turn the printer on, the active protocol depends on what port will be used for printing.

For Macro 1: If you use the serial port, the active protocol will be the DEC protocol.

If you use the parallel port, the active protocol will be the Epson protocol.

If you use the USB port, the active protocol will be the Epson protocol.

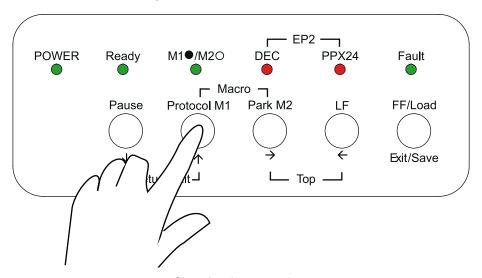
• For Macro 2: If you use the serial port, the active protocol will be the DEC protocol

If you use the parallel port, the active protocol will be the IBM protocol.

If you use the USB port, the active protocol will be the IBM protocol.

This printer has three protocols and allows you to set the protocol mode in one of the following three ways: the printer engages one of the three protocols, automatically determines the active protocol, or assigns different protocols for parallel, serial or USB interfaces.

To change the protocol: Repeatedly press the **Protocol** button. The DEC and PPX24 indicators turn on and off. The combination of lighted indicators shows the protocol mode selected, according to the next table.



Changing the protocol



Indicator Status	Active Protocol
DEC lit	DEC ANSI protocol is active
PPX24 lit	IBM Proprinter X24E/XL24E protocol is active
Both indicatorts lit	Epson ESC/P2 protocol is active
Flashing alternately	According to Set-Up settings, the printer waits for data to switch to a proper protocol.



## **Starting or Stopping Printing**

### **Starting Printing**

Before you start to print, make sure that paper is loaded. Also, verify that the paper thickness lever is set to the appropriate position (1 to **D**).

To start printing, make sure that the Ready indicator is lit (the printer is ready). If not so, press the **Pause** button to place the printer in the Ready state. Then start your software.

### **Stopping and Viewing Printing**

To stop printing, press the Pause button to place the printer in the Pause state. The printer stops after printing the current and next lines. You can also use your software to stop printing, but there will be a slight delay before printing stops. After the printer enters the Pause state, it still receives data until the print buffer becomes full of new data. The data in the print buffer will be lost if you turn the printer off.

When the printer stops printing, the paper is advanced to the viewing position so that you can view the last printed lines. This function is valid for single sheets and continuous forms in push-tractor feed mode but not valid for continuous forms in pull-tractor feed mode

### **Resuming Printing**

To resume printing, press the Pause button again. If the paper is advanced for viewing, it is backed to the previous position before printing. To cancel printing, use the cancel commands provided by your software or computer. To clear the print buffer, turn the printer off. Any data sent to the print buffer before you canceled printing will be lost.

### **Resuming from a Paper-Out**

The printer can "sense" when paper runs out. The printer stops printing and lights the Fault indicator. To resume printing when paper runs out, follow the procedures described below:

- 1. Install paper on the forms tractor unit or on the cut sheet stand as described in Chapter 2, "Setting up the printer".
- 2. To load the first sheet of paper, press the **FF/LOAD** button for continuous forms. Single sheets are automatically loaded unless you change the factory setting. The Fault indicator will turn off and the printer resumes printing.



**CAUTION:** For continuous forms paper, the page where printing stopped and the page where printing resumes may be incorrectly printed. In this case, wait for the entire job to finish printing. Then reprint the incorrect pages.



## **Removing Printed Pages**

This section describes the best methods for removing single sheets or continuous forms paper after printing.

### **Removing Single Sheets**

When you print using software, the printer automatically ejects each sheet of paper when the end of the printed page is reached. To eject sheets manually:

• Press the FF/Load button to execute a form feed.

### **Removing Continuous Forms**

To avoid wasting paper when removing printed continuous forms paper, use the printer's tear-off function.

Depending on the TEAR option value of the Set-Up, the printer automatically feeds the paper so that the perforation faces the tear bar. Tear the paper off. The paper will automatically return to the Top-of-Form position when the printer receives data to print.

If you have set the TEAR option to MANUAL, you have to press the Pause button to move the paper to the tear bar, and then to return the paper to the Top-of-Form position.

**NOTE:** See the section "Tearing Off Continuous Forms" in Chapter 3, "PaperHandling".



# **Using Set-Up Mode**

Your Printer has two operation modes:

- The Normal mode is used for daily operations like paper handling and printing as explained in Chapter 3, "Paper Handling" and Chapter 4 "Printing".
- The Set-Up mode is used to change the printer settings that affect the daily operations.

## What is Set-Up Mode for?

The Set-Up mode allows you:

- To define the two user environments, Macro 1 and Macro 2, which prepare two
  sets of printer operating environments for your application software. Printer operating environments include the protocol, font, horizontal and vertical pitches,
  page length and margins, line mode, and printing direction. They also include
  protocol dependent options like the character set.
- To check your settings by printing a list of all the printer's currently selected values.
- To define general installation parameters related to the integration in your environment (e.g., menu language, tear-off control, auto-load control, and interface).
- To fit Top-of-Form adjustments for paper feed control.
- To help diagnose your printer for trouble-shooting by printing test and hexadecimal dumps.
- To recall all the factory settings (including both user environments, installation parameters, and adjustment parameters).
- To define what kind of settings modifications are allowed to avoid accidentally changing of Set-Up values.



## **How Set-Up Works**

The Set-Up mode consists of Set-Up functions which correspond to the printer settings described in the previous page. Each function generally has many options which correspond to the print features to be changed. Each option includes many parameters values to be selected. All the Set-Up functions, options, and values are printed in a logical sequence on the paper when you enter the Set-Up mode, including the usage of buttons. You can perform all the Set-Up operations by using buttons on the control panel in the following order:

- Navigating through the option menu structure.
- Selecting a new value for an option.
- Saving your new printer configuration (permanently or temporarily).

For information on using the printing test and hex dump functions, see the section "Using the Diagnostic Functions" later in this chapter.

## **Entering the Set-Up Mode**

Before entering the Set-Up mode, load continuous feed paper on the tractors as described in the section, "Using Continuous Forms," in Chapter 2. Several sheets of paper may be required to make all of your Set-Up mode selections. Of course, you can use single sheets.

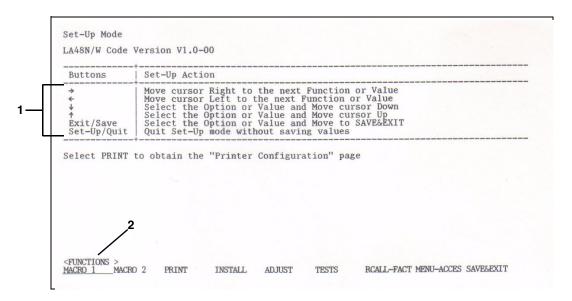
**NOTE:** We recommend the use of the push-tractor mode in order to avoid paper jams.

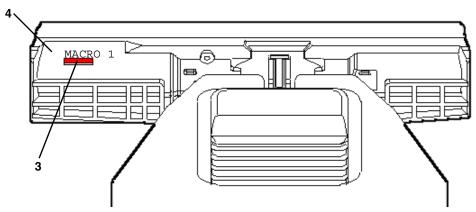
To enter the Set-Up mode:

- **1.** Make sure that the tractors are loaded with continuous feedpaper and that the paper select lever is set backward.
- 2. Turn the printer off.
- **3.** Turn the printer back on while pressing the two Set-Up/Quit buttons until the printer beeps.
- **4.** Open the front cover in order to see the printed text.



**5.** When the printer enters the Set-Up mode, it prints the following information. During the Set-Up mode, the M1/M2 indicator flashes.





Initial printout in setup mode

The initial printout contains a header, help menu **1**, and <FUNCTIONS> menu **2**. The header tells you that the printer is in the Set-Up mode. The help menu provides a quick summary of how to use buttons in the Set-Up mode.

The <FUNCTIONS> menu 2 lists all of the functions available in the Set-Up mode.

Generally speaking, the red cursor **3** on the plastic print guide **4** indicates the function or value to be selected. When entering the Set-Up mode, the red cursor is initially positioned under MACRO 1.



## Overview of the Set-Up Mode

When you enter the Set-Up mode, the following <FUNCTIONS> menu is printed:

<FUNCTIONS>
MACRO 1 MACRO 2 PRINT INSTALL ADJUST TESTS RCALL-FACT MENU-ACCESS SAVE&EXIT

The following table summarizes the purpose of each function.

### **Set-Up Mode Functions**

Function	Purpose
MACRO 1 and MACRO 2	Assigns print features to MACRO 1 and MACRO 2
PRINT	Prints the Printer Configuration
INSTALL	Changes the Set-Up menu language, computer interface, and paper feed control options
ADJUST	Changes the top-of-form fine adjustment options
TESTS	Runs the printing test and hex dumps
RCALL-FACT	Resets factory settings in MACRO 1, MACRO 2, INSTALL and ADJUST
MENU-ACCESS	Restricts access to Set-Up functions from the control panel
SAVE&EXIT	Exits the Set-Up mode and saves any changes made in the Set-Up mode

To select a function from the <FUNCTIONS> menu:

- 1. Repeatedly press the → button or the ← button to position the red cursor on the plastic print guide under the function you require.
- 2. Press the ✓ button or the ↑ button to select the function. If the function has options and values, the printer prints the first option and its values. The MACRO 1, MACRO 2, INSTALL, ADJUST, TESTS, and MENUACCESS functions contain options that have selectable values. The other functions have neither options nor values.



**3.** After selecting the desired values, press the Exit/Save button to reprint the <FUNCTIONS> menu where the red cursor is positioned beneath SAVE&EXIT.

For each option, the bolded value is the current default value (the value currently savedin the printer's permanent memory). In the previous example, the default values are PORT DEPND (Port Dependent) for protocol selection and DRAFT (Draft) for font selection.

### **Example: Changing the Vertical Pitch**

To become familiar with the Set-Up mode, try the following example. This example shows how to change the vertical pitch in Macro 2 from 6 lines per inch to 8 lines per inch.

### 1. Enter the Set-Up mode.

Turn the printer off and back on while pressing the Set-Up/Quit button until the printer beeps.

#### 2. Select the Macro 2 function.

Wait for the printer to stop printing and press the  $\rightarrow$  button once to position the red cursor on the plastic guide of the print head under MACRO 2. Press the  $\uparrow$  button or the  $\checkmark$  button to select the Macro 2 function and print the <PROTO-COL> option and its values.

#### 3. Print the menu of the vertical pitch option.

Since you only want to change the vertical pitch, press the  $\checkmark$  button to select the current protocol. Bolded PORT DEPND is underlined, and the next option <PRTCL SERL> is printed. (The bolded value indicates the current setting, and the underlined value is the new setting.) Repeatedly press the  $\checkmark$  button in the same way until the <VERT PITCH> option and its values are printed.

### 4. Change the vertical pitch from 6 to 8 lines per inch.

Press the → button once to position the red cursor beneath 8 LPI. Press the ↓ button to select 8 LPI. 8 LPI is underlined, and the next option, <HORZ PITCH>, and its values are printed.

#### 5. Exit the Macro 2 function.

Since you do not want to make any other changes in MACRO 2, press the **Exit/Save** button. The <FUNCTIONS> menu is then reprinted, and the red cursor is positioned beneath SAVE&EXIT.



### 6. Exit the Set-Up mode, saving or not saving the new vertical pitch.

Press the  $\checkmark$  button or the  $\uparrow$  button to save 8 lines per inch as the new power-on default in Macro 2, and then exit Macro 2. The printer exits the Set-Up mode and returns to the Ready state. These settings remain in effect until the next time they are changed.

Press the **Set-Up/Quit** button if you do not intend to save these settings in Macro 2.



### **Options with Undetermined Values**

For some options, you can choose among a continuous range of many values. These options are identified as follows:

- <XXX-No of INCH>, which means the unit of the range is the Inch.
- <XXX-No of COLM>, which means the unit of the range is the Column.
- <XXX-No of LINE>, which means the unit of the range is the Line.

When you select such an option, only the current value is printed. The numeric range of these respective options are from 1 to 256, from 0 to 255, or from 0 to 99.

To select such a value:

- 1. Press the → button or the ← button (the printer beeps) as many times as you decrease from or increase to the current value. If you change the value by a wide margin, you can keep the button pressed continuously; the printer beeps at intervals of 0.2 seconds. The number of beeps corresponds to the number of times you press the button.
- **2.** When you stop pressing the button, the new value is printed to the right of the current value
- **3.** If this new value is not satisfactory, repeat step 1 until the next new value is satisfactory.

### Range Management for a Wide Range of Values

The permitted range of these values may be limited as to physical range.

If you intend to change to a value which is outside of the permitted physical range, the actual current value will be the highest possible value considering other Set-Up dependent values and may not match the value displayed.

See the Options tables to ascertain the permitted range.

# **Example: Changing the Left Margin**

This example shows how to change the left margin in Macro 2 from column 1 to column 20.

### 1. Enter the Set-Up mode.

Turn the printer off and back on while pressing the Set-Up/Quit button until the printer beeps.



#### 2. Select the Macro 2 function.

Wait for the printer to stop printing. Then press the → button once to position the red cursor on the plastic guide of the print head under MACRO 2. Press the ↓ button or the ↑ button to select the Macro 2 function and print the <PROTO-COL> option and its values.

#### 3. Print the menu of the left margin option.

Since you only want to change the left margin, press the  $\checkmark$  button to select the current protocol. The bolded PORT DEPND is underlined, and the next option <PRTCL SERL> is printed. (The bolded value indicates the current setting, and the underlined value is the new setting.) Repeatedly press the  $\checkmark$  button until the <LEFT MARGN> option and its value are printed.

#### 4. Change the left margin from column 1 to column 20.

Press and hold the  $\rightarrow$  button until the printer beeps nineteen times. When the button is released, the new value is printed next to the current value. If the new value is not 20 COL, repeat this operation. If it is 20 COL, press thebutton to select 20 COL. 20 COL is underlined, and the next option, <TOP OF FRM>, and its value are printed.

#### 5. Exit the Macro 2 function.

Since you do not want to make any other changes in MACRO 2, press the **Exit/Save** button. The <FUNCTIONS> menu is then reprinted, and the red cursor is positioned beneath SAVE&EXIT.

### 6. Exit the Set-Up mode, saving or not saving the new left margin.

Press the  $\checkmark$  button or the  $\uparrow$  button to save 20 columns as the new power-on default in Macro 2 and exit Macro 2. The printer then exits the Set-Up mode and returns to the Ready state. These settings remain in effect until the next time they are changed.

Press the **Set-Up/Quit** button if you do not intend saving these settings in Macro 2.

### **Options with Both Pre-determined and Undetermined Values**

Some options include both types of values. Undetermined values appear at the end of the list of pre-determined values, identified by the unit of the corresponding range.

For example, when you select the <FORM LENGH> option (Form Length), the following menu is printed:

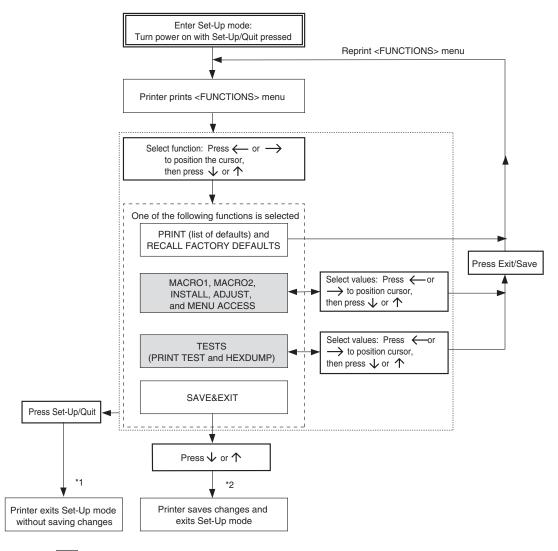
```
<FORM LENGH>
3   INCHES 3.5 INCHES 4   INCHES 5.5 INCHES 6   INCHES 7   INCHES 8   INCHES
8.5 INCHES 11   INCHES
11   2/3INCH 12   INCHES 14   INCHES 15   INCHES No of LINE
```



- **1.** Select the No of LINE value. A new option menu with undetermined values is printed.
- **2.** Change the value according to the previous procedure.

The chart on the next page summarizes how to select options such as protocol and font and how to use the functions that do not have options.





- : Functions having options and/or values
  - \*1 Changes are valid, but will be lost at next power-off.
  - \*2 Changes will remain valid at next power-on.



#### Points to Remember

- We recommend that you use continuous forms paper for printing in the Set-Up mode because the output will exceed a single page. To load paper, use the FF/Load button. To adjust the line position of the paper in the Set-Up mode, use the platen knob.
- Whenever you enter the Set-Up mode, short help menus are printed at the top of the page. Help menus are also printed when you select the TESTS function. Use the help menus for quick reference while in the Set-Up mode.
- When printing the options and values for each function, you can move either forward or backward in the option list. To move forward (print the next option), press the 

  button. To move backward (print the previous option), press the ↑ button. You can skip printing the value list for the undesired options by pressing and holding down these buttons.
- While in the <FUNCTIONS> menu or when selecting a function that contains options and selectable values, press the Exit/Save button to reprint the <FUNCTIONS> menu. In this case, the red cursor is positioned beneath SAVE&EXIT.
- A bolded (overprinted) value indicates that it is the current setting. An underlined value indicates a selected setting.
- While in the Set-Up mode, you can use the PRINT function to print out a list of the currently selected values. (See the next section for details.)
- To exit the Set-Up mode and permanently save your changes, select the SAVE&EXIT function. For details, see the section "Save Settings and Exit Set-up mode" later in this chapter.
- To exit the Set-Up mode and temporarily use your changes, press the Set-Up/
  Quit button. Your previous power-on settings will be active when you turn the
  printer on again.



# **Printing the Printer Configuration**

The PRINT function prints a list of all the printer's currently selected values. This function is useful for checking the printer settings when you first enter the Set-Up mode or just before you exit. To print a list of values, first load continuous forms paper, and then enter the Set-Up mode to select the PRINT function. The printer starts to print a list of the currently selected values. The pre-selected factory settings are shown on the next page.

When the printer finishes printing the list of values, it reprints the <FUNCTIONS> menu

**CAUTION:** To remove the printout, turn the platen knob until the paper can be torn off at the perforation. In the Set-Up mode, you cannot use the printer tear-off feature (**Pause** button).

Select another function or exit the Set-Up mode, saving any changes you made. For details about other functions, see the other sections in this chapter. To exit the Set-Up mode and save your changes, make sure that the red cursor is positioned beneath SAVE&EXIT, then press the  $\checkmark$  button or the  $\uparrow$  button.



#### Printer Configuration

LA48N/W Code Version V1.3-00

#### MACRO 1

#### MACRO 2

	_	140,000	
Options	Value	Options	Value
PROTOCOL PRTCL SERL PRTCL PARL	PORT DEPND DEC PPL2	PROTOCOL PRTCL SERL	PORT DEPND
PRTCL USB	EPSON-ESCP	PRTCL PARL PRTCL USB FONT	IBM PPX24
FONT HORZ PITCH	DRAFT	FONT HORZ PITCH	DRAFT
VERT PITCH	6 LPI	VERT PITCH	6 LPI
FORM LENGH LEFT MARGN	11 INCHES	FORM LENGH LEFT MARGN	11 INCHES
LEFT MARGN	1 COL	LEFT MARGN	1 COL
TOP OF FRM	8 IN 0 /60 IN 1 LINES 66 LINES LF=LFCR=CR TRACTOR SOFT CNTRL	FORM WIDTH	0 /60 TN
TOP MRGN	1 LINES	TOP MRGN	1 LINES
BOTTOM MRG	66 LINES	BOTTOM MRG	66 LINES
LINE MODE	LF=LFCR=CR	LINE MODE	LF=LFCR=CR
PAPER SRC	TRACTOR	PAPER SRC	TRACTOR
PRINT DIR	SOFT CNTRL	PRINT DIR	SOFT CNTRL
<dec de<="" td=""><td>FLTS&gt;</td><td><pre></pre></td><td>FLTS&gt;</td></dec>	FLTS>	<pre></pre>	FLTS>
DEC PRT ID	PPL2	DEC PRT ID	PPL2
AUTO WRAP			
EOT DISCON	NO DISCON	EOT DISCON	NO DISCON
AUTO ANSBK	NO	AUTO ANGRE	NO
ANSWER ENO	NO	ANSWER ENO	NO
DEC GO CST	US ASCII	DEC GO CST	US ASCII
USER PREF	WRAP NO DISCON NO NO NO US ASCII D-SUPPL	USER PREF	D-SUPPL
<ibm&ep< td=""><td>CON</td><td><pre></pre></td><td>CON</td></ibm&ep<>	CON	<pre></pre>	CON
DEFLT SET	CP 437	DEFLT SET	CP 437
<ibm de<="" td=""><td>FLTS&gt; IBM SET 1</td><td><ibm de<="" td=""><td>FLTS&gt;</td></ibm></td></ibm>	FLTS> IBM SET 1	<ibm de<="" td=""><td>FLTS&gt;</td></ibm>	FLTS>
I-SET 1/2 I-DBL HIGT	IBM SET 1	I-SET 1/2	IBM SET 1
IBM AGM	NO	I-DBL HIGT IBM AGM	NO
12.1 11011		IDN AGN	140
< EPSON	DFLT>	< EPSON	DFLT>
E-CHR SET	USA	E-CHR SET	USA
INSTAL	L	ADJUST	

#### INSTALL

Options	Value
LANGUAGE	ENGLISH
TEAR	AUTO 1 SEC
S-SHEET LD	AUTO 2 SEC
ERROR BEEP	ONE
BUFFER	64 KBYTE
I/F TYPE	AUTO
AUTO SW	2 SEC
BAUD RATE	9600 BPS
BIT&PARITY	8 NONE
BUFFER CTL	XON/XOFF
DISC FAULT	NO
AREA CTL	NO
GATHER CTL	NO
TEROFF CTL	SPEED
SKIP CTL	YES

#### ADJUST

Option	ns	Va	lue	
FNFOLI		0	,	IN
MNUAL RESVD	ADJ	0 0	,	IN
RESVD	2	0	/60	IN
MNUAL	ADJ2	0/	360	
FNFLD			360	
FNFLD		0/	360	
RESVD		0/	360	

#### MENU-ACCES

Options	Value
MENU-ACCES	ALL FUNC



## **Deciding Which Options to Change**

The previous page shows a printout of the printer's factory settings. In this printout, options are listed by functional group:

- MACRO 1 and MACRO 2 functions
- INSTALL function
- ADJUST function
- MENU-ACCES function

Most selectable values only alter print features such as the type style and page format. Some values must be selected correctly for the printer to work properly with your hardware and software, however. For each function, the following table lists options whose values must be selected correctly for your system and printer.

### **Required Options**

Function	Option	Value
MACRO 1 MACRO 2	PROTOCOL	The protocol selected on the printer must be the same as the protocol selected in your software. If you selected a protocol when you set up the printer, you do not need to change the PROTOCOL option unless you want to change to a different protocol. For MACRO 1, the factory setting is PORT DEPND (Port Dependent). This means that the active protocol depends on which port is actually used by the printer. The protocol for the serial port (PRTCL SERL) is factory set to DEC PPL2, and the protocol for the parallel port (PRTCL PARL) is factory set to EPSON-ESCP. For MACRO 2, the factory setting is also PORT DEPND. The protocol for the serial port (PRTCL SERL) is also set to DEC PPL2, but the protocol for the parallel port (PRTCL PARL) is factory set to IBM PPX24. See the section "Changing Macro 1 and Macro 2 Options" later in this chapter.



Function	Option	Value
ADJUST	FNFOLD ADJ MANUAL ADJ	You can separately adjust the origin of the Top-of-Form for both continuous forms and single sheets. See the section "Adjusting Top-of-Form Origin" later in this chapter.
INSTALL	BAUD RATE BIT&PARITY BUFFER CTL DISC FAULT	If you have a serial interface, the serial interface options selected on the printer must be the same as the settings you selected using your software or your computer operating system. If the settings are not the same, the printer will not print or will print garbage.  See the section "Changing Install Options" later in this chapter.
TESTS	None	See the section "Using the Diagnostic Functions" later in this chapter.
MENU-ACCES	None	You can inhibit the Set-Up functions from being accessed from the control panel.

### **Changing Macro 1 and Macro 2 Options**

The MACRO 1 and MACRO 2 functions allow you to use two sets of different print options according to your application software. You can easily switch between MACRO 1 and MACRO 2 in Normal mode as described in Chapter 4, "Printing".

With the factory setting, MACRO 1 is invoked when you first turn on the printer. The Macro selection change is permanently retained in the printer.

Select the same protocol on the printer as is selected in your software. If the protocols are not the same, the printer will not work correctly with your software. If you plan to use two different protocols on a regular basis, assign the most frequently used protocol to MACRO 1. Assign the second protocol to MACRO 2. All of the other settings available for MACRO 1 and MACRO 2 are optional. Some of the options and values will vary with the protocol.

To determine which features your software supports, refer to your software documentation.

The following table describes the MACRO 1 and MACRO 2 options and values. Both functions offer the same options and values. The options in the table are listed in the order in which they are printed. Not all options are defined for all protocols, and some values vary with the protocol.



The procedure for changing the MACRO 1 and MACRO 2 options are presented in the previous sections of this chapter.

### **Macro 1 and Macro 2 Options and Values**

- Overprinted values are the factory settings.
- Some settings are overridden by commands from the computer.
- Options that differ by protocol are described at the end of the table.

Macro1/Macro 2	Values	Description
<protocol></protocol>		Select the same protocol as that selected by your software.
	DEC PPL2	DEC PPL2 printers
	IBM PPX24	<ul><li>IBM Proprinter X24E printers (LA48N)</li><li>IBM Proprinter XL24E printers (LA48W)</li></ul>
	EPSON ESCP	Epson printers using the ESC/P2 protocol
	AUTO	The printer automatically senses the active protocol. This is useful when you use various applications in a DOS or network environment and cannot determine the protocol. The efficiency of this function relies on the recognition of control sequences that are protocol specific. If such control sequences are not detected in the data string received, the printer may fail to determine the proper protocol, providing an unexpected result.
	PORT DEPND	The printer selects a protocol according to the active interface (parallel, serial or USB). See the next options.
<prtcl serl=""> (Protocol Serial)</prtcl>		Select a protocol for the serial interface. This is invalid and skipped when PORT DEPND is not selected for the <protocol> option.</protocol>
(i rotocoi Serial)	DEC PPL2	DEC PPL2 printers (factory setting for Macro 1 and Macro 2).
	IBM PPX24	<ul><li>IBM Proprinter X24E printers (LA48N)</li><li>IBM Proprinter XL24E printers (LA48W)</li></ul>
	EPSON ESCP	Epson printers using the ESC/P2 protocol.



Macro1/Macro 2	Values	Description
<prtcl parl=""> (Protocol Parallel)</prtcl>		Select a protocol for the parallel interface. This is invalid and skipped when PORT DEPND is not selected for the <protocol> option.</protocol>
	DEC PPL2	DEC PPL2 printers
	IBM PPX24	<ul> <li>IBM Proprinter X24E printers (LA48N)</li> <li>IBM Proprinter XL24E printers (LA48W)</li> <li>(Either is selected as factory setting for Macro 2.)</li> </ul>
	EPSON ESCP	Epson printers using the ESC/P2 protocol. (Factorysetting for Macro 1.)
<prtcl usb=""> (Protocol USB)</prtcl>		Select a protocol for the USB interface. This is invalid and skipped when PORT DEPND is not selected for the <protocol> option.</protocol>
	DEC PPL2	DEC PPL2 printers
	IBM PPX24	<ul> <li>IBM Proprinter X24E printers (LA48N)</li> <li>IBM Proprinter XL24E printers (LA48W)</li> <li>(Either is selected as factory setting for Macro 2.)</li> </ul>
	EPSON ESCP	Epson printers using the ESC/P2 protocol. (Factorysetting for Macro 1.)



Macro1/Macro 2	Values	Description
<font></font>		Select a font to be active when the power is turned on. For fixed-spaced fonts, be sure to change the horizontal pitch as well.
	DRAFT	Draft font (lower resolution than letter quality, 3 times the speed of letter quality)
	HSDRAFT	High-impact draft font (lower resolution than lette rquality, 1.5 times the speed of letter quality with high copying capability)
	PICA	Pica 10 font
	COURIER	Courier 10 font
	PRESTIGE	Prestige 12 font
	COMPRESSED	Compressed 17 font
	BOLDFACE	Boldface PS font
	TIMELESS	Timeless PS font
	NIMBUS-SAN	Nimbus-Sans PS font
	OCR A	OCR A 10 font
	OCR B	OCR B 10 font
<horz pitch=""> (Horizontal Pitch)</horz>	## CPI	<b>10</b> , 12, 13.2, 15, 16.5, 17, 18, or 20 (characters per horizontal inch)
<vert pitch=""> (Vertical Pitch)</vert>	## LPI	2, 3, 4, <b>6</b> , 8, or 12 (lines per vertical inch)
	## LPCM	1, 2, or 4 (lines per centimeter)
<form lengh=""></form>		Specify the length of the page in inches or by the number of lines per page.
	## INCHES	3, 3.5, 4, 5.5, 6, 7, 8, 8.5, <b>11</b> (Letter size), 11 2/3 (A4 size), 12, 14, or 15
	No of LINE	1 to 256 ( <b>66</b> ) Number of lines per page
<left margn=""></left>		Specify the left margin by the number of the left column (see "Print Area Definition" in Chapter 3, "Paper Handling").
	No of COLM	1 to 256 Number of the left column



Macro1/Macro 2	Values	Description
<form width=""></form>		For LA48W only. Specify the physical right margin.
	8 IN 13.2 IN <b>13.6 IN</b>	8-inch page width 13.2-inch page width 13.6-inch page width
<top frm="" of=""> (Top-of-Form)</top>		Specify the top of form in 1/60 inches (see "Print Area Definition" in Chapter 3, "Paper Handling").
<top mrgn=""></top>	## /60 IN	<b>0</b> to 99 Number of 1/60 inches
(Top Margin)	## LINES	1 to 256 Number of the top line
<bottom mrg=""> (Bottom Margin)</bottom>		Specify the number of the bottom line (see "Print Area Definition" in Chapter 3, "Paper Handling").
	## LINES	1 to 256 ( <b>66</b> ) Number of the bottom line
<line mode=""></line>		Specify the effect of LF (Line Feed) and CR (Carriage Return) codes.
	LF = LF CR = CR LF = LF+CR CR = LF+CR	CR=CR: No line feed is added to a carriage return. CR=LF+CR: A line feed is added to each carriage return. LF=LF: No carriage return is added to a line feed. LF=LF+CR: A carriage return is added to each line feed.
<paper src=""> (Paper Source)</paper>		Specify the paper input source. This setting is valid immediately after powering on. After that, the paper source follows the setting of the paper select lever.
	TRACTOR	Continuous forms selected
	MANUAL	Single sheets selected
	RESVD 1	Reserved
	RESVD 2	Reserved
	RESVD 1/2	Reserved



Macro1/Macro 2	Values	Description
<print dir=""> (Print Direction)</print>	UNIDIR	Unidirectional printing. Unidirectional printing is used for printing that needs precise vertical alignment. Unidirectional printing is slower than bidirectional printing.
	BIDIR	Bidirectional printing. The printer prints in either direction while seeking the next print direction for a shorter print time. The unidirectional command is ignored.
	SOFT CNTRL (Software Control)	The print direction follows a command from the computer. If no command is sent, print direction is bidirectional.
<dec deflts=""> (DEC Defaults)</dec>		The following are the Set-Up options for the DEC PPL2 protocol only.
<dec id="" prt=""> (DEC Printer ID)</dec>	PPL2 LA50 ID LA120 ID LA210 ID	Specify the printer ID to be given in response to DA commands from the computer.
<auto wrap=""></auto>	TRUNCATE	Characters are received but not stored in the print buffer.
	WRAP	End-of-line wrap. Causes a Carriage Return plus a Line Feed.
<eot discon=""> (End of Transmission Disconnect)</eot>		Specify whether the DSR signal is controlled by the EOT character (DEC-423 serial interface only).
	NO DISCON	EOT character is ignored.
	DISCONNECT	DTR signal turns low for five seconds when the EOT character is detected.
<init reprt=""> (Initialization Report)</init>		Specify whether the status is sent to the computer when the printer is turned on (DEC-423 serial interface only).
	NO	Status is not sent.
	YES	Status is sent.



Macro1/Macro 2	Values	Description
<auto ansbk=""> (Automatic ANSWERBACK)</auto>		Specify whether the ANSWERBACK message is sent to the computer when printer is turned on.
	NO	ANSWERBACK message is not sent.
	YES	ANSWERBACK message is sent.
<answer enq=""> (ANSWERBACK on ENQ)</answer>		Specify whether the ANSWERBACK message is sent to the computer when printer receives an ENQ code.
	NO	ANSWERBACK message is not sent.
	YES	ANSWERBACK message is sent.



Macro1/Macro 2	Values	Description
<dec cst="" g0=""></dec>		Select a character set (language) for the G0.
	US ASCII	American English
	BRITISH	British English
	D-FINNISH	DEC Finnish
	FRENCH	French
	D-FRENCH-C	DEC French-Canada
	GERMAN	German
	I-ITALIAN	ISO Italian
	J-ROMAN	JIS Roman
	D-NORW/DAN	DEC Norwegian/Danish
	I-SPANISH	ISO Spanish
	D-SWEDISH	DEC Swedish
	NORW/DAN	Norwegian/Danish
	D-DUTCH	DEC Dutch
	D-SWISS	DEC Swiss
	D-PORTGU	DEC Portuguese
	LEGAL	Legal
	D-SUPPL	DEC Supplemental
	D-GRAPHICS	DEC Special Graphics
	D-TECH	DEC Technical
	D-7 HEBREW	DEC 7-bit Hebrew
	D-HEBREW-S	DEC Hebrew Supplement
	D-GREEK-S	DEC Greek Supplement
	D-7 TURKI	DEC 7-bit Turkish
	D-TURKI-S	DEC Turkish Supplement
	J-KATAKANA	JIS Katakana
	1	



Macro1/Macro 2	Values	Description
<user pref=""> (User Preference)</user>		Select a character set (language) for the DEC User Preference supplement.
	D-SUPPL	DEC Supplemental
	D-GRAPHICS	DEC Special Graphics
	D-TECH	DEC Technical
	D-7 HEBREW	DEC 7-bit Hebrew
	D-HEBREW-S	DEC Hebrew Supplement
	D-GREEK-S	DEC Greek Supplement
	D-7 TURKI	DEC 7-bit Turkish
	D-TURKI-S	DEC Turkish Supplement
	J-KATAKANA	JIS Katakana
	I-LATIN 1	ISO Latin 1
	I-LATIN 2	ISO Latin 2
	I-LATIN 5	ISO Latin 5
	I-LATIN 9	ISO Latin 9
	I-LATIN HB	ISO Latin Hebrew
	I-LATIN GK	ISO Latin Greek
	I-CYRILLIC	ISO Cyrillic
<ibm&epson></ibm&epson>		The following are the Set-Up options common to IBM Proprinter X24E and XL24E protocol and Epson ESC/P2 protocol.
<deflt set=""></deflt>		Select a basic code page.
(Default Character	CP 210	CodePage 210
Set)	CP 220	CodePage 220
	CP437	CodePage 437
	CP 850	CodePage 850
	CP 851	CodePage 851
	CP 852	CodePage 852
	CP 857	CodePage 857
	CP 858	CodePage 858
	CP 860	CodePage 860
	CP 862	CodePage 862
	CP 863	CodePage 863
	CP 865	CodePage 865



Macro1/Macro 2	Values	Description
	CP 866	CodePage 866
	CP DHN	CodePage DHN
	TURKEY	Turkish
	ECMA 94	ECMA 94
	ISO LATIN1	ISO Latin 1
	ISO LATIN2	ISO Latin 2
	ISO LATIN9	ISO Latin 9
	HUNGARY	Hungarian
	SLOVENY	Slovenian
	POLAND	Polish
	MAZOWIA	Mazowian
	KAMENIC	Kamenicky
	CYRILLIC	Cyrillic
	ELOT927	ELOT 927
	ELOT928	ELOT 928
	LTN POLISH	Latin Polish
	LITHUANY 1	Lithuanian 1
	LITHUANY 2	Lithuanian 2
	MIK	MIK
	MACEDONIAN	Macedonian
<ibm deflts=""> (IBM Defaults)</ibm>		The following are the Set-Up options for the IBM Proprinter X24E or XL24E protocol only.
<i-set 1="" 2=""> (IBM Set 1/2)</i-set>		Specify a character set of the IBM Proprinter X24E or XL24E.
	IBM SET 1	IBM character set 1
	IBM SET 2	IBM character set 2
<i-dbl higt=""> (IBM Double Height)</i-dbl>		Specify whether the character height is doubled. If specified, change the vertical pitch also.
	NO	The base of line spacing is 1/72 inch or 1/216 inch.
	YES	The base of line spacing is 1/60 inch or 1/180 inch.



Macro1/Macro 2	Values	Description
<epson dflt=""> (Epson Defaults)</epson>		The following are the Set-Up options for the Epson ESC/P2 protocol only.
<e-chr set=""></e-chr>		Select a national character set.
(Epson Character-	USA	American English
Set)	FRANCE	French
	GERMANY	German
	UK	British English
	DENMARK1	Danish 1
	SWEDEN	Swedish
	ITALY	Italian
	SPAIN 1	Spanish 1
	JAPAN	Japanese
	NORWAY	Norwegian
	DENMARK2	Danish 2
	SPAIN 2	Spanish 2
	LATIN AM	Latin American
	KOREA	Korea
	LEGAL	Legal

### **Changing Install Options**

The INSTALL function defines the printer's installation conditions. You can select a language from five that are used to print menu functions and options during the Set-Up operation. You can adjust the start timing of auto loading or auto tear-off feeding. You can also change the operation of the error beep or allocation of the input buffer. If you are using the RS232 serial interface, you must set the serial interface options properly for the printer to function correctly with your system hardware.

The following table describes the INSTALL options and values. Options are listed in the order in which they are printed. The procedure for changing the INSTALL options is detailed in the early sections of this chapter.



# **Install Options and Values**

Overprinted values are the factory settings.

Install Options	Values	Description	
<language></language>		Specify a language to be used to print the Set- Up menu functions and options.	
	ENGLISH	English	
	DEUTSCH	German	
	ESPANOL	Spanish	
	FRANCAIS	French	
	ITALIANO	Italian	
<tear></tear>		Specify the (auto) start timing of tear off feeding.	
	AUTO 1 SEC	1 second after data stops from the computer	
	AUTO 2 SEC	2 second after data stops from the computer	
	AUTO 3 SEC	3 second after data stops from the computer	
	AUTO 4 SEC	4 second after data stops from the computer	
	AUTO 5 SEC	5 second after data stops from the computer	
	MANUAL	Feed the paper for tear-off when the Pause button is pressed.	
	NO TEAR	Tear off feeding is inhibited under any conditions. Specify this setting for labels that tend to peel off during backward feeding.	
<s-sheet ld=""> (Single Sheet-</s-sheet>		Specify the (auto) start timing of single sheet loading.	
Load)	AUTO 1 SEC	1 second after a single sheet is set on the platen	
	AUTO 2 SEC	2 second after a single sheet is set on the platen	
	AUTO 3 SEC	3 second after a single sheet is set on the platen	
	AUTO 4 SEC	4 second after a single sheet is set on the platen	
	AUTO 5 SEC	5 second after a single sheet is set on the platen	
	MANUAL	Load a single sheet when the FF/Load button is pressed.	



Install Options	Values	Description
<error beep=""></error>		Enable or disable the printer status buzzer when a fault condition occurs.
	ONE	One beep for a period of about 500 ms
	CONTINUOUS	Buzzer on until the fault condition is cleared
	OFF	Buzzer off under any condition
<buffer></buffer>		Assign buffer memory as the input buffer.
	2 KBYTE	2 Kbytes
	8 KBYTE	8 Kbytes
	16 KBYTE	16 Kbytes
	32 KBYTE	32 Kbytes
	64 KBYTE	64 Kbytes
		NOTE: The larger the input buffer selected, the smaller the download buffer becomes. Even with 64K bytes of input buffer, a minimal download buffer is provided. If you need a larger capacity for downloading fonts, reduce the input buffer.
<i f="" type=""></i>		Select the type of interface to the computer.
(Interface Type)	PARALLEL	Centronics parallel interface
	SERIAL	RS232 serial interface
	USB	USB interface
	AUTO	All interfaces are ready for communication. The printer communicates with the interface from which it first receives data. The interface is active until the input buffer becomes empty.
		NOTE: The interface which is not installed (serial or USB) is shaded out in the menu printout.



Install Options	Values	Description
<auto sw=""> (Auto Switch)</auto>		Specify the timing of regarding the selected protocol or interface as being inactive when AUTO is specified in the <protocol> or <i f="" type=""> option.</i></protocol>
	2 SEC	2 seconds elapsed after data stops from the computer
	4 SEC	4 seconds elapsed after data stops from the computer
	6 SEC	6 seconds elapsed after data stops from the computer
	8 SEC	8 seconds elapsed after data stops from the computer
	10 SEC	10 seconds elapsed after data stops from the computer
	12 SEC	12 seconds elapsed after data stops from the computer
	14 SEC	14 seconds elapsed after data stops from the computer
	16 SEC	16 seconds elapsed after data stops from the computer
	18 SEC	18 seconds elapsed after data stops from the computer
	20 SEC	20 seconds elapsed after data stops from the computer
<baud rate=""></baud>		Setting of data transmission speed for the serial interface. The baud rate is in bps (bits per second). Select the same baud rate as that used by your computer or modem.
	600 BPS	
	1200 BPS	
	2400 BPS	
	4800 BPS	
	9600 BPS	
	19200 BPS	



Install Options	Values	Description	
<bit&parity></bit&parity>		Setting of data format for the serial interface	
		Number of data bits	Parity bit
	7 EVEN	7	Even
	7 ODD	7	Odd
	7 SPACE	7	Space *
	7 MARK	7	Mark *
	8 EVEN	8	Even
	8 ODD	8	Odd
	8 NONE	8	None
		* The mark is logical 1. The s	pace is logical 0.
<buffer ctl=""> (Buffer Control)</buffer>		Setting of data transmiss the serial interface.	sion buffer control for
	DTR	The Data Terminal Ready signal is used.	
	XON/XOF	The DC1 and DC3 codes are used.	
<disc fault=""> (Disconnect on</disc>		Specify the disconnect control of the interface when a fault condition occurs.	
Fault)	NO	DTR is kept as it was.	
	DROP DTR	DTR is turned low and fi	xed.
	PULSE DTR	DTR is turned low for fiv returned to the original s	
<area ctl=""/> (Area control)		Specifies the detection of the right and left edge. In case of YES print data on the left and the right of the edges will be cut.	
	YES	Detect the right and left	edge.
	NO	Does not detect the righ	t and left edge.
<gather ctl=""></gather>	YES	Control gathering	
(Gather control)	NO	Does not control gatheri	ng.
<teroff ctl=""></teroff>	PRCISIN	Backward with precision	
(Tear off control)	SPEED	Backward fast.	
<skip ctl=""></skip>	YES	Do skip.	
(Skip control	NO	Do not skip.	



### **Adjusting Top-of-Form Origin**

Print positions often change gradually when you use the printer over long periods of time. The ADJUST function allows you to adjust these positions by fine-tuning the Top-of-Form origin.

The following table describes the ADJUST options and values. Options are listed in the order they are printed.

### **Adjust Options and Values**

Overprinted values are the factory settings.

Adjust Options	Values	Description
<fnfold adj=""> (Fanfold Adjustment)</fnfold>		Adjust the Top-of-Form origin for continuous forms in increments of 1/60 inch (0.42 mm) from the physical top of the page.
	##/60 IN	-10 to 10 ( <b>0</b> ) Number of 1/60 inches
<mnual adj=""> (Manual Adjustment)</mnual>		Adjust the Top-of-Form origin for single sheets in increments of 1/60 inch (0.42 mm) from the physical top of the page.
	##/60 IN	-10 to 10 ( <b>0</b> ) Number of 1/60 inches
<resvd 1=""></resvd>		Reserved
<resvd 2=""></resvd>		Reserved
<mnual adj2=""></mnual>	-21/360 -14/360 -7/360 0/360 7/360 14/360 21/360	Accumlative LF adjustment for Cut Sheet
	GRAPHIC	



Adjust Options	Values	Description
<fnfld adj2=""></fnfld>	-28/360	Accumlative LF adjustment for Continuous
	-21/360	Form
	-14/360	
	-7/360	
	0/360	
	7/360	
	14/360	
	21/360	
	28/360	
	GRAPHIC	
<fnfld adj3=""></fnfld>	-21/360	Accumlative LF adjustment for Continuous
	-14/360	Form (Last page)
	-7/360	
	0/360	
	7/360	
	14/360	
	21/360	
	GRAPHIC	
<resvd3></resvd3>		Reserved

# **Changing Menu Access Options**

You can restrict the access to the Set-Up functions to avoid accidentally changing the Set-Up options.



# **Menu Access Option and Values**

Overprinted values are the factory settings.

Menu Access Options	Values	Description
<menu-acces></menu-acces>		Specify the type of access to the Set-Up functions from the control panel or from the <functions> menu.</functions>
	ALL FUNC	All functions are accessible.
	MACRO ONLY	Only MACRO 1 and MACRO 2 functions are accessible from the <functions> menu.</functions>
	NO ACCESS	Set-Up mode is inaccessible.
	NO PANEL	Font, Macro, and Protocol buttons are disabled even in Normal mode. Set-Up mode is also inaccessible.
		NOTE: You can return to the All Functions Accessible mode by turning the printer on while pressing the <b>Pause</b> , <b>Park</b> and <b>LF</b> buttons at the same time. The printer enters the Set-Up mode with this operation.



### Save Settings and Exit Set-up mode

This section describes how to exit the Set-Up mode while saving any changes you have made.

To exit the Set-Up mode with the settings saved, first select the SAVE&EXIT function and then press the  $\checkmark$  button or the  $\uparrow$  button.

Any settings changed while in the Set-Up mode are saved as the new power-on defaults for the printer. The new defaults remain active until you change them again.

**CAUTION:** To temporarily use your changes, press the **Set-Up/Quit** button. These changes are lost at the next power-off.

### **Recall Factory Settings**

Factory settings are those settings preselected at the factory. To recall (reset) the factory Recalling Factory Settings

Factory settings are those settings preselected at the factory. To recall (reset) the factory settings, select the RCALL-FACT function and press the  $\checkmark$  button or the  $\uparrow$  button.

Options under the MACRO, INSTALL, and ADJUST functions are all initialized to the factory settings.



### **Using the Diagnostic Functions**

The TESTS function allows you to diagnose the printer with the following two functions:

- PRINT-T (printing test)
- HEX-DUMP (hex dump)

These functions are used for checking print quality and diagnosing printer problems. Hex dump also provides useful information for programmers. There are other options in the TESTS function, but they are restricted to the use of service personnel.

### **Printing Test**

The printing test function prints test pages independently of your computer to check printing operations and quality. It does not check the interface between the computer and the printer.

The printing test prints all of the characters available in the ASCII character set. For color printers with a color ribbon, printing occurs in four colors.

To start the printing test, make sure that continuous forms paper is loaded into the printer. Enter the Set-Up mode, and follow these steps:

#### 1. Start the printing test (select the PRINT-T option).

Check that the red cursor is located under PRINT-T, and then press the  $\checkmark$  button or the  $\uparrow$  button. The printer selects (underlines) PRINT-T and starts printing. A short help menu is printed at the top of the page. Note that the printer is not ready for the computer during this printing test.

#### 2. Exit the printing test.

Exit the printing test in either of the following ways after printing a dozen lines:

- •To exit the printing test and return to the <TESTS> menu, press the  $\checkmark$  button or the  $\uparrow$  button.
- •To exit the printing test and return to the <FUNCTIONS> menu, press the Exit/Save button.
- •To exit the printing test and return to the Normal mode (Ready), press the **Set-Up/Quit** button. The printer temporarily saves any changes made while in the Set-Up mode and then returns to the Ready state.

#### 3. Examine the test page.



#### **Hex Dump Mode**

The Hex Dump mode prints data and commands in hexadecimal characters and abbreviated control codes. The ASCII characters are used for printing. No characters are printed for hexadecimal codes 7F to FF. The Hex Dump mode is useful for checking whether your computer is sending the correct commands to the printer and whether the printer is executing the commands correctly. It is also useful for debugging software programs.

To start the Hex Dump mode, make sure that continuous forms paper is loaded into the printer. Enter the Set-Up mode and follow these steps:

#### 1. Start the Hex Dump mode (select the HEX-DUMP option).

Repeatedly press the  $\rightarrow$  button to position the red cursor under HEX-DUMP, and then press the  $\checkmark$  button or the  $\uparrow$  button. The printer selects (underlines) HEX-DUMP, enters the Ready state and prints a header at the top of the page.

**NOTE:** You cannot switch back to Set-Up mode from Hex Dump mode. Do not change any value before entering Hex Dump mode because your changes will be lost

#### 2. Print the hex dump.

To start hex dump printing, send your file or program to the printer. The printer goes online and prints the hex dump. Press the **Pause** button to pause and resume printing in Hex Dump mode. To resume hex dump printing, press the **Pause** button again.

To print another hex dump, send another file to the printer.

#### 3. Exit the Hex Dump mode.

Turn the printer off to exit the Hex Dump mode.

**CAUTION:** If you change any settings in the Set-Up mode before starting the Hex Dump mode, these changes will be lost.



```
*** Hex dump printing ***
Page 1
          0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F
    01
         48 65 78 20 64 75 6D 70 20 70 72 69 6E 74 69 6E
                                                                Hex dump printin
         67 2E OD OA OD OA 98 3F 32 37 68 41 42 43 44 45
                                                                g.§⊨S⊧.?27hABCDE
    02
         46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F 50 51 52 53 54 55
                                                                FGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU
    03
         56 57 58 59 5A 0D 0A 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79
                                                                VWXYZ≨⊨abcdefghi
                                                                jklmnopqrstuvwxy
         7A OD OA 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 OD OA 98
                                                                z§ $ 0123456789§ $ .
                                                                ! p
```

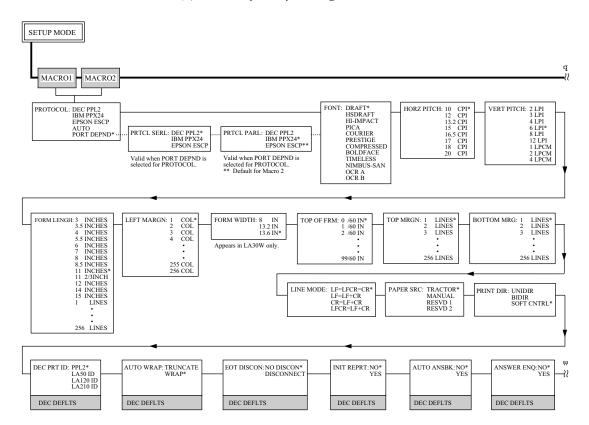
Sample Hex Dump



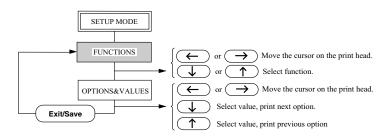
# **Set-Up Mode Quick Reference**

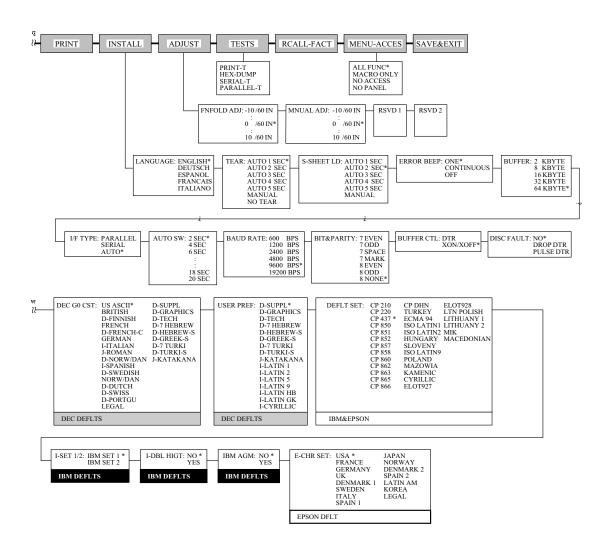
The following flowchart shows how the Set-Up mode is organized.

**NOTE:** Asterisks (\*) indicate factory settings.











# **Maintenance**

Your printer requires very little care. Occasional cleaning and replacement of the ribbon cartridge are all that is required.

Lubrication of the printer is not usually necessary. If the print head carriage does not move smoothly back and forth, clean the printer in the manner described in this chapter. If the problem continues, contact your dealer to determine whether lubrication may be necessary.

# Cleaning

The front and back covers and the acoustic cover of the printer help protect it against dust, dirt, and other contaminants. However, paper produces small particles that accumulate inside the printer. This section explains how to clean and vacuum the printer and how to clean the platen.

It is easier to clean the printer when the front cover, the cut sheet stand, and the back cover are removed

### **Cleaning and Vacuuming the Printer**

If the print head carriage does not move smoothly back and forth or paper particles have accumulated in the printer, clean the printer.

WARNING: To avoid any possibility of injury, before cleaning the printer, turn off the power to both the printer and the computer, and unplug the printer.

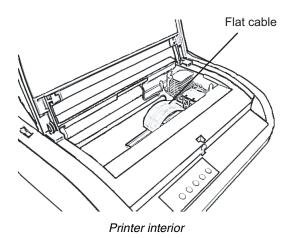
To clean and vacuum the printer:

- 1. Remove any paper from the printer. Make sure that the power is off, and then disconnect the printer power cord.
- **2.** Using a soft vacuum brush, vacuum the exterior of the printer. Be sure to vacuum the air vents at the right and left sides of the printer. Also vacuum the cut sheet stand.
- **3.** Use a soft, damp cloth to wipe the exterior of the printer, including the covers. A mild detergent may be used.



# WARNING: Do not use solvents, kerosene, or abrasive cleaning materials that may damage the printer.

**4.** Open the front cover of the printer and remove the ribbon cartridge. Using a soft vacuum brush, gently vacuum the platen, print head carriage, and surrounding areas. You can easily slide the print head to the left or right when the power is off. Be careful not to press too hard on the flat ribbon cable that extends from the print head carriage.



- **5.** Re-install the ribbon cartridge. Close the front cover.
- **6.** Open the ejection cover. Vacuum the rollers, paper entry slot, and surrounding areas.
- **7.** Raise the cut sheet stand and the back cover. Vacuum the forms tractors and surrounding areas.

### Cleaning the Platen

Clean the platen about once a month to remove excess ink. Use the platen cleaner recommended by your supplier and proceed as follows:

**1.** Apply a small amount of platen cleaner to a soft cloth. Avoid spilling platen cleaner inside the printer.

**CAUTION:** Do not use alcohol to clean the platen. Alcohol may cause the rubber to harden.

- **2.** Place the cloth against the platen and manually rotate the platen knob.
- **3.** To dry the platen, place a dry cloth against the platen and manually rotate the platen knob.



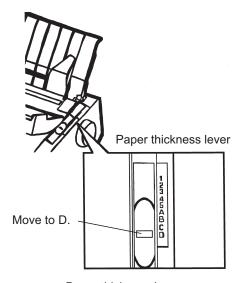
# Replacing the ribbon

To replace the ribbon cartridge:

- 1. Turn off the printer.
- **2.** Open the front cover of the printer. For easy installation, slide the print head carriage to a position where it does not face a roller.

**CAUTION:** *The print head may be hot if you have been printing recently.* 

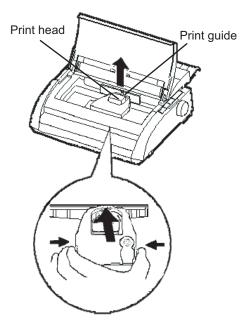
**3.** Move the paper thickness lever to position D.



Paper thickness lever

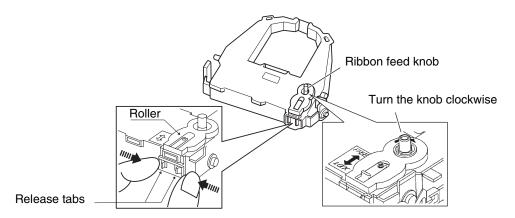


**4.** To remove the ribbon cartridge, press the ribbon release levers located on either side of the cartridge and carefully lift the cartridge out of the printer.



Removing the ribbon cartridge

**5.** Using the procedure below, release the roller from the LOCK position and turn the ribbon feed knob clockwise to take up any ribbon slack. Push in the gray ribbon release tabs on the side of the ribbon cartridge to release them, and slide the roller from the LOCK position to the FREE position.

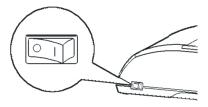


Preparing the ribbon cartridge

**CAUTION:** *Do not turn the ribbon feed knob in counterclockwise direction.* 

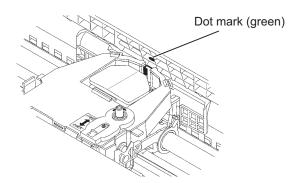


**6.** Verify that the power to the printer is off. (Make sure that the circle mark on the power switch is pressed.)



Printer must be off

- **7.** Move the paper thickness lever to the D position.
- 8. Open the front cover.
- **9.** Align the print head position with the dot mark (green) on the printer ejection cover.

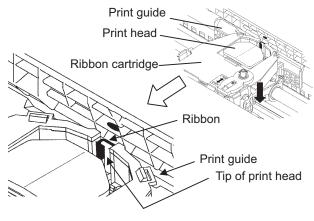


Aligning the print head position

WARNING: Avoid touching the print head while using or immediately after using the printer, as doing so may lead to burns. Wait until the print head cools down before touching it.



**10.** Thread the ribbon between the print head and the print guide, then gently press down on the ribbon cartridge against the printer until it clicks into place. (Make sure that the ribbon feed knob is facing upward.)



Installing the ribbon

- **11.** Turn the ribbon feed knob clockwise to take up any ribbon slack.
- **12.** Move the paper thickness lever back to its original position. For single sheet printing, the correct position is 1. The section "Paper Thickness Lever Positions" in Chapter 3 gives other paper thickness lever settings.
- **13.** Close the front cover of the printer.



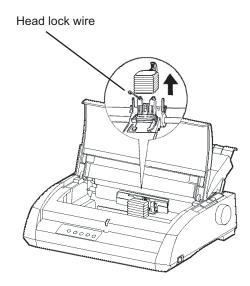
## **Replacing the Print Head**

The print head is easy to replace.

**CAUTION:** The print head may be hot if you have been printing recently.

To remove the print head:

- **1.** Turn off the printer.
- **2.** Open the front cover of the printer and remove the ribbon cartridge.
- **3.** Pull the right end of the head lock wire forward to release it from the hook at the right of the print head carriage. Then release the wire from the center hook.
- **4.** Remove the print head from the connector on the carriage, as shown in the figure below.



Replacing the print head

To install the print head:

- **1.** Carefully fit the mounting guide grooves of the print head on the locating studs on the carriage.
- 2. Push the print head into the connector and hook the wire into place in the reverse order of removal





## **Trouble-Shooting**

Your printer is extremely reliable, but occasional problems may occur. You can solve many of these problems yourself, using this chapter. If you encounter problems that you cannot resolve, contact your dealer or service for assistance.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- Solving problems
- Diagnostic functions
- Getting help

## **Solving Problems**

The tables in this section describe common printer problems and their solutions. The following types of problems are considered:

- Print quality problems
- Paper handling problems
- Operating problems
- Printer failures

## **Print Quality Problems**

Poor print quality or other printing problems are often caused by incorrect printer setup or incorrect software settings. A gradual decrease in print quality usually indicates a worn ribbon. The following table identifies common print quality problems and suggests solutions.



Problem	Solution	
Printing is too light or too dark.	Make sure that the ribbon cartridge is properly installed and that the ribbon feeds smoothly.	
	Make sure that the ribbon cartridge properly installed and that the ribbon feeds smoothly. Make sure that the paper thickness lever is set for the thickness of your paper. See "Paper Thickness Lever Positions" in Chapter 3.	
	Check ribbon wear. Replace the ribbon if necessary.	
Stains or smudges appear on the page.	Make sure that the paper thickness lever is set for the thickness of your paper. See "Paper Thickness Lever Positions" in Chapter 3.	
	Check ribbon wear. Replace the ribbon if necessary.	
	Check whether the tip of the print head is dirty. Clean the head with a soft cloth if necessary. For removing the print head, see the section "Replacing the Print Head" in Chapter 6.	
The page is blank.	Make sure that the ribbon cartridge is properly installed. See the section "Installing the Ribbon Cartridge" in Chapter 2.	
Printing is erratic or the wrong characters are printed. Many "?" or unexpected characters are	Make sure that the interface cable is securely connected to both the printer and computer. See the section "Connecting the printer to your computer" in Chapter 2.	
printed.	Make sure that the printer protocol selected in your software is the same as the protocol selected on the printer.	
	If you are using an serial interface, make sure that the serial settings required by your software or computer are the same as the settings on the printer. See the section "Changing Install Options" in Chapter 5.	
	If the PROTOCOL option is set to AUTO, the printer may not detect the proper protocol. Force this option according to your needs. See the section "Changing Macro 1 and Macro 2 Options" in Chapter 5.	



Problem	Solution	
Printing is vertically mis- aligned (jagged).	Use the printer's vertical alignment function to check the vertical print alignment. If necessary, adjust the print alignment. See the section "Checking Vertical Alignment" in this chapter.	
The top margin is wrong.	<ul> <li>The top margin is the sum of the printer's top-of-form setting, the software-specified top margin, and the printer's TOP-MRGN setting. Proceed as follows:</li> <li>Make sure that the top-of-form setting is correct. The factory default is 0 mm (0 inch). See the section "Adjusting Top-of-Form Origin" in Chapter 5.</li> </ul>	
	Check the software-specified top margin. Refer to your software documentation.	
	Check the printer's TOP-MRGN setting. See the section "Changing Macro 1 and Macro 2 Options" in Chapter 5.	
Lines are double spaced instead of single spaced.	Check the line spacing setting in your software.  Change the LINE MODE setting in the printer Set- Up mode to LF=LFCR=CR. See the section "Changing Macro 1 and Macro 2 Options" in Chapter 5.	
The printer overprints on the same line.	Change the LINE MODE setting in the printer Set- Upmode to CR=LF+CR. See the section "Changing Macro 1 and Macro 2 Options" in Chapter 5.	
The next print line starts where the previous line ended instead of at the left margin.	Change the LINE MODE setting in the printer Set- Upmode to LF=LF+CR. See the section "Changing Macro 1 and Macro 2 Options" in Chapter 5.	
The printer overprints on the same line while the next print line starts where the previous line ended instead of at the left margin.	Change the LINE MODE setting in the printer Set- Upmode to LFCR=LF+CR. See the section "Chang- ing Macro 1 and Macro 2 Options" in Chapter 5.	



## **Paper Handling Problems and Solutions**

The following table describes common paper handling problems and suggests solutions. See Chapter 3, "Paper Handling" for detailed procedures on loading and using paper.

Problem	Solution	
Paper cannot be loaded or fed.	Make sure that the paper select lever located on the top left of the printer is set correctly. Move the lever backward for continuous forms or forward for single sheets.	
	Make sure that the paper covers the paper-out sensor, (i.e., the left paper edge is within 52 mm for single sheets or 41 mm for continuous forms from the left edge of the platen.) This problem cannot occur if you use the forms tractor unit or insert a single sheet with its left edge in contact with the left paper guide.	
	Make sure that the tractor unit is correctly installed and that the tractor shaft gear engages the platen shaft gear. If you are using the tractor unit for rear feeding, open the front cover and make sure that the second stud from the left on the printer bottom frame projects outward.	
Paper jams while loading.	Turn off the printer and remove the jammed paper. Remove any obstructions from the paper path.	
	Make sure that the paper thickness lever is set for the thickness of your paper. See the section "Paper Thickness Lever Positions" in Chapter 3.	
	Make sure that the left and right tractors are set so that the continuous forms are stretched taut. See the section "Using Continuous Forms" in Chapter 3.	
Paper jams while printing.	Turn off the printer and remove the jammed paper. Remove any obstructions from the paper path.	
	Make sure that the paper thickness lever is set for the thickness of your paper. See the section "Paper Thickness Lever Positions" in Chapter 3.	
	For continuous forms, make sure that the incoming and outgoing paper stacks are correctly placed. Paper should feed straight. See the section "Positioning the Paper Stack" in Chapter 3.	



Problem	Solution
Paper slips off the forms tractors or the perforated holes of the paper tear during printing.	Make sure that the forms tractors are positioned correctly for the width of your paper and that the perforated holes of the paper fit directly over the tractor sprockets. See the section "Using Continuous Forms" in Chapter 3.



## **Operating Problems and Solutions**

The following table identifies common operating problems and suggests solutions. If you cannot resolve a problem, contact your dealer or service

Problem	Solution	
The power does not turn on.	Make sure that the "I" on the printer power switch is depressed.	
	Make sure that the power cord is securely connected to both the printer and the outlet. Make sure that the power outlet is functional.	
	Turn the power off. Wait a minute and then turn the printer on again. If the printer still has no power, contact your dealer or service.	
The printer is on but it will not print.	Make sure that the Ready indicator is lit. See the section "Operations of the control panel" in Chapter 2.	
	Make sure that the interface cable is securely connected to both the printer and the computer. See the section "Connecting the printer to your computer" in Chapter 2.	
	If the Fault indicator is lit, load the paper. See the Chapter 3, "Paper Handling".	
	Run the printer printing test. If the printing test executes normally, the problem is being caused by the interface, the computer, incorrect printer settings, or incorrect software settings. See the section "Printing Test" in Chapter 5.	
	Make sure that the printer protocol selected in your software is the same as the protocol selected on the printer. See the section "Connecting the printer to your computer" in Chapter 2.	
	If you are using an serial interface, make sure that the serial settings required by your software or computer are the same as the settings on the printer. See the section "Changing Install Options" in Chapter 5.	



#### **Printer Failures**

A user cannot generally resolve a problem involving defective printer hardware. On detecting a fatal error, the printer will:

- Stop printing
- Beep four times if it is not disabled by the Set-Up mode
- Turn the Online indicator off
- Blink the Paper Out indicator (with a fault indicator lit indicating the error type).

The following errors cause the printer to turn off the power:

- Print head error
- Print head carriage motor
- Line feed motor error
- +34 V overvoltage error

No error condition is displayed if any of these errors occurs.

Turn the printer off and back on, then rerun the same job to check if the error was transient. If the error recurs, contact your dealer or service.



## **Diagnostic Functions**

The printer diagnostic functions are print-test and hex-dump.

- Print-test tells you whether the printer hardware is functioning correctly. It prints
  the print-test pattern. If the printer hardware is functional, any problems you are
  having are probably caused by incorrect printer settings, incorrect software settings, the interface, or the computer.
- Hex-dump allows you to determine whether the computer is sending the correct commands to the printer, and whether the printer is executing the commands correctly. This function is useful to programmers or others who understand how to interpret hex dumps.

For details on using these functions, all of which are available in the printer Set-Up mode, see the section "Using the Diagnostic Functions" in Chapter 5.

Besides the above functions, the serial interface loopback test and the parallel interface loopback test are provided in the printer Set-Up mode. These tests are for service engineers.

## **Checking Vertical Alignment**

In bidirectional printing, characters printed from left to right tend to misalign with characters printed from right to left as shown below:

```
This example shows how printing looks when characters are vertically misaligned. Note that the left margin is not straight.
```

The vertical alignment function corrects the vertical character displacement that sometimes occurs with bidirectional printing and results in a poor appearance especially in printing tables. This function is defined as one of the power-on initiated test functions. If you notice misaligned printing, start this function to check and correct the vertical print alignment.

Make sure that continuous forms paper or single sheet paper is loaded in the printer. If possible, use forms at least 216 mm (8.5 inches) wide for LA48N or 356 mm (14 inches) wide for LA48W to avoid printing on the platen. Then proceed as follows:

### 1. Start the vertical alignment test.

Turn the printer on while pressing the **Protocol** button until the printer beeps. The printer prints the help menu and then starts printing rows of parallel bars at Letter quality speed.



**NOTE:** Do not press any buttons alone or in combination except for pressing the **Protocol** or the **Set-Up/Quit** button alone when turning the printer on, to avoid initiating unexpected tests not permitted for the user.

### 2. Adjust the vertical print alignment at Letter quality speed.

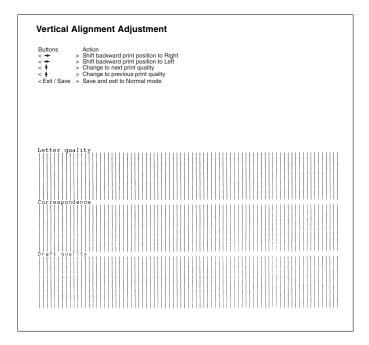
Examine the parallel bars. If the bars are aligned (not jagged), go to step 3. If the bars are offset, repeatedly press the  $\rightarrow$  button or the  $\leftarrow$  button until the bars are aligned.



# 3. Adjust the vertical print alignment at Correspondence and Draft quality speed.

Press the → button and the ← button to switch Letter quality to Correspondence and Draft quality.

Examine the parallel bars and adjust the vertical print alignment as described in step 2.



Vertical Alignment



## 4. Exit the vertical alignment function.

Press the **Exit/Save** button to save the new vertical alignment settings and exit the vertical alignment function.

**NOTE:** To exit the vertical alignment function without saving changes, turn the printer off.



A

## **Supplies**

This appendix lists the accessories and options available for the printer. Contact your dealer for information on ordering any of these items.

## **Supplies**

Supplies	Order Number
Black ribbon cartridge	043837
Print head	Contact your dealer





## **Printer and Paper Specifications**

This appendix provides the physical, functional, and performance specifications for the printer. It also contains detailed paper specifications.

## **Physical Specifications**

	LA48N	LA48W
Dimensions Height Width Depth	120 mm (4.72 inch) 415 mm (16.3 inch) 330 mm (13.0 inch)	120 mm (4.72 inch) 570 mm (22.5 inch) 330 mm (13.0 inch)
Weight approximately	7.3 kg (16 lb)	9.7 kg (21.4 lb)
AC power requirements Low Voltage High Voltage	100 to 120 VAC ±10%; 50/60 Hz 220 to 240 VAC -10%, +6%; 50/60 Hz	
Power consumption Operating Standby	90 W 10 W	90 W 28 W
Heat generation	251.2 KJ/H (average)	
Interface	Centronics parallel and RS-232C serial Centronics parallel and USB Optional LAN Ethernet pocket interface	
Data buffer size	2 Kbytes, 8 Kbytes, 16 Kbytes, 32 Kbytes, 64 Kbytes	
Download buffer	Maximum 64 Kbytes (64 minus data buffer size)	
Operating environment	5 to 38°C (41 to 100°F) 30% to 80% RH (no condensation) Wetbulb temperature, less than 29°C (84°F)	
Storage environment	-15 to 60°C (-4 to 140°F) 10% to 95% RH (no condensation)	
Acoustic noise	Average 49 dBA when printing in letter quality ISO 7779 (Bystander Position Front)	



## **Functional Specifications**

	LA48N	LA48W
Print method	Impact dot matrix with a 0.2 mm, 24-wire head	
Character cell Letter (10 cpi) Letter (12 cpi) High-impact draft Correspondence Draft High-speed draft	Horizontal x vertical 36 x 24 dots 30 x 24 dots 24 x 24 dots 18 x 24 dots 12 x 24 dots 9 x 24 dots	
Paper handling Cut sheets Continuous forms	Friction or tractors Friction-feed platen Push tractors, rear feed	
Paper type	1-to 5-part side-glued or paper-stapled fanfolded continuous forms or label sheets with sprocket holes 1-to 5-part top-glued cut sheets andenvelopes	
Paper size Cut sheets Width Length Continuous Width Length	102 to 266.7 mm (4 to 10.5 inch) 76 to 364 mm (3 to 14.3 inch) 102 to 266.7 mm (4 to 10.5 inch) 102 mm (4 inch) or greater	102 to 420 mm (4 to 16.5 inch) 76 to 420 mm (3 to 16.5 inch) 102 to 420 mm (4 to 16.5 inch) 102 mm (4 inch) or greater
Paper thickness	Up to 0.35 mm (0.014 inch)	
Number of copies	Up to 5, including the origin	al
Command sets (emulations)	DEC PPL2 IBM X24E (LA48N) IBM XL24E (LA48W) EPSON ESC P2	
Fonts	12 resident fonts available: Draft, High speed Draft, High impact, Courier 10, Pica 10, Prestige 12, Com- pression, Boldface PS, Timeless Normal PS, Nimbus Sans Normal PS, OCR-A, OCR-B	
Line spacing	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 12 lines per inch. Programmable in 1/360 inch or various increments for image graphics (ESC/P2)	



	LA48N	LA48W	
Character pitch	or proportional spa	2.5, 3, 5, 6, 10, 12, 13.2, 15, 16.5, 17, 18 or 20 cpi or proportional spacing.  Programmable in 1/360 inch or variousincrements for image graphics.	
Characters per line			
10 cpi	80 cpl	136 cpl	
12 cpi	96 cpl	163 cpl	
15 cpi	120 cpl	204 cpl	
17 cpi	136.8 cpl	231 cpl	
18 cpi	144 cpl	244 cpl	
20 cpi	160 cpl	272 cpl	



## **Performance Specifications**

Print speed Letter Draft High-speed draft	10 cpi 113 cps 360 cps 400 cps (80-column printer) 448 cps (136-colmun printer)	12 cpi 135 cps 432 cps 480 cps (80-column printer) 537 cps (136-colmun printer)
Line feed speed	80 ms per line at 6 lines per inch	
Form feed speed	5.6 inches per second	
Ribbon life	Up to 5.0 million characters	

## Certification

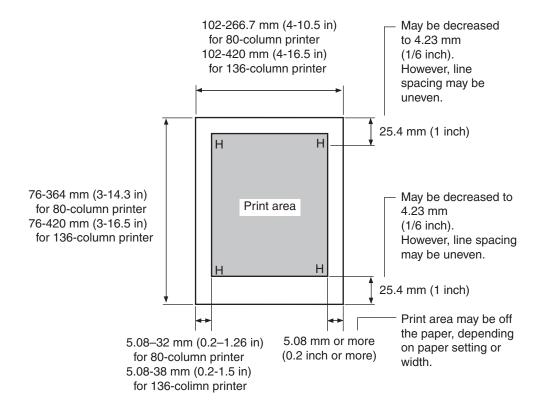
Item	100 V Model	200 V Model
	CSA-C22.2 No.60950-1-02 UL60950-1-1 <sup>st</sup> Edition	EN 60 950 (TÜV)
EMC	FCC PART 15B class B	EN 55022 class B EN 55024



## **Paper Specifications**

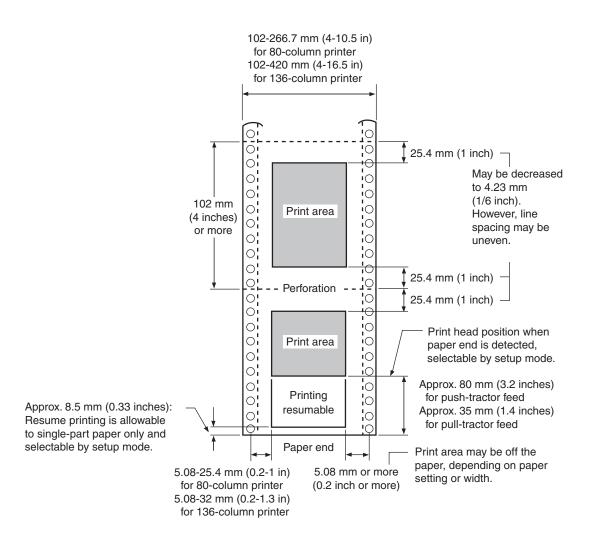
#### **Print Area**

This section illustrates the recommended print area for single sheets and continuous forms.



Print area for single sheets





Print area for continuous forms



### **Paper Thickness**

Paper thickness is given by the weight of the paper in either grams per square meter  $(g/m^2)$  or in pounds per bond (lbs/bond). The following table shows the allowable paper thickness for one-part paper or for each sheet of multipart paper. The total thickness must not exceed 0.35 mm (0.014 inch).

The weight of carbonless or carbon-backed paper may vary, depending upon the paper manufacturer. When using paper of borderline thickness, test the paper before running a job.

Type of Paper	Number of Parts	Thickness
One-part	Single	52-81 g/m <sup>2</sup> (45-70 kg or 14-22 lb)
Carbonless		
2P	Тор	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
2P   I	Bottom	40-81 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-70 kg or 11-22 lb)
	Тор	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
3P    <sup> </sup>	Middle	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
	Bottom	40-81 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-70 kg or 11-22 lb)
	Тор	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
4P	Middle	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
	Middle	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
	Bottom	40-81 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-70 kg or 11-22 lb)
	Тор	40-52 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-45 kg or 11-17 lb)
5P	Middle	40-52 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-45 kg or 11-17 lb)
	Middle	40-52 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-45 kg or 11-17 lb)
	Middle	40-52 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-45 kg or 11-17 lb)
	Bottom	40–64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34–55 kg or 11–17 lb)

kg: Weight in kilograms of 1000 sheets of 788 x 1091 mm paper  $(1.16 \text{ g/m}^2)$ 

lb: Weight in pounds of 500 sheets of 17 x 22 inch paper (3.76 g/m<sup>2</sup>)



Type of Paper	Number of Parts	Thickness
Carbon-backed	Do not use in high humidity environments.	
	Тор	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
2P	Bottom	40-81 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-70 kg or 11-22 lb)
	Тор	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
3P	Middle	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
	Bottom	40-81 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-70 kg or 11-22 lb)
	Тор	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
4P	Middle	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
	Middle	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
	Bottom	40-81 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-70 kg or 11-22 lb)
	Тор	40-52 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-45 kg or 11-14 lb)
5P	Middle	40-52 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-45 kg or 11-14 lb)
	Middle	40-52 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-45 kg or 11-14 lb)
	Middle	40-52 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-45 kg or 11-14 lb)
	Bottom	40-64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (34-55 kg or 11-17 lb)
Carbon-interleaved	Avoid using carbon-	interleaved single sheets.
	Тор	35–64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (30–55 kg or 9–17 lb)
2P 📕	Carbon	Counted as one sheet
	Bottom	35–81 g/m <sup>2</sup> (30–70 kg or 9–22 lb)
	Тор	35–52 g/m <sup>2</sup> (30–45 kg or 9–14 lb)
3P	Carbon	Counted as one sheet
, ,	Middle	35–52 g/m <sup>2</sup> (30–45 kg or 9–14 lb)
	Carbon	Counted as one sheet
	Bottom	35–64 g/m <sup>2</sup> (30–55 kg or 9–17 lb)

kg: Weight in kilograms of 1000 sheets of 788 x 1091 mm paper  $(1.16 \text{ g/m}^2)$ 

lb: Weight in pounds of 500 sheets of 17 x 22 inch paper  $(3.76 \text{ g/m}^2)$ 



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## **Command Sets**

This appendix describes printer commands and their parameters.

This printer has the following three resident command sets (emulations):

- DEC PPL2 (DIGITAL ANSI Printer Protocol Level 2)
- IBM Proprinter X24E (LA48N) and IBM Proprinter XL24E (LA48W)
- Epson ESC/P2

Select the same protocol on the printer and in your software. If your software protocols include DEC PPL2, select DEC PPL2 for optimum performance.



#### **DEC PPL2 Quick Reference Guide**

This section contains basic information on the DEC PPL2 commands supported in the GENICOM Matrix Printer LA48.

The commands are listed by function, in the following order:

Positioning Controls Sheet size and margins Type size and spacing, ma

Type size and spacing, managing implicit cursor motion

Font management and attribute selection

Tabs

Selecting character sets

Reports

Miscellaneous

Barcode printing

Graphics

This section is intended for use in conjunction with the *Digital Ansi-compliant Printing Protocol Level 2 Programming Reference Manual and the Digital Ansi-compliant Printing Protocol Level 2 Programming Supplement.* These are referred to simply as the *Programming Reference Manual and the Programming Supplement,* respectively.

Ask the support of the manufacturer or your dealer in case of need.



Characters used in control functions appear in monospaced type. The following table explains some of the conventions used.

A pair of numbers separated by a slash (/) character indicates Column/Row notation. This notation refers to the location of a character in a standard code table, such as ASCII.

Spaces appear between characters in sequences for clarity; they are not part of the format. Space is designated as "SP" when it is part of the format of a command or sequence.

The following conventions are used in the command listings:

#### Conventions

Code	Description
ESC	Escape (1/11), introduces an escape sequence
CSI	Control Sequence Introducer (9/11), introduces a control sequence. CSI can also be represented by the equivalent escape sequence <i>ESC</i> [ (1/11 5/11).
DCS	Device Control String (9/0), introduces a device control string. DCS can also be represented by the equivalent escape sequence $ESC\ P\ (1/11\ 5/0)$ .
ST	String Terminator (9/12) indicates the end of a control string. ST can also be represented by the equivalent escape sequence $ESC \setminus (1/11\ 5/12)$ .
Pn	Numeric parameter, or number of units that specify a distance or quantity pertaining to the escape sequence, control function or control string.
Ps	Selective parameter, or one which identifies a list of options pertaining to the specif command. If ">" (3/14) or "?" (3/15) occurs at the beginning of a string of parameters, parameters that follow are Digital private parameters. ">" or "?", if present, must occur only once at the beginning of the parameter string.
$I_{n}$	Intermediate character — component of an escape sequence, control sequence or control string
F	Final character — component of an escape sequence, control sequence or control string
SP	Space (2/0)
	C0 Control Characters are given in the figure "Standard 8-bit Code Table (Left Half)," and C1 Control Characters are given in Figure "Standard 8-bit Code Table (Right Half)" in an 8-bit environment.
	In the 7-bit environment, C1 Control Characters can be sent with an escape sequence provided in the following tables.
	Both numeric and selective parameters are interpreted as unsigned decimal integers, with the most significant digit sent first. For instance, the value 16 is coded as "16" (3/1 3/6). Leading zeros are allowed but are ignored. Plus and minus signs are not allowed.



## **Positioning Controls**

Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
BS	Backspace	0/8	C0 Control Code
CR	Carriage Return	0/13	C0 Control Code
FF	Form Feed	0/12	C0 Control Code
НТ	Horizontal Tab	0/9	C0 Control Code
LF	Line Feed	0/10	C0 Control Code
VT	Vertical Tab	0/11	C0 Control Code
HTS	Horizontal Tab Set	8/8	C1 Control Code 7-bit environment : ESC H
IND	Index	8/4	C1 Control Code 7-bit environment : ESC D
NEL	Next Line	8/5	C1 Control Code 7-bit environment : ESC E
PLD	Partial Line Down	8/11	C1 Control Code 7-bit environment: ESC K Advance paper 1/12 in.
PLU	Partial Line Up	8/12	C1 Control Code 7-bit environment : ESC L Reverse paper 1/12 in.
VTS	Vertical Tab Set	8/10	C1 Control Code 7-bit environment : ESC J
DECCAHT	Clear All Horizontal Tabs	ESC 2	
DECCAVT	Clear All Vertical Tabs	ESC 4	
DECSHTS	Set Horizontal Tab Stops	CSI Pn;; Pn u	Pn = tabstop position
DECSVTS	Set Vertical Tab Stops	CSI Pn;; Pn v	Pn = tabstop position
DECHTS	Horizontal Tab Set	ESC 1	
DECVTS	Vertical Tab Set	ESC 3	
HPA	Horizontal Position Absolute	CSI Pn`	Pn = position to move to



Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
HPR	Horizontal Position Relative	CSI Pn a	Pn = number of columns down
VPA	Vertical Position Absolute	CSI Pn d	Pn = position to move to
VPR	Vertical Position Relative	CSI Pn e	Pn = number of lines down

## **Sheet Size and Margins**

Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
DECSLPP	Set Lines per Physical Page	CSI Pn t	Pn = number of lines per pages
DECVPLA	Set Vertical Page Length Alignment	CSI Pn1 ; Pn2 - u	Pn1 = position of the origin from top of form (in 1/720 in.). Pn2 = Paper length in 1/720 in.
DECSLRM	Set Left and Right Margins	CSI Pn1; Pn2 s	Pn1 = left margin Pn2 = right margin
DECHPWA	Set Page Width Alignment	CSI Pn1; Pn2 "s	$Pn1^4 = origin$ $Pn2^4 = paper width$
DECSTBM	Set Top and Bottom Margins	CSI Pn1; Pn2 r	Pn1 = top margin Pn2 = bottom margin
<sup>4</sup> Units are 1/	12 inch.		



## Type Size and Spacing, Managing Implicit Cursor Motion

Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
DECAWM	Autowrap Mode	CSI ? 7 h CSI ? 7 l	Set autowrap mode Reset autowrap mode
DECCRNLM	Carriage Return /New Line Mode	CSI ? 40 h CSI ? 40 l	CR acts as New Line CR acts as Carriage Return
DECPSP	Proportional Spacing Mode	CSI ? 27 h CSI ? 27 l	Set proportional spacing mode Reset proportional spacing mode
DECSHORP	Set Horizontal Pitch	CSI Ps w	Ps = 0: Determined by current font. Ps = 8: 8.25 CPI Ps = 1: 10 CPI Ps = 9: 15 CPI Ps = 2: 12 CPI Ps = 11: 17.1 CPI Ps = 3: 13.2 CPI Ps = 12: 8.55 CPI Ps = 4: 16.5 CPI Ps = 13: 18 CPI Ps = 5: 5 CPI Ps = 14: 9 CPI Ps = 6: 6 CPI Ps = 15: 10 CPI Ps = 7: 6.6 CPI Ps = 16: 20 CPI
DECVERP	Set Vertical Pitch	CSI Ps z	Ps = 0: Determined by current font Ps = 1: 6 LPI Ps = 2: 8 LPI Ps = 3: 12 LPI Ps = 4: 2 LPI Ps = 5: 3 LPI Ps = 6: 4 LPI Ps = 6: 4 LPI Ps = 21: 4 LPcm <sup>1</sup> Ps = 22: 2 LPcm Ps = 11-16 and 31-33: same as 1-6 and 21-23
LNM	Line Feed/New Line Mode	CSI 20 h CSI 20 l	LF acts as New Line LF acts as line feed

C-6



## **Font Management and Attribute Selection**

Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
SGR	Select Graphic Rendition - Selecting Fonts	CSI Ps m	Ps = 10 : Courier Ps = 11 : Timeless PS Ps = 12 : Nimbus Sans Ps = 13 : Prestige Ps = 14 : Pica Ps = 15 : Boldface PS Ps = 16 : Courier Ps = 17 : Compressed Ps = 18 : OCR-A Ps = 19 : OCR-B
SGR	Select Graphic Rendition - Selecting Attributes	CSI Ps m	Ps = 0: Turn off all attributes Ps = 1: Bold on Ps = 3: Slant on Ps = 4: Underline on Ps = 9: Strike-through on Ps = 21: Double underline on Ps = 22: Bold off Ps = 23: Slant off Ps = 24: Any underline off Ps = 29: Strike-through on Ps = 30: Print Text in back Ps = 31: Print Text in red Ps = 32: Print Text in green Ps = 33: Print Text in yellow Ps = 34: Print Text in blue Ps = 35: Print Text in magenta Ps = 36: Print Text in cyan Ps = 37: Print Text in "white" (no printing) Ps = 39: Print Text in black Ps = 53: Overline on Ps = 55: Overline off Ps = ?4: Superscript on Ps = ?5: Subscript on Ps = ?24: Script off
DECDLD	Download Font	DCS parameter_string { D D ST	See the <i>Programming Reference</i> Manual
DECDEN	Printing Density Selection	CSI Ps " z	Ps = 0 or 1: Select draft Ps = 2: Select letter quality Ps = 3: Select high speed draft Ps = 4: Select near letter quality (also called correspondence) Ps = 5: Select high impact draft



#### **Tabs**

Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
DECCAHT	Clear All Horizontal Tabs	ESC 2	deprecated command
DECCAVT	Clear All Vertical Tabs	ESC 4	deprecated command
DECHTS	Horizontal Tab Set	ESC 1	deprecated command
DECSHTS	Set Horizontal Tab Stops	$CSI Pn ; \ldots ; Pn u$	Pn = tab stop
DECSVTS	Set Vertical Tab Stops	$CSI Pn ; \ldots ; Pn v$	Pn = tab stop
DECVTS	Vertical Tab Set	ESC 3	deprecated command
TBC	Tab Clear	CSI Ps;; Ps g	Ps = 0: Clear horiz. tab at active position $Ps = 1$ : Clear vert. tab at active position $Ps = 2$ or 3: Clear all horiz. tabs $Ps = 4$ : Clear all vert. tabs



## **Selecting Character Sets**

See Figure "Designating and Invoking Character Sets" later in this section.

Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
ASCEF	Announce Subset of Code Extension Facilities	ESC SP L  ESC SP M ESC SP N	ASCII in G0 and GL. ISO Latin-1 in G1 and GR. Same as ESC SP L ASCII in G0 and GL.
DECAUPSS	Assign User Preference Supplemental Set ISO Latin 9	DCS Ps! u D D ST DCS 1! u b ST	Ps = 0: 94-char. set Ps = 1: 96-char. set $D \dots D$ : SCS designating sequence. ST = 09/12 or Esc\
SS2	Single Shift 2	C1 Control Code 7-bit environme : ESC N	Take the next character from G2 ent
SS3	Single Shift 3	C1 Control Code 7-bit environme : ESC O	Take the next character from G3
LS0	Locking Shift 0 (or Shift In)	SI	Invoke G0 into GL
LS1	Locking Shift 1 (or Shift Out)	SO	Invoke G1 into GL
LS2	Locking Shift 2	ESC n	Incoke G2 into GL
LS3	Locking Shift 3	ESC o	Invoke G3 into GL
LS1R	Locking Shift 1 Right	ESC ~	Invoke G1 into GR
LS2R	Locking Shift 1 Right	ESC }	Invoke G2 into GR
LS3R	Locking Shift 1 Right	ESC /	Invoke G3 into GR
SCS	Select Character Set	$ESCI_1I_2F$	$I_1$ = "(": Invoke 94-char. set into G0 $I_1$ = ")": Invoke 94-char. set into G1 $I_1$ = "*": Invoke 94-char. set into G2 $I_1$ = "+": Invoke 94-char. set into G3 $I_1$ = "-": Invoke 96-char. set into G1 $I_1$ = ".": Invoke 96-char. set into G2 $I_1$ = "/": Invoke 96-char. set into G3 $I_2$ F = final characters from "SCS Final Characters" later in this section



### **SCS Final Characters**

Character Set	I <sub>2</sub> F Desig	nator Charactors	
94-Character Sets			
British	A	4/1	
ASCII	В	4/2	
DEC Dutch	4	3/4	
DEC Finnish	5	3/5	
French	R	5/2	
DEC French-Canadian	9	3/9	
German	K	4/11	
DEC Hebrew Supplemental	"4	2/2,3/4	
DEC 7-Bit Hebrew	%=	2/5, 3/13	
ISO Italian	Y	5/9	
Legal	%4	2/5,3/4	
JIS Katakana	I	4/9	
JIS Roman	J	4/10	
DEC Norwegian/Danish	6	3/6	
ISO Spanish	Z	5/10	
DEC Swedish	7	3/7	
DEC Swiss	=	3/13	
Norwegian/Danish	ć	6/0	
DEC Supplemental	%5	2/5,3/5	
DECTechnical	>	3/14	
DEC Special Graphics	0	3/0	
DEC Portuguese	%6	2/5,3/6	
7-Bit Turkish	%2	2/5,3/2	
DEC 8-Bit Turkish Supplemental	%0	2/5,3/0	
DEC 8-Bit Greek Supplemental	<b>"</b> ?	2/2, 3/15	
User Preference Supplemental	<	3/12	



Character Set	I <sub>2</sub> F Desi	gnator Charactors	
96-Character Sets			
ISO Latin-1 Supplemental	A	4/1	
ISO Latin-2 Supplemental	В	4/2	
ISO Latin-9 Supplemental	b	6/2	
ISO Latin-Greek Supplemental	F	4/6	
ISO Latin-Hebrew Supplemental	Н	4/8	
ISO Latin/Cyrillic Supplemental	L	4/12	
ISO Latin-5 Supplemental	M	4/13	
User Preference Supplemental	<	3/12	

## Reports

Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
DA	Device Attributes	CSI c	Request Device Attributes Report
DAR	Device Attributes Report	ESC [? ps1; Ps2;; Psn c (printer to host)	Ps1 = 72 Ps2–Psn describe extensions. See the Programming Supplement.
DA2	Secondary Device Attributes	CSI > Ps c	Ps must = 0
DA2R	Secondary Device Attributes Report	ESC [ > Ps1; Ps2; Ps3; Ps4; Ps5 c (printer to host)	Ps1 = 67: model LA30N 68: model LA30W Ps2 = firmware revision x 10 Ps3 = 0 (or 1 reserved) Ps4 = 20 Ps5 = firmware edit revision
DECLANS	Load ANSWERBACK Without Password	DCS Ps v encoded_ message_string ST	Message is Hex. encoded.



Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
DECLANS	Load ANSWERBACK With Password	DCS Ps; Pn2; Pn3 v encoded_message_ string ST	Ps = 1 : No password - Do not store message. Ps = 2 : No password - Store message. Ps = 3 : Password - Store message : Pn2 : Old password Pn3 : New password Default password : 0 Password range : 0 - 9999
ENQ	Send ANSWERBACK Message	0/5	C0 Control Code
DSR	Device Status Request	CSI Ps n	Ps = 0 or 5: Request extended DSR Ps = ?2: Enable brief unsolicited reports, send extended report Ps = ?3: Enable/send extended unsolicited reports
DSR	Device Status Report	Brief: CSI Ps n Extended: brief, followed by CSI Pn1; Pn2;; Pnn n	See the Programming Supplement



## **Miscellaneous**

Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
BEL DECSCL	Bell Select Conformance Level	0/7 CSI Ps1 " p	CO Control Code  Ps = 0: reset - native level  Ps = 71: reset - DEC PPL1  Ps = 72: reset - DEC PPL2
DECSTR	Soft Terminal Reset	CSI! p	Reset to initial state
RIS	Reset to Initial State	ESC c	Reset to initial state
DECIPEM	IBM Proprinter Protocol Mode	CSI ? 58 h CSI ? 58 l	Deprecated function
ROCS	Return from Other Coding System	ESC % @	Return to DEC PPL2 mode
SOCS	Select Other Coding System	ESC % = ESC % SP 2	IBM Proprinter Protocol Epson Protocol
CRM	Control Representation Mode	CSI 3 h CSI 3 l	Print hex representation for all characters Reset
DECASFC	Automatic Sheet Feeder Control	CSI Ps! v	Ps = 0: No change Ps = n: Tray n (reserved) Ps = 4: Tractor feeding Ps = 99: Manual feed
DECSITF	Select Input Tray	CSI Ps1; Ps2	Ps1 = 0: Disable all composite
input	Failover	; ; Psn SP w	trays $Ps1 = n: Define composite tray n$ $Ps2-Psn = n: Add tray n to the composite definition$
DECUPM	Unidirectional Print Mode	CSI ? 41 h CSI ? 41 l	Set unidirectional print mode Reset unidirectional print mode
SnC1R /DEC*C1	C1 Transmit /Receive	ESC SP 6 ESC SP 7 ESC SP F ESC SP G	Process 7-bit, drop 8th bit Process 7-bit and 8-bit Transmit 8-bit as 7-bit equivalents Transmit 8-bit (not supported)



## **Barcode Printing**

Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
DECBAR	Start or Stop Bar Codes	ESC % SP 0 ESC % @	Start barcode Stop barcode
DECSBCA	Select Bar Code Attributes	CSI Ps1; Pn2;; Ps9 'q	
	Parameters	Description	Values
	Ps1	Bar Code System  Width of narrow bars in Decipoints	0, 2 : Code 39 1 : Interleaved 2 of 5 4 : EAN 8 5 : EAN 13 7 : Codabar a/t 8 : Codabar b/n 9 : Codabar c/* 10 : Codabar d/e 11 : UPC-A 13 : Postnet 14 : Industrial 2 of 5 18 : Matrix 2 of 5 Supported values : 10 (default)15 - 20 - 25 - 30. Not applicable to UPC, EAN and Postnet systems.
	Pn3	Width of quiet zones in Decipoints	Supported value : 180
	Pn4	Width of wide bars in Decipoints	Ignored. Set at 2.5 * Pn2.
	Pn5	Ignored	
	Pn6	Height of bars in Decipoints	Min = 60 $Max = 2400$ $Default = 120$
	Pn7	Ignored	
	Pn8	Ignored	
	Ps9	Human Readable Characters	0, 1 : No HRC 2, 3 , 4 : Print HRC Ignored for Postnet



Active position after printing a bar code is the same position as before printing bar code.

After printing bar code, appropriate positioning control commands, see "Positioning Controls" earlier in this section, must be sent to print additional barcode strings, text or graphics.

In the following examples, HPA Pn command positions the Active Position at column Pn, VPA Pn command positions the Active Position at line Pn.

1. Two barcodes Code 39 on the same line:

DECSBCA *CSI* 0;;;;;;;q DECBAR(start) data DECBAR(stop) HPA Pn DECBAR(start) data DECBAR(stop)

2. Two barcodes Code 39 one above the other:

DECSBCA CSI 0;;;;;;;'q

DECBAR(start) data DECBAR(stop) VPA Pn

DECBAR(start) data DECBAR(stop)

## **Sixel Graphics Device Control String Envelope**

Command	Function	Remarks
DCS	String Introducer	
Ps1; Pn2; Pn3 q	Protocol Selector	Ps1: macro parameter, select horizontal grid size and pixel aspect ratio. See "Sixel Graphics Protocol Selector Ps1" later in this section.
		Ps2: ignored.
		Pn3: horizontal grid size - overrides Ps1 for horizontal grid size - aspect ratio unchanged. See "Sixel Graphics Grid Size defined by Pn3" later in this section.
sixel data	Picture data	Includes sixel printable characters and sixel control codes. See "Sixel Graphics Control Codes" later in this section.
ST	String Terminator	Exit Sixel Graphics mode and return to text mode.



## **Sixel Graphics Protocol Selector Ps1**

Ps1 Value	Horizontal Grid Size (inches)	Aspect Ratio (Vert : Hor) <sup>1</sup>
0, 1 or none	1/144	2
2	1/360	5
3, 4	1/180	2.5
5, 6, 7, 8	1/144	2
9	1/72	1
>9	1/144	2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Vertical Grid size = 1/72 in., unless modified by Pn3 or DECGRA.

## Sixel Graphics Grid Size defined by Pn3

Pn3 Value	HGS:VGS (dpi) by Aspect Ratio (defined by Ps1)							
Pilo value	1:1	2:1	2.5:1	5:1				
0 or none	No change to HGS and VGS defined by Ps1							
1, 2	360:360	360:180	360:144	360:72				
3, 4	180:180	180:90	180:72	180:36				
5, 6, 7	144:144	144:72	180:72	180:36				
8, 9	90:90	90:45	90:36	180:36				
10 - 15	72:72	72:36	90:36	180:36				
16 - 19	45:45	72:36	90:36	180:36				
• 20	36:36	72:36	90:36	180:36				



## **Sixel Graphics Control Codes**

Mnemonic	Function	Command	Remarks
DECGRA	Set Raster Attributes	"(2/2)	Defines the pixel aspect ratio. Followed by parameters Pn1; Pn2; Pn3; Pn4 Pn1: Pixel aspect ratio numerator Pn2: Pixel aspect ratio denominator Pn3 and Pn4: ignored
DECGRI	Graphics Repeat Introducer	! (2/1)	Followed by a numeric value Pn and a sixel data to be repeated Pn times.
DECGCR	Graphics Carriage Return	\$ (2/4)	Returns active position to graphics left margin.
DECGNL	Graphics Next Line	- (2/13)	Returns active position to graphics left margin and increments to next graphics line.
DECGCI	Graphics Color Introducer	# (2/3)	Assigns a color to a color number or selects a predefined color number. Followed by parameters  Pc; Pu; Px; Py; Pz  Pc: Color number (0 - 255)  Pu: Universal coordinate system selector: 1 = HLS 2 = RGB  Px, Py, Pz: color coordinates
	Parameter Characters	0 - 9 (3/0 - 3/9)	Numeric parameters - used on the above control codes
	Parameter Separator	; (3/11)	Separates parameters - used on the above control codes
	Sixel Data	(3/15 - 7/14)	Sixel printable characters.  The printer substracts the offset (3F hexadecimal) from the received code, assigning each of the remaining low-order six bits to a grid position:  LSB = top pixel  MSB = bottom pixel  Examples: ? (3/15): blank character @ (4/0): print only top pixel  A (4/1): print second-from-top pixel ~ (7/14): print one full column



# **Standard 8-bit Code Table (Left Half)**

		Standard Left															
	C0	Con	trol S	et		Graphics Left (GL						(GL)	L)				
	Column	0	1			2		3		4		5		6		7	,
Row 0	NUL	0 0 0	DLE	20 16 10		SP	40 32 20	0	60 48 30	@	100 64 40	Р	120 80 50	`	140 96 60	p	160 112 70
1	зон	1 1	DC1	21 17 11		!	41 33 21	1	61 49 31	A	101 65 41	Q	121 81 51	а	141 97 61	q	161 113 71
2	STX	2 2 2	DC2	22 18 12			42 34 22	2	62 50 32	В	102 66 42	R	122 82 52	b	142 98 62	r	162 114 72
3	ETX	3 3 3	DC3	23 19 13		#	43 35 23	3	63 51 33	С	103 67 43	s	123 83 53	С	143 99 63	s	163 115 73
4	EOT	4 4 4	DC4	24 20 14		\$	44 36 24	4	64 52 34	D	104 68 44	Т	124 84 54	d	144 100 64	t	164 116 74
5	ENQ	5 5 5	NAK	25 21 15		%	45 37 25	5	65 53 35	E	105 69 45	U	125 85 55	е	145 101 65	u	165 117 75
6	ACK	6	SYN	26 22 16		&	46 38 26	6	66 54 36	F	106 70 46	٧	126 86 56	f	146 102 66	v	166 118 76
7	BEL	7 7 7	ЕТВ	27 23 17		,	47 39 27	7	67 55 37	G	107 71 47	w	127 87 57	g	147 103 67	w	167 119 77
8	BS	10 8 8	CAN	30 24 18		(	50 40 28	8	70 56 38	н	110 72 48	х	130 88 58	h	150 104 68	x	170 120 78
9	нт	11 9 9	EM	31 25 19		)	51 41 29	9	71 57 39	I	111 73 49	Υ	131 89 59	-	151 105 69	у	171 121 79
10	LF	12 10 A	SUB	32 26 1A		*	52 42 2A	:	72 58 3A	J	112 74 4A	Z	132 90 5A	j	152 106 6A	z	172 122 7A
11	VT	13 11 B	ESC	33 27 1B		+	53 43 2B	;	73 59 3B	K	113 75 4B	[	133 91 5B	k	153 107 6B	{	173 123 7B
12	FF	14 12 C	FS	34 28 1C		,	54 44 2C	<	74 60 3C	L	114 76 4C	\	134 92 5C	l	154 108 6C		174 124 7C
13	CR	15 13 D	GS	35 29 1D		_	55 45 2D	=	75 61 3D	М	115 77 4D	1	135 93 5D	m	155 109 6D	}	175 125 7D
14	so	16 14 E	RS	36 30 1E			56 46 2E	>	76 62 3E	N	116 78 4E	^	136 94 5E	n	156 110 6E	~	176 126 7E
15	SI	17 15 F	US	37 31 1F		/	57 47 2F	?	77 63 3F	0	117 79 4F	_	137 95 5F	0	157 111 6F	DE	177 127 7F
	ASCII Graphic Character Set																
LEGI	END	G	П						ASC	ii Gra	pilic	Ciiai	acte	Jei			
	А	4/ 10 6	1 Colu	imal	Row												

Standard 8-bit Code Table (Left Half)



## **Standard 8-bit Code Table (Right Half)**

#### Standard Right C1 Control Set Graphics Right (GR) Column 160 A0 144 90 D0 F0 C0 E0 80 DCS 145 91 193 C1 241 F1 161 A1 Á ñ E1 81 PU1 ± 242 F2 ò **BPH** 92 A2 B2 Â ò E2 PU2 â ¢ 227 E3 131 83 147 163 195 C3 243 F3 £ NBH STS В3 D3 244 F4 132 84 228 148 164 180 196 212 ССН 213 D5 85 95 A5 B5 Å õ å E5 õ F5 NEL MW ¥ 134 86 150 96 182 B6 198 C6 214 D6 230 E6 246 F6 Æ ö SSA SPA ö æ A6 151 97 247 F7 183 B7 215 D7 § **ESA** 87 EPA A7 C7 Œ E7 œ 152 98 216 D8 232 E8 248 F8 È è B8 C8 HTS SOS ¤ Ø D9 E9 F9 © é ù HTJ Ė C9 A9 B9 138 8A 170 AA 202 CA 234 EA 250 FA 9A Ê Ú VTS SCI ê 251 FB 139 8B 203 CB 171 187 Ë Û ë **PLD** CSI 220 DC Ü ì PLU 8C 9C AC BC EC ü FC ST 1/4 189 BD 205 CD 141 8D 157 9D 221 DD 253 FD osc ĔĎ AD Î î SS<sub>2</sub> 8E PM 9E AE BE CE EE FE Ï ï 9F BF EF APC ż SS3 Β 255 FF

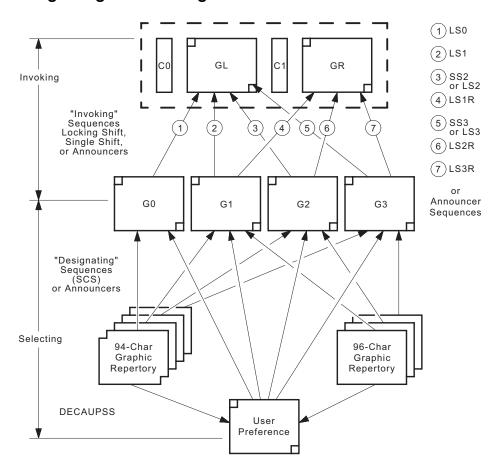
**DEC Supplemental Graphic Character Set** 

LEGEND GR 12/1 Column/Row 1 301 Octal Decimal Hex

Standard 8-bit Code Table (Right Half)



## **Designating and Invoking Character Sets**



Power-up configuration is as follows:

GL:G0

GR:G2

G0:Value for DEC G0 CST Set-Up option

G1:ASCIIG2:User Preference

G3:User Preference

User Preference: Value for USER PREF Set-Up option

Standard 8-bit Code Table (Right Half)



## **National Replacement Character Sets**

	<b>National Replacement Character Sets</b>							
Loca- tion	US ASCII	British	DEC Finnish	French	DEC French- Canada	German	ISO Italian	JIS Roman
2/3	#	£		£			£	
4/0	@			à	à	§	§	
5/11	[		Ä	0	â	Ä	0	
5/12	\		Ö	ç	ç	Ö	ç	¥
5/13	]		Å	§	ê	Ü	é	
5/14	٨		Ü		î			
6/0	•		é		ô		ù	
7/11	{		ä	é	é	ä	à	
7/12	I		ö	ù	ù	ö	ò	
7/13	}		å	è	è	ü	è	
7/14	~		ü	••	û	ß	ì	_

		National Replacement Character Sets						
Loca- tion	US ASCII	DEC Norwegian- Danish		DEC Swedish	Norwegian Danish	- DEC Dutch	DEC Swiss	DEC Portuguese
2/3	#		£			£	ù	
4/0	@	Ä	§	É		3/4	à	
5/11	[	Æ	i	Ä	Æ	ý	é	Ã
5/12	\	Ø	$\tilde{N}$	Ö	Ø	1/2	ç	Ç
5/13	]	Å	ن	Å	Å		ê	Õ
5/14	٨	Ü		Ü			î	
5/15	_						è	
6/0	•	ä		é			ô	
7/11	{	æ	0	ä	æ		ä	ã
7/12	1	ø	ñ	ö	ø	f	ö	ç
7/13	}	å	ç	å	å	1/4	ü	õ
7/14	~	ü		ü		,	û	



# IBM Proprinter X24E and XL24E Quick Reference Guide

This section describes the printer commands for the IBM Proprinter X24E and XL24E protocol. When there is a difference, it is identified by LA48N (X24E) and LA48W (XL24E). Asterisks in the "Function" column indicate extended commands that are not supported by the original printer.

Function	Command
Print Mode Control	
Double-strike (bold) printing on	ESC G
Double-strike (bold) printing off	ESC H
Emphasized (shaded) printing on	ESC E
Emphasized (shaded) printing off	ESC F
Single-line double-width characters on	SO or ESC SO
Single-line double-width characters off	DC4
Double-width characters on/off	$\mathrm{ESC}\;\mathrm{W}\;(n)$
(on: $n = 1$ , off: $n = 0$ )	
Double-height/double-width characters	ESC [ @ $(n_1)(n_2)(m_1)(m_4)$
$n_1 = 4, n_2 = 0, m_1 = 0, m_2 = 0$	
$m_3$ controls character height and line spacing:	

<b>m</b> <sub>3</sub>	Height	Spacing
0	Unchanged	Unchanged
1	Normal	Unchanged
2	Double	Unchanged
16	Unchanged	Single
17	Normal	Single
18	Double	Single
32	Unchanged	Double
33	Normal	Double
34	Double	Double

#### $m_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$ controls character width:

<b>m</b> <sub>4</sub>	Width	
0	Unchanged	
1	Normal	
2	Double	
Condensed	characters on	SI or ESC SI
Condensed	and elite characters off	DC2
Subscript o	r superscript printing on	ESC S(n)
(subscri	pt: $n = 1$ , superscript: $n = 0$ )	
Subscript a	nd superscript printing off	ESC T
Underline of	on/off (on: $n = 1$ , off: $n = 0$ )	ESC - (n)
Overline or	n/off (on: $n = 1$ , off: $n = 0$ )	ESC (n)



Function	Command
Horizontal Control	
Space	SP
Backspace	BS
Carriage return	CR
Elite characters on	ESC:
Proportionally spaced characters on/off	$\mathrm{ESCP}(n)$
(on: $n = 1$ , off: $n = 0$ )	
Vertical Control	
Line feed	LF
Form feed	FF
Advance paper n/216 inch $(1 \le n \le 255)$	$\mathrm{ESC}\ \mathrm{J}\ (n)$
Advance paper n/180 inch (in AG mode) $(1 \le n \le 255)$	$\mathrm{ESC}\ \mathrm{J}\ (n)$
Set line spacing to 1/8 lines	ESC 0
Set line spacing to 7/72 inch	ESC 1
Set line spacing to n/216 inch $(0 \le n \le 255)$	ESC 3 (n)
Set line spacing to n/180 inch (in AG mode) $(0 \le n \le 255)$	ESC 3 (n)
Preset line spacing to n/72 inch $(1 \le n \le 255)$	ESC A (n)
Preset line spacing to n/60 inch (in AG mode) $(1 \le n \le 255)$	ESC A (n)
Set line spacing to 1/6 inch or to the value preset by line spacing command ESC A (n)	ESC 2
Change graphics line spacing base to 1/216 or 1/180 inch (for ESC J and ESC 3)	ESC [ \ $(m_1)$ $(m_2)$ $(t_1)$ $(t_4)$
$m_1 = 4, m_2 = 0$ $0 \le t_1 \le 255, 0 \le t_2 \le 255, t_3 = 0$ $t_4 = 180 \text{ or } 216$	
Tabulation	
Horizontal tab execution	НТ
Set horizontal tabs	ESC D $(n_1)$ $(n_k)$ NUL
The values of $n_1$ to $n_2$ in this command are the	== 3 2 ( <sub>1</sub> ) ( <sub>k</sub> ) 1.02
ASCII values of the print columns (at the current	
character width) at which tabs are to be set.	
(1 $\leq$ n $\leq$ 255) (1 $\leq$ k $\leq$ 28)	
Clear all horizontal tabs	ESC D NUL
Move print position right by n/120 inch	ESC d $(n_1)(n_2)$
$(0 \le n_1, n_2 \le 255)$ $(n = n_1 + n_2 \times 256)$	(-1, (-2)



Function	Command
Vertical tab execution	VT
Set vertical tabs	$ESCB(n_1)(n_{\nu})NUL$
The values of $n_1$ to $n_k$ in this command are the	I K
ASCII values of the lines (at the current line	
spacing) at which tabs are to be set.	
$(1 \le n \le 255) \ (1 \le k \le 64)$	
Clear all vertical tabs	ESC B NUL
Reset tabs to default values	ESC R
Page Formatting	
Set left margin at column n and right	ESC X (n) (m)
margin at column m $(0 \le n, m \le 255)$	
Set perforation skip by n lines	ESC N(n)
$(1 \le n \le 255)$	
Perforation skip off	ESC O
Set page length to n lines $(1 \le n \le 255)$	$ESC\ C\ (n)$
Set page length to n inches $(1 \le n \le 22)$	ESC C NUL (n)
Set top of form	ESC 4
Color Selection*	
Select print color*	ESC r(n)
n = 0: Black	
1: Magenta (red)	
2: Cyan (blue)	
3: Violet	
4: Yellow	
5: Orange	
6: Green	
Character Set Control	
Select character set 1	ESC 7
Select character set 2	ESC 6
Print $n_1 + n_2 \times 256$ characters from all-character set	$ESC \setminus (n_1)(n_2) (chars.)$
(chars.: codes of characters to print,	
$0 \le chars. \le 255$ )	
Print a character from all-character set	ESC ^ (char.)
(char.: a code of character to print,	
$0 \le char. \le 255)$	



Function				Command	
Se	$(0 \le n$		ble ) $(n = n_1 + n_2 \times 256)$ $(n_1 = 4, n_2 = 0)$	ESC [ T $(n_1)(n_2)$ 0 0 $(c_1)(c_2)$	
-	<b>C</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>C</b> <sub>2</sub>	Code page ID		
_	0	0	Ignore command		
	0	210	Code page 210*		
	0	220	Code page 220*		
	1	181	Code page 437		
	3	82	Code page 850		
	3	83	Code page 851*		
	3 3 3 3 3	84	Code page 852*		
	3	89	Code page 857*		
	3	90	Code page 858**		
	3	92	Code page 860		
	3	94	Code page 862*		
	3	95 07	Code page 863		
	3	97	Code page 865		
		98	Code page 866*		
-	23	27	ISO 8859-15**		
Cl	ear inp	ut buffer		CAN	
Se	lect pri	nter		DC1	
De	eselect	printer (ig	nore input)	ESC Q # (forLA48N)	
	-		1 /	ESC Q \$ (for LA48W)	
Do	wnloa	ding			
Se	lect res	ident or de	ownloaded font	ESCI(n)	
	Ex. $n =$	0: Resid	dent Draft		
		2: Resid	dent Courier		
		4: Dow	nloaded Draft		
			nloaded Courier		
Create download font			$ESC = (n_1) (n_2) ID (m_1) (m_2) (data)$		
Bi	t Imag	e Graphic	es		
Siı	ngle-de	nsity grap	hics	ESC K $(n_1)(n_2)$ (data)	
		ensity gra		ESC L $(n_1)(n_2)$ (data)	
			density graphics	ESC Y $(n_1)$ $(n_2)$ $(data)$	
		e-density		ESC $Z(n_1)(n_2)$ (data)	
				ESC [ $g(n_1)(n_2)(m)(data)$	
High-resolution graphics Select graphics mode (in AG mode only)			-	ESC * $(m)$ $(c_1)$ $(c_2)$ $(data)$	
		-T-1140 1110	( <b>10</b> mode omj)		

<sup>\*\*</sup>Code page contains Euro currency symbol



Function	Command
Cut Sheet Feeder Control*	
Feed a sheet from bin 1*	ESC EM 1
Feed a sheet from bin 2*	ESC EM 2
Feed a sheet from bin 3*	ESC EM E
Eject a page from the printer*	ESC EM R
Miscellaneous	
Sound the bell	BEL
Unidirectional printing on/off	$\mathrm{ESC}\mathrm{U}(n)$
(on: $n = 1$ , off: $n = 0$ )	
Add a carriage return to all line feeds	ESC 5 (n)
(on: $n = 1$ , off: $n = 0$ )	
Printer offline	ESC j
Select default settings	ESC [ $K(n_1)(n_2)(i)(ID)(p_1)(p_2)$



# Epson ESC/P2 Quick Reference Guide

This section describes the printer commands for the Epson ESC/P2 protocol. Asterisks in the "Function" column indicate extended commands that are not supported by the original printer. See the *Programmer's Reference Manual* for detailed information on using these commands.

Function	Command
Print Mode Control	
Double-strike (bold) printing on	ESC G
Double-strike (bold) printing off	ESC H
Emphasized (shadow) printing on	ESC E
Emphasized (shadow) printing off	ESC F
Italic printing on	ESC 4
Italic printing off	ESC 5
Select character style	ESC q(n)
n = 0: Normal	
1: Outlined	
2: Shaded	
3: Outlined and shadowed	
One-line double-width characters on	SO or ESC SO
One-line double-width characters off	DC4
Double-width characters on/off	ESC W(n)
(on: $n = 1$ , off: $n = 0$ )	
Double-height characters on/off	ESC w (n)
(on: $n = 1$ , off: $n = 0$ )	
Condensed characters on	SI or ESC SI
Condensed characters off	DC2
Subscript or superscript printing on	ESC S (n)
(subscript: $n = 1$ , superscript: $n = 0$ )	
Subscript and superscript printing off	ESC T
Underline on/off	ESC - ( <i>n</i> )
(on: $n = 1$ , off: $n = 0$ )	
Select line	ESC $(-(n_1)(n_2)(d_1)(d_2)(d_3)$
$n_1 = 3, n_2 = 0, d_1 = 1$	
$d_2 = 0$ : Ignore command	
1: Underline	
2: Strike through	
3: Overscore	
$d_3 = 0$ or 4: Cancel line selection	
1: Single line	
2 or 3: Double line	
5: Single-dotted line	
6 or 7: Double-dotted line	



Function	Command
Select printing style	ESC!(n)
This command allows you to combine various	. ,
printing styles. The value of n is the sum of the	
values of the styles you want to combine.	
n = 0: Pica pitch	
1: Elite pitch	
2: Proportional spacing	
4: Condensed	
8: Shadow	
16: Bold	
32: Double-width	
64: Italics	
128: Underline	
Horizontal Control	
Space	SP
Backspace	BS
Carriage return	CR
Set elite pitch	ESC M
Set pica pitch	ESC P
Set 15 CPI	ESC g
Proportionally spaced characters on/off (on: $n = 1$ , off: $n = 0$ )	ESC p(n)
Set inter-character space to n/120 inch (for draft) or n/180 inch (for letter and proportional) $(0 \le n \le 127)$	ESC SP(n)
Set character pitch to $(n_1 + n_2 \times 256)/360$ inch $(0 \le n_1 \le 255) (0 \le n_2 \le 4)$	$ESC c (n_1) (n_2)$
Select character pitch (specify unit of pitch)	ESC ( $U(n_1)(n_2)(d)$
$n_1 = 1, n_2 = 0$	
d = 10 to 19: $10/3600$ inch = $1/360$ inch	
d = 20 to 29: 20/3600 inch = 1/180 inch	
d = 30 to 39: 30/3600 inch = 1/120 inch	
d = 40 to 49: $40/3600$ inch = $1/90$ inch	
d = 50 to 59: 50/3600 inch = 1/72 inch	
d = 60 to 69: $60/3600$ inch = $1/60$ inch	



Function	Command	
Vertical Control		
Line feed	LF	
Form feed	FF	
Advance paper n/180 inch $(1 \le n \le 255)$	$\mathrm{ESC}\mathrm{J}(n)$	
Set line spacing to 1/8 inch	ESC 0	
Set line spacing to n/180 inch $(0 \le n \le 255)$	ESC 3 (n)	
Set line spacing to n/60 inch $(0 \le n \le 127)$	$\mathrm{ESCA}(n)$	
Set line spacing to 1/6 inch	ESC 2	
Set line spacing to n/360 inch $(0 \le n \le 255)$	ESC + (n)	
Tabulation		
Horizontal tab execution	HT	
Set horizontal tabs	$ESCD(n_1)(n_k)NUL$	
The values of $n_1$ to $n_k$ in this command are the		
ASCII values of the print columns (at the current		
character width) at which tabs are to be set.		
$(1 \le n \le 255) \ (1 \le k \le 32)$		
Move print position n/120 inch (for draft) <sup>(*1)</sup>	ESC $(n_1)(n_2)$	
or n/180 inch (for letter)(*1) right from left margin		
$(n = n_1 + n_2 X 256)$		
Move print position n/120 <sup>(*1)</sup> inch (for draft)	$ESC \setminus (n_1)(n_2)$	
or n/180 <sup>(*1)</sup> inch (for letter) left or right from the		
current position		
$(n = n_1 + n_2 X 256)$		
Vertical tab execution	VT	
Set vertical tabs	ESC B $(n_1) \dots (n_k)$ NUL	
The values of $n_1$ to $n_k$ in this command are the		
ASCII values of the lines (at the current line		
spacing) at which tabs are to be set.		
$(1 \le n \le 255) \ (1 \le k \le 16)$		
Move to dot line $(d_1 + d_2 \times 256)/360^{(*2)}$ inch	ESC ( $V(n_1)(n_2)(d_1)(d_2)$	
$n_1 = 2, n_2 = 0$		
$(0 \le d_1 \le 255) (0 \le d_2 \le 127)$ We timber let in the second of the decrease of the second of the	ESC( ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	
Vertical relative move by $(d_1 + d_2 \times 256)/360^{(*2)}$ inch	ESC $(v(n_1)(n_2)(d_1)(d_2)$	
$n_1 = 2, n_2 = 0$		
$(0 \le d_1 \le 255) (0 \le d_2 \le 127)$		
$-32768 \le d_1 + d_2 \times 256 \le 32768$		

The value depends on the pitch set by the ESC ( U command.

 $<sup>^{*2}</sup>$  The value depends on the pitch set by the ESC ( U command. The default is 1/360 inch.



Function	Command
Page Formatting	
Set right margin to column n	ESCQ(n)
$(1 \le n \le 255)$	
Set left margin to column n	ESC $l(n)$
$(0 \le n \le 255)$	
Set top and bottom margins from top of page	ESC ( $c(n_1)(n_2)(t_1)(t_2)(b_1)(b_2)$
$n_1 = 4, n_2 = 0$	
• Top margin = $(t_1 + t_2 \times 256)/360^{(*1)}$ inch	
$(0 \le t_1 \le 255) \ (0 \le t_2 \le 127)$	
• Bottom margin = $(b_1 + b_2 \times 256)/360^{(*1)}$ inch	
$(0 \le b_1 \le 255)$	
$(0 \le b_2 \le 127)$	
Set perforation skip by n lines	ESC N(n)
$(1 \le n \le 127)$	
Perforation skip off	ESC O
Set page length to n lines $(1 \le n \le 127)$	$ESC\ C\ (n)$
Set page length to n inches $(1 \le n \le 22)$	ESC C NUL (n)
Set page length to $(d_1 + d_2 \times 256)/360^{(*1)}$ inch	ESC ( $C(n_1)(n_2)(d_1)(d_2)$
$n_1 = 2, n_2 = 0$	
$(0 \le d_1 \le 255) \ (0 \le d_2 \le 127)$	
Color Selection	
Select print color	ESC r(n)
n = 0: Black	
1: Magenta (red)	
2: Cyan (blue)	
3: Violet	
4: Yellow	
5: Orange	
6: Green	
<b>Character Set Control</b>	
Select character set 1	ESC 7
Select character set 2	ESC 6
Select the active character set assigned with the	ESC t (n)
ESC (t command $(0 \le n \le 3)$	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ast_1}$   $\,$  The value depends on the pitch set by the ESC ( U command. The default is 1/360 inch.



Function		Command
Select internatio	nal character set	ESCR(n)
n=0: U	SA	
1: F1	rance	
2: G	ermany	
3: U	nited Kingdom	
	enmark 1	
5: Sv	weden	
6: It	aly	
7: S <sub>1</sub>	panish 1	
8: Ja		
	orway	
	enmark 2	
-	panish 2	
	atin America	
13: K		
64: L	•	
	er set to active character set	ESC $(t(n_1)(n_2)(d_1)(d_2)(d_3)$
	$3, n_1 = 3, n_2 = 0$	
$d_2$ , $d_3$ : Decim	nal	
$d_1 = 0$ :	Active character set number 0,	,
	default is Italics	
1:	Active character set number 1,	,
2	default is Graphics	
2:	Active character set number 2,	,
2.	default is DLL	
3:	Active character set number 3,	,
	default is Graphics	
$d_2$ $d_3$	Character Set	
0 0	Italic	
1 0	PC 437 (USA)	
3 0	PC 850 (Multilingual)	
4 0	PC 851*	
7 0	PC 860 (Portugal)	
8 0	PC 863 (Canada-French)	
9 0	PC 865 (Norway)	
10 0	PC 852*	
11 0	PC 857*	
$\begin{array}{ccc} 14 & 0 \\ 44 & 0 \end{array}$	PC 866* PC 858**	
29 15	ISO 8859-15**	
Print $n_1 + n_2 X 25$ (character co $(0 \le n_1 \le 255)$	56 characters from all-character set	ESC ( $^{\wedge}$ $(n_1)$ $(n_2)$



Function	Command	
Clear input buffer	CAN	
Delete a character	DEL	
Force most significant bit to 1	ESC>	
Force most significant bit to 0	ESC =	
Cancel control over most significant bit	ESC#	

<sup>\*\*</sup>Code page contains Euro currency symbol

#### Font Selection and Downloading

Select font ESC % (n)

n = 0: Resident character set

1: Downloaded character set

Select letter or draft quality  $ESC \times (n)$ 

n = 0: Draft 1: Letter

Select type style ESC k(n)

• Bitmap font:

n = 0: Courier

1: Courier

2: Courier

3: Prestige

4: Courier

5: OCR-B

7: Courier

7. Courier

8: Courier

9: Courier

· Scalable font:

n = 0: Timeless

1: Nimbus Sans ®

2: Courier

3: Timeless

4: Timeless

5: Timeless

7: Timeless

8: Timeless

9: Timeless

Set scalable font mode

ESC X m  $(n_1)$   $(n_2)$ 

• m sets character pitch.

m=0: Keep previous pitch

1: Set proportional space mode

5: Select character pitch (m/360 inch) (Reset proportional space mode)



Function	Command	
• $n_1$ and $n_2$ set point size of font. Point size = $(n_1 + n_2 \times 256) \times 0.5$ point $(0 \le n_1 \le 255) (0 \le n_2 \le 127)$		
Copy resident character set to download area	ESC: NUL(n)(s)	
Create download font	ESC & NUL $(n_1)$ $(n_2)$ $(d_0)$ $(d_1)$ $(d_2)$ $(data)$	
Bit Image Graphics		
Graphics type m graphics	$ESC * (m) (n_1) (n_2) (data)$	
Bit image mode definition	ESC ? $(s)$ $(n)$	
Single-density graphics	ESC K $(n_1)$ $(n_2)$ $(data)$	
Double-density graphics	ESC L $(n_1)$ $(n_2)$ $(data)$	
High-speed double-density graphics	ESC Y $(n_1)$ $(n_2)$ (data)	
Quadruple-density graphics	$ESC Z (n_1) (n_2) (data)$	
Select raster image graphics	ESC ( $G(n_1)(n_2)(d)$	
$n_1 = 1, n_2 = 0$		
d = 1: Raster image graphics mode		
Print raster image graphics	ESC . (c) (v) (h) (m) $(n_1)$ $(n_2)$ (data)	
<b>Cut Sheet Feeder Control</b>		
Feed a sheet from bin 1	ESC EM 1	
Feed a sheet from bin 2	ESC EM 2	
Feed a sheet from bin 3 (*1)	ESC EM E	
Eject a page from the printer	ESC EM R	
Miscellaneous		
Sound the bell	BEL	
Move print head to home position	ESC <	
Unidirectional printing on/off	ESC U (n)	
(on: $n = 1$ , off: $n = 0$ )		
Initialize printer	ESC @	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ast_1}$   $\,$  This is an extended command not supported by the original protocol.



D

# Interface Information

This printer can communicate with a computer through either a RS-232 serial interface or a Centronics parallel interface. The printer can use both interfaces at the same time when the I/F TYPE option is set to AUTO in the Set-Up mode.

This appendix provides information you may need for wiring your own interface cables or for programming computer-to-printer communications. Most users do not need the information in this appendix.

#### Parallel Interface

This printer can communicate with the host in two different modes:

- Unidirectional
  - In this mode, the printer operates an industry standard 8-bit Centronics parallel interface.
- Bidirectional
  - This printer supports bidirectional communication per IEEE 1284 Standard Nibble mode. This printer can switch between Compatible Centronics and Nibble modes.

The interface connector is 36-pin Amphenol type with ESD protection.

The first table gives the connector pin assignments in Compatible Centronics mode, and the second table those in Nibble mode.

The data transmission rate reaches 5,000 characters per second at the minimum.

Designations of circuit direction are provided to indicate the source of the signals.



## **Centronics Compatible Signals**

Pin	Direction	Signal	Description
1	To printer	STROBEL	STROBE pulse low to read data A strobe low signal will raise BUSY line to high.
2 3 4 5 6 7	To printer	DATA BIT 1 DATA BIT 2 DATA BIT 3 DATA BIT 4 DATA BIT 5 DATA BIT 6	These signals are the 1st to the 8th bits of parallel data.  These signals are active high for a logical 1.
8 9	To printer To printer	DATA BIT 7 DATA BIT 8	
10	From printer	ACKNLGL	ACKNLG pulse low indicates data received and ready to receive more data. Sent at power up or after INIT sequence.
11	From printer	BUSYH	"high" indicates the printer can not receive data (buffer full). BUSY high occurs when paper is out, an INIT is received, the printer is offline, or an error condition exists.
12	From printer	PEH	PAPER END high signal indicates paper out.
13	From printer	SLCT H SLCT L	A high signal indicates the printer is in the select state.  Low signal occurs when printer is de selected or an error condition exists.
14			Not used
15			Not used
16			0 volts. Logic ground.
17			Chassis ground.
18			+ 5V. Maximum output current is 50 mA.
19-29		TWP returns	0 volts. All at logic ground.
30		INIT ground	0 volts
31	To printer	INITL	INIT low resets the printer to its initial state and clears the buffer. Printer must see a pulse > 25 microseconds.
32	From printer	ERRORL	This signal is low when the printer is out of paper, not selected, or in an error state.



Pin	Direction	Signal	Description
33			0 volts. Same as pins 14, 19-30.
34			Not used
35			Not used
36			Not used

## **IEEE 1284-B Nibble Mode signals**

The following table briefly gives connector pin assignments in IEEE 1284 mode.

Pin	Direction	Signal	Description
1	To printer	HostClk	High in reverse data transfer phase
2	To printer	DATA BIT 1	These signals are the 1st to the 8th bits of
3	To printer	DATA BIT 2	parallel data.
4	To printer	DATA BIT 3	
5	To printer	DATA BIT 4	These signals are active high for a logical 1.
6	To printer	DATA BIT 5	
7	To printer	DATA BIT 6	
8	To printer	DATA BIT 7	
9	To printer	DATA BIT 8	
10	From printer	PtrClk	Set to low to qualify data on reverse channel
11	From printer	PtrBusy	Reverse channel: Data 3 and 7
12	From printer	AckDataReq	Reverse channel: Data 2 and 6
13	From printer	Xflag	Reverse channel: Data 1 and 5
14	To printer	Host Busy	Set to low to indicate that the host can
			receive data
			Set to high Host Acknowledge Receipt
15			Not used
16			0 volts. Logic ground
17			Chassis ground
18	From printer	Peripheral Logic	Set to high to indicate the printer is ON
		High	and all signals are in valid state.
			- Max output current 50 mA
19-29			0 volts. Signal ground
30			0 volts. Signal ground



Pin	Direction	Signal	Description
31	To printer	Init L	Set to high for Reverse Channel operation
32	From printer	DataAvail L	Reverse channel: Data 0 and 4
33			Not used
34			Not used
35			Not used
36	To printer	SelectIn L	Set to high for Reverse Channel

#### **Serial Interface**

Use the Digital BC16E cable or equivalent. If you prepare a cable separately, the cable connector at the printer side should be a male Modified Modular Jack (MMJ) or the equivalent that conforms to EIA standards.

The following table shows the pin assignments. In the table:

- "Input" denotes a signal from the computer to the printer.
- "Output" denotes a signal from the printer to the computer.
- The signal level for mark state (logical 1) is -5 V to -6 V; for space state (logical 0), it is +5 V to +6 V.

Pin No.	Signal Name	Direction	Description
1	Ready Out	Output	Data Terminal Ready
2	Transmit Data +	Output	This pin carries information from the printer to the computer.
3	Transmit Data -	Output	Common signal level. This pin carries information from the printer to the computer.
4	Receive Data -	Input	Common signal level at the computer side.  This pin carries information from the computer to the printer.
5	Receive Data +	Input	This pin carries information from the computer to the printer.
6	Ready In	Input	Optional (available as Data Set Ready)



#### **Serial Options**

The serial options for the computer and the printer must match. Use the printer control panel, the computer operating system, or your software to change options specified as "selectable."

**Transmission mode:** Asynchronous, full duplex

**Speed:** 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, or 19200 baud (selectable)

**Data bits:** 7 or 8 bits (selectable)

**Parity bit:** Even, odd, none, or ignore (selectable)

Start bit: 1 bit Stop bit: 1 bit

**Buffer control:** XON/XOFF (DC1/DC3) or DTR (Data Terminal Ready)

(selectable)

**Buffer size:** 2K, 8K, 16K, 32K, or 64K bytes (selectable)

#### **Cable Wiring**

Use a null-modem cable to connect the printer to a computer terminal, as shown below:

I	Host	Cable	Printe	r
Ready Out	(Pin 1)		(Pin 6)	Ready In
Transmit Data +	(Pin 2)	<b></b>	(Pin 5)	Receive Data +
Transmit Data -	# (Pin 3)	<b></b>	(Pin 4)	Receive Data -
Receive Data -	(Pin 4)	+	(Pin 3) #	Transmit Data –
Receive Data +	(Pin 5)	<b>←</b>	(Pin 2)	Transmit Data +
Ready In	(Pin 6)	<b>←</b>	(Pin 1)	Ready Out

# indicates grounding.

#### **Buffer Control**

Buffer control is a communication protocol used by the computer terminal and the printer to secure data transmission between the two devices. The buffer control ensures that the computer does not send information to the printer faster than the information can be processed in the printer. By telling the computer when the printer can receive data, the buffer control prevents the printer's buffer from overflowing.

This printer offers a choice of two different buffer controls for connection to a variety of computers: XON/XOFF and DTR. If you computer documentation does not recommend a particular buffer control, try DTR. The following table describes the buffer control.



Buffer Control	Description
XON/XOFF (DC1/DC3)	When the printer is ready to receive data, it sends the XON (DC1) code (hex 11). When fewer than 255 bytes of space remain in the buffer (or when the printer is taken offline), the printer sends the XOFF (DC3) code (hex 13). (When the input buffer is configured for 256 bytes, the buffer limit is reduced from 255 bytes to 63 bytes.) The computer must stop transmitting data within 255 (63) characters of receiving the XOFF code, or information may be lost. If the paper runs out, the printer sends an NAK code (hex 15).
DTR	DTR is a hardware buffer control; that is, the Ready Out signal on interface cable pin 1 (DTR) is used to control the flow of data rather than the transmission of a character code. When the printer is ready to receive data, pin 1 is high. When fewer than 255 (63) bytes of space remain in the buffer (or when the printer is taken offline), pin 1 is low. The computer must stop transmitting data within 255 (63) characters of DTR being low, or information may be lost.

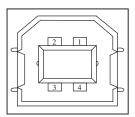


### **USB** Interface

#### Cable

This printer supports the USB 1.1 Full speed specification. To connect to the host, use USB 2.0-compliant INF cables (5 meters/196 inch or shorter). Use shielded cables.

## Connector pin alignment



No.	Signal line name	Function
1	vbus	Power supply
2	D-	Data transfer
3	D+	Data transfer
4	GND	Signal ground
Shell	Shield	

## **Connector specification**

**Printer side** Type B receptacle (female) Upstream port

**Cable side** Type B plug (male)

# **Specification**

Basic specification USB interface compliant

**NOTE:** *It does not guarantee all operations on hosts.* 

**Power control** Self-power device

**Transmission mode** Full speed (Maximum 12 Mbps +0.25%)



E

# **Character Sets**

This appendix provides character sets available for this printer. Available character sets depend on the protocol selected. They are as follows:

- DEC PPL2 protocol
   94-Character sets and 96-Character sets
- Common to IBM Proprinter X24E and XL24E protocol and Epson ESC/P2 protocol Default sets
- IBM Proprinter X24E and XL24E protocol Set 1 and set 2
- Epson ESC/P2 protocol National character sets

These character sets include different characters and symbols that are in accordance with the intended languages or usages. Note that some character sets, even if they have the same character set name, may not have certain characters or symbols, depending on the resident fonts selected. For details, see the table at the end of this appendix.

#### **DEC PPL2 Protocol**

The ASCII character set as well as the National Replacement Character sets, and the DEC Supplemental Character set are given at the end of the section "DEC PPL2 Quick Reference Guide" in Appendix C.

- · ASCII character set
- National Replacement Character sets
   British, DEC Finnish, French, DEC French-Canadian, German, ISO Italian, JIS Roman,
   DEC Norwegian/Danish, ISO Spanish, DEC Swedish, Norwegian/Danish, DEC Dutch,
   DEC Swiss, and DEC Portuguese
- DEC Supplemental Character set

Below are listed the other character sets for the DEC PPL2 protocol:



- DEC Special Graphics Character Set
- DEC Technical Character Set
- ISO Latin-1 Supplemental Character Set \*
- ISO Latin-9 Character Set
- Legal Character Set
- Hebrew Character Sets
  - DEC 7-Bit Hebrew Character Set
  - DEC Hebrew Supplemental Character Set
  - ISO Latin-Hebrew Supplemental Character Set \*
- · Greek Character Sets
  - DEC 8-Bit Greek Supplemental Character Set
  - ISO Latin-Greek Supplemental Character Set \*
- Turkish Character Sets
  - DEC 7-Bit Turkish Character Set
  - DEC 8-Bit Turkish Supplemental Character Set
  - ISO Latin-5 Supplemental Character Set \*
- Eastern European Character Sets
  - ISO Latin-2 Supplemental Character Set \*
  - ISO Latin-Cyrillic Supplemental Character Set \*
- JIS Katakana Character Set

The above character sets followed by an asterisk (\*) are 96-character sets. The others are 94-character sets.



#### **DEC Special Graphics Character Set**

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	l
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	İ
Row 0				0	60 48 30	260 176 B0	@	100 64 40	300 192 C0	Р	120 80 50	320 208 D0	•	140 96 60	340 224 E0	SCAN 3	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	!	41 33 21	241 161 A1	1	61 49 31	261 177 B1	Α	101 65 41	301 193 C1	œ	121 81 51	321 209 D1		141 97 61	341 225 E1	SCAN 5	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	"	42 34 22	242 162 A2	2	62 50 32	262 178 B2	В	102 66 42	302 194 C2	R	122 82 52	322 210 D2	ΗF	142 98 62	342 226 E2	SCAN 7	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	#	43 35 23	243 163 A3	3	63 51 33	263 179 B3	C	103 67 43	303 195 C3	s	123 83 53	323 211 D3	FF	143 99 63	343 227 E3	SCAN 9	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4	\$	44 36 24	244 164 A4	4	64 52 34	264 180 B4	D	104 68 44	304 196 C4	Т	124 84 54	324 212 D4	OR	144 100 64	344 228 E4		164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	%	45 37 25	245 165 A5	5	65 53 35	265 181 B5	Е	105 69 45	305 197 C5	U	125 85 55	325 213 D5	LF	145 101 65	345 229 E5	т	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6	&	46 38 26	246 166 A6	6	66 54 36	266 182 B6	F	106 70 46	306 198 C6	٧	126 86 56	326 214 D6	٥	146 102 66	346 230 E6	4	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	,	47 39 27	247 167 A7	7	67 55 37	267 183 B7	G	107 71 47	307 199 C7	W	127 87 57	327 215 D7	±	147 103 67	347 231 E7	Т	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	(	50 40 28	250 168 A8	8	70 56 38	270 184 B8	н	110 72 48	310 200 C8	х	130 88 58	330 216 D8	ΝL	150 104 68	350 232 E8	1	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	)	51 41 29	251 169 A9	9	71 57 39	271 185 B9	Ι	111 73 49	311 201 C9	Υ	131 89 59	331 217 D9	٧	151 105 69	351 233 E9	۷۱	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	*	52 42 2A	252 170 AA	:	72 58 3A	272 186 BA	J	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	z	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	٦	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	N	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	+	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	;	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	K	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	[	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	٢	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	π	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12	,	54 44 2C	254 172 AC	٧	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	٦	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	/	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	L	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	<b>≠</b>	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13	_	55 45 2D	255 173 AD	-	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	М	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	1	135 93 5D	335 221 DD	٦	155 109 6D	355 237 ED	£	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14		56 46 2E	256 174 AE	۸	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	N	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	۸	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	+	156 110 6E	356 238 EE		176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15	/	57 47 2F	257 175 AF	?	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	0	117 79 4F	317 207 CF		137 95 5F	337 223 DF	SCAN 1	157 111 6F	357 239 EF				15

**LEGEND** 

	GL	GR	
	4/1	12/1	Column/Row
Α	101 65	301 193	Octal Decimal
	I 41	I C1 I	Hex



#### **DEC Technical Character Set**

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0				}	60 48 30	260 176 B0		100 64 40	300 192 C0	П	120 80 50	320 208 D0	Г	140 96 60	340 224 E0	π	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	7	41 33 21	241 161 A1	7	61 49 31	261 177 B1	α	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Ψ	121 81 51	321 209 D1	α	141 97 61	341 225 E1	Ψ	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	ᆫ	42 34 22	242 162 A2	Z	62 50 32	262 178 B2	8	102 66 42	302 194 C2		122 82 52	322 210 D2	β	142 98 62	342 226 E2	ρ	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	l	43 35 23	243 163 A3	/	63 51 33	263 179 B3	÷	103 67 43	303 195 C3	Σ	123 83 53	323 211 D3	χ	143 99 63	343 227 E3	б	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4	١	44 36 24	244 164 A4	/	64 52 34	264 180 B4	4	104 68 44	304 196 C4		124 84 54	324 212 D4	δ	144 100 64	344 228 E4	τ	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	_	45 37 25	245 165 A5	Г	65 53 35	265 181 B5	$\triangleright$	105 69 45	305 197 C5		125 85 55	325 213 D5	ε	145 101 65	345 229 E5		165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6		46 38 26	246 166 A6	7	66 54 36	266 182 B6	Φ	106 70 46	306 198 C6	7	126 86 56	326 214 D6	ф	146 102 66	346 230 E6	f	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	٦	47 39 27	247 167 A7	>	67 55 37	267 183 B7	Γ	107 71 47	307 199 C7	Ω	127 87 57	327 215 D7	γ	147 103 67	347 231 E7	ω	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	ш	50 40 28	250 168 A8		70 56 38	270 184 B8	l	110 72 48	310 200 C8	[1]	130 88 58	330 216 D8	η	150 104 68	350 232 E8	uς	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	_	51 41 29	251 169 A9		71 57 39	271 185 B9	ข	111 73 49	311 201 C9	Υ	131 89 59	331 217 D9	ι	151 105 69	351 233 E9	P	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	<b>-</b>	52 42 2A	252 170 AA		72 58 3A	272 186 BA	Φ	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	U	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	θ	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	کی	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	~	53 43 2B	253 171 AB		73 59 3B	273 187 BB	×	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	n	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	к	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	Į	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12	5	54 44 2C	254 172 AC	≤	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	Λ	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	C	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	λ	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	1	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13	ì	55 45 2D	255 173 AD	<b>≠</b>	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	\$	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	٦	135 93 5D	335 221 DD		155 109 6D	355 237 ED	$\rightarrow$	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14	J	56 46 2E	256 174 AE	Δ	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	1	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	^	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	ν	156 110 6E	356 238 EE	↓	176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15	{	57 47 2F	257 175 AF	ſ	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	=	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	<b>V</b>	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	д	157 111 6F	357 239 EF				15

**LEGEND** 

	GL	GR	
	4/1	12/1	Column/Row
α	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Octal Decimal Hex



#### ISO Latin-1 Supplemental Character Set

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	1
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0	NBSP		240 160 A0	٥		260 176 B0	À		300 192 C0	Ð		320 208 D0	à		340 224 E0	á		360 240 F0	Row 0
1	i		241 161 A1	±		261 177 B1	Á		301 193 C1	Ñ		321 209 D1	á		341 225 E1	ñ		361 241 F1	1
2	¢		242 162 A2	2		262 178 B2	Â		302 194 C2	ò		322 210 D2	â		342 226 E2	ò		362 242 F2	2
3	£		243 163 A3	3		263 179 B3	Ã		303 195 C3	ó		323 211 D3	ã		343 227 E3	ó		363 243 F3	3
4	¤		244 164 A4	,		264 180 B4	Ä		304 196 C4	ô		324 212 D4	:a		344 228 E4	ô		364 244 F4	4
5	¥		245 165 A5	μ		265 181 B5	Å		305 197 C5	õ		325 213 D5	å		345 229 E5	õ		365 245 F5	5
6	-		246 166 A6	¶		266 182 B6	Æ		306 198 C6	ö		326 214 D6	æ		346 230 E6	ö		366 246 F6	6
7	§		247 167 A7	•		267 183 B7	Ç		307 199 C7	×		327 215 D7	G		347 231 E7	*		367 247 F7	7
8			250 168 A8	s		270 184 B8	È		310 200 C8	ø		330 216 D8	è		350 232 E8	Ø		370 248 F8	8
9	©		251 169 A9	1		271 185 B9	٦Ш		311 201 C9	'n		331 217 D9	<b>~</b> @		351 233 E9	'n		371 249 F9	9
10	<u>a</u>		252 170 AA	<u>o</u>		272 186 BA	Ê		312 202 CA	ύ		332 218 DA	¢e		352 234 EA	ú		372 250 FA	10
11	«		253 171 AB	*		273 187 BB	:Ш		313 203 CB	Û		333 219 DB	:@		353 235 EB	û		373 251 FB	11
12	Г		254 172 AC	1/4		274 188 BC	Ì		314 204 CC	Ü		334 220 DC	<b>/-</b>		354 236 EC	:u		374 252 FC	12
13	-		255 173 AD	1/2		275 189 BD	Í		315 205 CD	Ý		335 221 DD	í		355 237 ED	ý		375 253 FD	13
14	R		256 174 AE	3/4		276 190 BE	Î		316 206 CE	Þ		336 222 DE	î		356 238 EE	Þ		376 254 FE	14
15	-		257 175 AF	¿		277 191 BF	Ï		317 207 CF	В		337 223 DF	ï		357 239 EF	ÿ		377 255 FF	15

LEGEND | GR | 12/1 | Column/Row | Octal | Decimal | Hex



#### Legal

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	l
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0				0	60 48 30	260 176 B0	@	100 64 40	300 192 C0	Р	120 80 50	320 208 D0	_	140 96 60	340 224 E0	р	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	!	41 33 21	241 161 A1	1	61 49 31	261 177 B1	Α	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Q	121 81 51	321 209 D1	а	141 97 61	341 225 E1	q	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	"	42 34 22	242 162 A2	2	62 50 32	262 178 B2	В	102 66 42	302 194 C2	R	122 82 52	322 210 D2	b	142 98 62	342 226 E2	r	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	#	43 35 23	243 163 A3	3	63 51 33	263 179 B3	O	103 67 43	303 195 C3	s	123 83 53	323 211 D3	С	143 99 63	343 227 E3	S	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4	\$	44 36 24	244 164 A4	4	64 52 34	264 180 B4	D	104 68 44	304 196 C4	Т	54	324 212 D4	d	144 100 64	344 228 E4	t	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	%	45 37 25	245 165 A5	5	65 53 35	265 181 B5	ш	105 69 45	305 197 C5	U	85 55	325 213 D5	е	145 101 65	345 229 E5	u	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6	&	46 38 26	246 166 A6	6	66 54 36	266 182 B6	ш	106 70 46	306 198 C6	٧	86 56	326 214 D6	f	146 102 66	346 230 E6	٧	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	•	47 39 27	247 167 A7	7	67 55 37	267 183 B7	G	107 71 47	307 199 C7	w	57	327 215 D7	g	147 103 67	347 231 E7	w	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	(	50 40 28	250 168 A8	8	70 56 38	270 184 B8	H	110 72 48	310 200 C8	х	58	330 216 D8	h	150 104 68	350 232 E8	х	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	)	51 41 29	251 169 A9	9	71 57 39	271 185 B9	Ι	111 73 49	311 201 C9	Υ	59	331 217 D9	i	151 105 69	351 233 E9	у	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	*	52 42 2A	252 170 AA		72 58 3A	272 186 BA	7	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	z	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	j	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	z	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	+	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	;	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	ĸ	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	[	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	k	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	w	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12	,	54 44 2C	254 172 AC	٧	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	١	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	R	5C	334 220 DC	I	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	¶	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13	_	55 45 2D	255 173 AD	=	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	М	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	]	135 93 5D	335 221 DD	m	155 109 6D	355 237 ED	†	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14		56 46 2E	256 174 AE	۸	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	N	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	©	5E	336 222 DE	n	156 110 6E	356 238 EE	ТМ	176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15	/	57 47 2F	257 175 AF	?	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	0	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	_	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	0	157 111 6F	357 239 EF				15

LEGEND

	GL	GR	
	4/1	12/1	Column/Row
Α	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Octal Decimal Hex



#### **DEC 7-Bit Hebrew Character Set**

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0				0	60 48 30	260 176 B0	@	100 64 40	300 192 C0	Р	120 80 50	320 208 D0	צ	140 96 60	340 224 E0	٦	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	!	41 33 21	241 161 A1	1	61 49 31	261 177 B1	Α	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Q	121 81 51	321 209 D1	コ	141 97 61	341 225 E1	D	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2		42 34 22	242 162 A2	2	62 50 32	262 178 B2	В	102 66 42	302 194 C2	R	122 82 52	322 210 D2	٦	142 98 62	342 226 E2	ע	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	#	43 35 23	243 163 A3	3	63 51 33	263 179 B3	C	103 67 43	303 195 C3	s	123 83 53	323 211 D3	Т	143 99 63	343 227 E3	£_	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4	\$	44 36 24	244 164 A4	4	64 52 34	264 180 B4	D	104 68 44	304 196 C4	Т	124 84 54	324 212 D4	Γ	144 100 64	344 228 E4	ค	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	%	45 37 25	245 165 A5	5	65 53 35	265 181 B5	ш	105 69 45	305 197 C5	٦	125 85 55	325 213 D5	1	145 101 65	345 229 E5	7	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6	&	46 38 26	246 166 A6	6	66 54 36	266 182 B6	F	106 70 46	306 198 C6	٧	126 86 56	326 214 D6	7	146 102 66	346 230 E6	カ	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	•	47 39 27	247 167 A7	7	67 55 37	267 183 B7	G	107 71 47	307 199 C7	W	127 87 57	327 215 D7		147 103 67	347 231 E7	$\Box$	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	(	50 40 28	250 168 A8	8	70 56 38	270 184 B8	Н	110 72 48	310 200 C8	х	130 88 58	330 216 D8	v	150 104 68	350 232 E8	Γ	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	)	51 41 29	251 169 A9	9	71 57 39	271 185 B9	Ι	111 73 49	311 201 C9	Υ	131 89 59	331 217 D9	7	151 105 69	351 233 E9	۶	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	*	52 42 2A	252 170 AA		72 58 3A	272 186 BA	J	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	Z	132 90 5A	332 218 DA		152 106 6A	352 234 EA	Л	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	+	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	;	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	K	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	[	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	Π	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	~	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12	,	54 44 2C	254 172 AC	٧	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	٦	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	/	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	ל	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	_	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13	_	55 45 2D	255 173 AD	II	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	М	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	]	135 93 5D	335 221 DD		155 109 6D	355 237 ED	}	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14		56 46 2E	256 174 AE	۸	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	N	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	۸	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	מ	156 110 6E	356 238 EE	2	176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15	/	57 47 2F	257 175 AF	?	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	0	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	_	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	1	157 111 6F	357 239 EF				15

**LEGEND** 

	GL	GR	
	4/1	12/1	Column/Row
Α	101 65	301 193	Octal Decimal



#### **DEC Hebrew Supplemental Character Set**

		GL	GR		GL	GR	GL	GR	GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	1
	Column	2	10		3	11	4	12	5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0				0	60 48 30	260 176 B0	100 64 40	300 192 C0	120 80 50	320 208 D0	א	140 96 60	340 224 E0	٦	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	i	41 33 21	241 161 A1	±	61 49 31	261 177 B1	101 65 41	301 193 C1	121 81 51	321 209 D1	ユ	141 97 61	341 225 E1	ס	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	¢	42 34 22	242 162 A2	2	62 50 32	262 178 B2	102 66 42	302 194 C2	122 82 52	322 210 D2	٦	142 98 62	342 226 E2	ע	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	£	43 35 23	243 163 A3	3	63 51 33	263 179 B3	103 67 43	303 195 C3	123 83 53	323 211 D3	丁	143 99 63	343 227 E3	J	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4		44 36 24	244 164 A4		64 52 34	264 180 B4	104 68 44	304 196 C4	124 84 54	324 212 D4	Γ	144 100 64	344 228 E4	ผา	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	¥	45 37 25	245 165 A5	μ	65 53 35	265 181 B5	105 69 45	305 197 C5	125 85 55	325 213 D5	١	145 101 65	345 229 E5	7	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6		46 38 26	246 166 A6	¶	66 54 36	266 182 B6	106 70 46	306 198 C6	126 86 56	326 214 D6	7	146 102 66	346 230 E6	ソ	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	(A)	47 39 27	247 167 A7	•	67 55 37	267 183 B7	107 71 47	307 199 C7	127 87 57	327 215 D7		147 103 67	347 231 E7	D.	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	¤	50 40 28	250 168 A8		70 56 38	270 184 B8	110 72 48	310 200 C8	130 88 58	330 216 D8	V	150 104 68	350 232 E8	$\neg$	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	<b>©</b>	51 41 29	251 169 A9	1	71 57 39	271 185 B9	111 73 49	311 201 C9	131 89 59	331 217 D9	۴	151 105 69	351 233 E9	چ	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	<u>a</u>	52 42 2A	252 170 AA	<u>o</u>	72 58 3A	272 186 BA	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	$\neg$	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	П	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	×	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	*	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	Π	153 107 6B	353 235 EB		173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12		54 44 2C	254 172 AC	1/4	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	ל	154 108 6C	354 236 EC		174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13		55 45 2D	255 173 AD	1/2	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	135 93 5D	335 221 DD		155 109 6D	355 237 ED		175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14		56 46 2E	256 174 AE		76 62 3E	276 190 BE	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	ב	156 110 6E	356 238 EE		176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15		57 47 2F	257 175 AF	ė	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	)	157 111 6F	357 239 EF				15

| Column/Row | GL | GR | 4/1 | 12/1 | Column/Row | 101 | 301 | 65 | 193 | Hex | Hex | Column/Row | Cotal | Decimal | Column/Row | Cotal | Column/Row | Colu



#### ISO Latin-Hebrew Supplemental Character Set

		GL	GR		GL	GR	GL	GR	GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	1
	Column	2	10		3	11	4	12	5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0	NBSP		240 160 A0	۰		260 176 B0		300 192 C0		320 208 D0	צ		340 224 E0	۲		360 240 F0	Row 0
1			241 161 A1	±		261 177 B1		301 193 C1		321 209 D1	コ		341 225 E1	D		361 241 F1	1
2	¢		242 162 A2	2		262 178 B2		302 194 C2		322 210 D2	٦		342 226 E2	ע		362 242 F2	2
3	£		243 163 A3	3		263 179 B3		303 195 C3		323 211 D3	Τ		343 227 E3	بل		363 243 F3	3
4	¤		244 164 A4	`		264 180 B4		304 196 C4		324 212 D4	Γ		344 228 E4	ค		364 244 F4	4
5	¥		245 165 A5	μ		265 181 B5		305 197 C5		325 213 D5	-		345 229 E5	メ		365 245 F5	5
6	-		246 166 A6	¶		266 182 B6		306 198 C6		326 214 D6	7		346 230 E6	と		366 246 F6	6
7	§		247 167 A7	٠		267 183 B7		307 199 C7		327 215 D7	$\Gamma$		347 231 E7	<u>p</u>		367 247 F7	7
8			250 168 A8	3		270 184 B8		310 200 C8		330 216 D8	2		350 232 E8	ſ		370 248 F8	8
9	©		251 169 A9	1		271 185 B9		311 201 C9		331 217 D9	٢		351 233 E9	R		371 249 F9	9
10	×		252 170 AA	+		272 186 BA		312 202 CA		332 218 DA	Γ		352 234 EA	Л		372 250 FA	10
11	«		253 171 AB	*		273 187 BB		313 203 CB		333 219 DB	П		353 235 EB			373 251 FB	11
12			254 172 AC	1/4		274 188 BC		314 204 CC		334 220 DC	ר		354 236 EC			374 252 FC	12
13	-		255 173 AD	1/2		275 189 BD		315 205 CD		335 221 DD			355 237 ED			375 253 FD	13
14	R		256 174 AE	3/4		276 190 BE		316 206 CE		336 222 DE	ם		356 238 EE			376 254 FE	14
15	_		257 175 AF			277 191 BF		317 207 CF		337 223 DF	1		357 239 EF			377 255 FF	15

LEGEND GR 12/1 Column/Row 3301 Decimal Hex



#### **DEC Greek Supplemental Character Set**

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	1
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	1
Row 0				٥	60 48 30	260 176 B0	 1	100 64 40	300 192 C0		120 80 50	320 208 D0	ΰ	140 96 60	340 224 E0		160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	ï	41 33 21	241 161 A1	±	61 49 31	261 177 B1	Α	101 65 41	301 193 C1	П	121 81 51	321 209 D1	α	141 97 61	341 225 E1	π	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	¢	42 34 22	242 162 A2	2	62 50 32	262 178 B2	В	102 66 42	302 194 C2	P	122 82 52	322 210 D2	β	142 98 62	342 226 E2	ρ	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	£	43 35 23	243 163 A3	3	63 51 33	263 179 B3	Γ	103 67 43	303 195 C3	Σ	123 83 53	323 211 D3	γ	143 99 63	343 227 E3	ь	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4		44 36 24	244 164 A4		64 52 34	264 180 B4	Δ	104 68 44	304 196 C4	T	124 84 54	324 212 D4	δ	144 100 64	344 228 E4	τ	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	¥	45 37 25	245 165 A5	μ	65 53 35	265 181 B5	Е	105 69 45	305 197 C5	Y	125 85 55	325 213 D5	ω	145 101 65	345 229 E5	υ	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6		46 38 26	246 166 A6	¶	66 54 36	266 182 B6	Z	106 70 46	306 198 C6	Φ	126 86 56	326 214 D6	ک	146 102 66	346 230 E6	ф	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	w	47 39 27	247 167 A7	•	67 55 37	267 183 B7	Н	107 71 47	307 199 C7	X	127 87 57	327 215 D7	η	147 103 67	347 231 E7	χ	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	¤	50 40 28	250 168 A8		70 56 38	270 184 B8	•	110 72 48	310 200 C8	Ψ	130 88 58	330 216 D8	θ	150 104 68	350 232 E8	Ψ	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	<b>©</b>	51 41 29	251 169 A9	1	71 57 39	271 185 B9	I	111 73 49	311 201 C9	Ω	131 89 59	331 217 D9	ι	151 105 69	351 233 E9	8	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	<u>a</u>	52 42 2A	252 170 AA	<u>o</u>	72 58 3A	272 186 BA	K	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	ťα	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	κ	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	Ç	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	×	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	>>	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	Λ	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	~ω	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	λ	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	-2	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12		54 44 2C	254 172 AC	1/4	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	M	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	۴,	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	μ	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	-8	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13		55 45 2D	255 173 AD	1/2	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	N	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	i	135 93 5D	335 221 DD	٧	155 109 6D	355 237 ED	٠	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14		56 46 2E	256 174 AE		76 62 3E	276 190 BE	Ξ	116 78 4E	316 206 CE		136 94 5E	336 222 DE	ξ	156 110 6E	356 238 EE		176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15		57 47 2F	257 175 AF	خ	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	o	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	0	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	o	157 111 6F	357 239 EF				15

| Column/Row | GL | GR | 4/1 | 12/1 | Column/Row | A | 65 | 193 | Hex | Hex | Column/Row | Cotal | Decimal | Column/Row | Cotal | Cota



#### ISO Latin-Greek Supplemental Character Set

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	1
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0	NBSP	40 32 20	240 160 A0	0	60 48 30	260 176 B0	.! 1	100 64 40	300 192 C0	П	120 80 50	320 208 D0	: v	140 96 60	340 224 E0	π	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	,	41 33 21	241 161 A1	±	61 49 31	261 177 B1	Α	101 65 41	301 193 C1	P	121 81 51	321 209 D1	α	141 97 61	341 225 E1	ρ	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	`	42 34 22	242 162 A2	2	62 50 32	262 178 B2	В	102 66 42	302 194 C2		122 82 52	322 210 D2	β	142 98 62	342 226 E2	Ç	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	£	43 35 23	243 163 A3	3	63 51 33	263 179 B3	Γ	103 67 43	303 195 C3	Σ	123 83 53	323 211 D3	γ	143 99 63	343 227 E3	ь	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4		44 36 24	244 164 A4	٠	64 52 34	264 180 B4	Δ	104 68 44	304 196 C4	Т	124 84 54	324 212 D4	δ	144 100 64	344 228 E4	τ	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5		45 37 25	245 165 A5	*:	65 53 35	265 181 B5	Е	105 69 45	305 197 C5	Y	125 85 55	325 213 D5	ε	145 101 65	345 229 E5	υ	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6		46 38 26	246 166 A6	†A	66 54 36	266 182 B6	Z	106 70 46	306 198 C6	Φ	126 86 56	326 214 D6	ک	146 102 66	346 230 E6	ф	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	w	47 39 27	247 167 A7	٠	67 55 37	267 183 B7	Н	107 71 47	307 199 C7	х	127 87 57	327 215 D7	η	147 103 67	347 231 E7	χ	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	:	50 40 28	250 168 A8	'E	70 56 38	270 184 B8	•	110 72 48	310 200 C8	Ψ	130 88 58	330 216 D8	θ	150 104 68	350 232 E8	¥	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	©	51 41 29	251 169 A9	'H	71 57 39	271 185 B9	I	111 73 49	311 201 C9	Ω	131 89 59	331 217 D9	ι	151 105 69	351 233 E9	ω	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10		52 42 2A	252 170 AA	† <sub>I</sub>	72 58 3A	272 186 BA	K	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	ï	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	κ	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	ï	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	*	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	*	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	Λ	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	Ϋ	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	λ	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	ΰ	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12	Г	54 44 2C	254 172 AC	'o	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	M	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	ά	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	μ	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	0	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13	-	55 45 2D	255 173 AD	1/2	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	N	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	έ	135 93 5D	335 221 DD	ν	155 109 6D	355 237 ED	ΰ	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14		56 46 2E	256 174 AE	'n	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	H	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	ή	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	ξ	156 110 6E	356 238 EE	ώ	176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15	_	57 47 2F	257 175 AF	'Ω	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	o	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	i	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	o	157 111 6F	357 239 EF		177 127 7F	377 255 FF	15

**LEGEND** 

	GL	GR	
	4/1	12/1	Column/Row
Α	101 65	301 193	Octal Decimal



#### **DEC 7-Bit Turkish Character Set**

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	l
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0				0	60 48 30	260 176 B0	i	100 64 40	300 192 C0	Р	120 80 50	320 208 D0	Ğ	140 96 60	340 224 E0	р	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	ı	41 33 21	241 161 A1	1	61 49 31	261 177 B1	Α	101 65 41	301 193 C1	œ	121 81 51	321 209 D1	а	141 97 61	341 225 E1	q	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	"	42 34 22	242 162 A2	2	62 50 32	262 178 B2	В	102 66 42	302 194 C2	R	122 82 52	322 210 D2	b	142 98 62	342 226 E2	r	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	#	43 35 23	243 163 A3	3	63 51 33	263 179 B3	O	103 67 43	303 195 C3	Ø	123 83 53	323 211 D3	O	143 99 63	343 227 E3	ø	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4	\$	44 36 24	244 164 A4	4	64 52 34	264 180 B4	ם	104 68 44	304 196 C4	۲	124 84 54	324 212 D4	a	144 100 64	344 228 E4	t	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	%	45 37 25	245 165 A5	5	65 53 35	265 181 B5	ш	105 69 45	305 197 C5	٥	125 85 55	325 213 D5	Φ	145 101 65	345 229 E5	a	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6	νg	46 38 26	246 166 A6	6	66 54 36	266 182 B6	ш	106 70 46	306 198 C6	>	126 86 56	326 214 D6	f	146 102 66	346 230 E6	٧	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	•	47 39 27	247 167 A7	7	67 55 37	267 183 B7	G	107 71 47	307 199 C7	W	127 87 57	327 215 D7	g	147 103 67	347 231 E7	w	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	(	50 40 28	250 168 A8	8	70 56 38	270 184 B8	Н	110 72 48	310 200 C8	Х	130 88 58	330 216 D8	h	150 104 68	350 232 E8	х	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	)	51 41 29	251 169 A9	9	71 57 39	271 185 B9	Ι	111 73 49	311 201 C9	Υ	131 89 59	331 217 D9	i	151 105 69	351 233 E9	у	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	*	52 42 2A	252 170 AA	:	72 58 3A	272 186 BA	J	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	z	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	j	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	z	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	+	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	;	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	ĸ	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	ഗ	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	k	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	œ	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12	,	54 44 2C	254 172 AC	٧	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	١	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	ю	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	I	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	:0	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13	_	55 45 2D	255 173 AD	=	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	М	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	ç	135 93 5D	335 221 DD	m	155 109 6D	355 237 ED	ç	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14	•	56 46 2E	256 174 AE	۸	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	N	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	Ü	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	n	156 110 6E	356 238 EE	ü	176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15	/	57 47 2F	257 175 AF	?	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	0	117 79 4F	317 207 CF		137 95 5F	337 223 DF	0	157 111 6F	357 239 EF				15

LEGEND

	GL	GR	
	4/1	12/1	Column/Row
Α	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Octal Decimal Hex



#### DEC 8-Bit Turkish Supplemental Character Set

		GL	GR	I	GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	1
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0				٥	60 48 30	260 176 B0	À	100 64 40	300 192 C0	Ğ	120 80 50	320 208 D0	à	140 96 60	340 224 E0	ğ	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	i	41 33 21	241 161 A1	±	61 49 31	261 177 B1	Á	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Ñ	121 81 51	321 209 D1	à	141 97 61	341 225 E1	ñ	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	¢	42 34 22	242 162 A2	2	62 50 32	262 178 B2	Â	102 66 42	302 194 C2	ò	122 82 52	322 210 D2	â	142 98 62	342 226 E2	۰٥	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	£	43 35 23	243 163 A3	3	63 51 33	263 179 B3	Ã	103 67 43	303 195 C3	ó	123 83 53	323 211 D3	≀a	143 99 63	343 227 E3	۰	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4		44 36 24	244 164 A4		64 52 34	264 180 B4	Ä	104 68 44	304 196 C4	ô	124 84 54	324 212 D4	:a	144 100 64	344 228 E4	°O	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	¥	45 37 25	245 165 A5	μ	65 53 35	265 181 B5	Å	105 69 45	305 197 C5	õ	125 85 55	325 213 D5	°a	145 101 65	345 229 E5	łо	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6		46 38 26	246 166 A6	¶	66 54 36	266 182 B6	Æ	106 70 46	306 198 C6	ö	126 86 56	326 214 D6	æ	146 102 66	346 230 E6	:0	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	Ø	47 39 27	247 167 A7	•	67 55 37	267 183 B7	Ç	107 71 47	307 199 C7	Œ	127 87 57	327 215 D7	ç	147 103 67	347 231 E7	æ	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	¤	50 40 28	250 168 A8		70 56 38	270 184 B8	È	110 72 48	310 200 C8	Ø	130 88 58	330 216 D8	∕e	150 104 68	350 232 E8	Ø	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	<b>©</b>	51 41 29	251 169 A9	1	71 57 39	271 185 B9	٦Ш	111 73 49	311 201 C9	ù	131 89 59	331 217 D9	۰0	151 105 69	351 233 E9	'n	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	<u>a</u>	52 42 2A	252 170 AA	<u>o</u>	72 58 3A	272 186 BA	Ê	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	ú	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	۰	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	'n	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	×	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	<b>»</b>	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	:Ш	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	Û	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	:Ф	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	ŧũ	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12		54 44 2C	254 172 AC	1/4	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	Ì	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	ü	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	~	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	ü	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13		55 45 2D	255 173 AD	1/2	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	Í	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	Ÿ	135 93 5D	335 221 DD	۲_	155 109 6D	355 237 ED	ÿ	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14	i	56 46 2E	256 174 AE	ı	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	Î	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	ş	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	î	156 110 6E	356 238 EE	ഗ	176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15		57 47 2F	257 175 AF	¿	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	Ϊ	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	β	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	ï	157 111 6F	357 239 EF				15

**LEGEND** 

	GL	GR	
	4/1	12/1	Column/Row
Á	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Octal Decimal Hex



#### ISO Latin-5 Supplemental Character Set

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	1
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	1
Row 0	NBSP	40 32 20	240 160 A0	٥	60 48 30	260 176 B0	À	100 64 40	300 192 C0	Ğ	120 80 50	320 208 D0	à	140 96 60	340 224 E0	ğ	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	i	41 33 21	241 161 A1	±	61 49 31	261 177 B1	Á	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Ñ	121 81 51	321 209 D1	á	141 97 61	341 225 E1	ñ	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	¢	42 34 22	242 162 A2	2	62 50 32	262 178 B2	Â	102 66 42	302 194 C2	ó	122 82 52	322 210 D2	٠a	142 98 62	342 226 E2	۰0	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	<del></del>	43 35 23	243 163 A3	3	63 51 33	263 179 B3	۲A	103 67 43	303 195 C3	ó	123 83 53	323 211 D3	۷a	143 99 63	343 227 E3	۰0	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4	¤	44 36 24	244 164 A4	,	64 52 34	264 180 B4	Ä	104 68 44	304 196 C4	ô	124 84 54	324 212 D4	:a	144 100 64	344 228 E4	<b>'</b> 0	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	¥	45 37 25	245 165 A5	μ	65 53 35	265 181 B5	Å	105 69 45	305 197 C5	õ	125 85 55	325 213 D5	°a	145 101 65	345 229 E5	гo	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6		46 38 26	246 166 A6	¶	66 54 36	266 182 B6	Æ	106 70 46	306 198 C6	ö	126 86 56	326 214 D6	æ	146 102 66	346 230 E6	:0	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	(A)	47 39 27	247 167 A7	•	67 55 37	267 183 B7	ው	107 71 47	307 199 C7	×	127 87 57	327 215 D7	φ	147 103 67	347 231 E7	+	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	•	50 40 28	250 168 A8	3	70 56 38	270 184 B8	Æ	110 72 48	310 200 C8	Ø	130 88 58	330 216 D8	⁄e	150 104 68	350 232 E8	Ö	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	©	51 41 29	251 169 A9	1	71 57 39	271 185 B9	É	111 73 49	311 201 C9	ù	131 89 59	331 217 D9	è	151 105 69	351 233 E9	ù	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	<u>a</u>	52 42 2A	252 170 AA	<u>o</u>	72 58 3A	272 186 BA	Ê	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	ύ	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	<b>ê</b>	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	ú	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	*	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	*	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	Ë	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	Û	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	:e	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	û	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12	Γ	54 44 2C	254 172 AC	1/4	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	Ì	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	ü	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	<i>&gt;</i> _	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	:u	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13	-	55 45 2D	255 173 AD	1/2	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	Í	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	İ	135 93 5D	335 221 DD	1	155 109 6D	355 237 ED	ı	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14	R	56 46 2E	256 174 AE	3/4	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	Î	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	ş	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	î	156 110 6E	356 238 EE	ş	176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15	-	57 47 2F	257 175 AF	¿	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	Ï	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	β	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	ï	157 111 6F	357 239 EF	ÿ	177 127 7F	377 255 FF	15

**LEGEND** 

GR
12/1 Column/Row
Octal
Octal
Decimal
Hex



#### ISO Latin-2 Supplemental Character Set

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	1
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0	NBSP	40 32 20	240 160 A0	۰	60 48 30	260 176 B0	Ŕ	100 64 40	300 192 C0	Ð	120 80 50	320 208 D0	ŕ	140 96 60	340 224 E0	á	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	Ą	41 33 21	241 161 A1	ą	61 49 31	261 177 B1	Á	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Ń	121 81 51	321 209 D1	á	141 97 61	341 225 E1	ń	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	)	42 34 22	242 162 A2	،	62 50 32	262 178 B2	Â	102 66 42	302 194 C2	Ň	122 82 52	322 210 D2	â	142 98 62	342 226 E2	ň	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	Ł	43 35 23	243 163 A3	ł	63 51 33	263 179 B3	Ă	103 67 43	303 195 C3	ó	123 83 53	323 211 D3	ă	143 99 63	343 227 E3	6	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4	¤	44 36 24	244 164 A4	,	64 52 34	264 180 B4	Ä	104 68 44	304 196 C4	ô	124 84 54	324 212 D4	ä	144 100 64	344 228 E4	ô	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	Ľ	45 37 25	245 165 A5	ĭ	65 53 35	265 181 B5	Ĺ	105 69 45	305 197 C5	ő	125 85 55	325 213 D5	í	145 101 65	345 229 E5	١,0	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6	~ທ	46 38 26	246 166 A6	ś	66 54 36	266 182 B6	٠u	106 70 46	306 198 C6	ö	126 86 56	326 214 D6	ć	146 102 66	346 230 E6	:0	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	w	47 39 27	247 167 A7	*	67 55 37	267 183 B7	ဟု	107 71 47	307 199 C7	×	127 87 57	327 215 D7	ç	147 103 67	347 231 E7	+	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	•	50 40 28	250 168 A8	3	70 56 38	270 184 B8	٧0	110 72 48	310 200 C8	Ř	130 88 58	330 216 D8	٥,	150 104 68	350 232 E8	'n	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	> O	51 41 29	251 169 A9	>6	71 57 39	271 185 B9	۱E	111 73 49	311 201 C9	ů	131 89 59	331 217 D9	é	151 105 69	351 233 E9	٠u	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	ഗ	52 42 2A	252 170 AA	ទូវ	72 58 3A	272 186 BA	۴	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	ύ	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	ę	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	٠́u	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	Ť	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	ť	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	Ë	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	ű	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	ë	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	ű	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12	ź	54 44 2C	254 172 AC	ź	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	Ě	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	ü	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	ě	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	ü	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13	-	55 45 2D	255 173 AD	"	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	Í	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	Ý	135 93 5D	335 221 DD	1	155 109 6D	355 237 ED	ý	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14	ž	56 46 2E	256 174 AE	ž	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	Î	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	Ţ	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	î	156 110 6E	356 238 EE	ţ	176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15	ž	57 47 2F	257 175 AF	ž	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	۵	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	ß	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	ď	157 111 6F	357 239 EF	•	177 127 7F	377 255 FF	15

**LEGEND** 

	GL	GR	
	4/1	12/1	Column/Row
,	101	301	Octal
Δ	65	193	Decimal
	41	l C1 l	Hex



#### ISO Latin-Cyrillic Supplemental Character Set

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	1
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0	NBSP	40 32 20	240 160 A0	A	60 48 30	260 176 B0	P	100 64 40	300 192 C0	a	120 80 50	320 208 D0	ρ	140 96 60	340 224 E0	N°	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	Ë	41 33 21	241 161 A1	Б	61 49 31	261 177 B1	С	101 65 41	301 193 C1	δ	121 81 51	321 209 D1	с	141 97 61	341 225 E1	e e	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	ъ	42 34 22	242 162 A2	В	62 50 32	262 178 B2	Т	102 66 42	302 194 C2	В	122 82 52	322 210 D2	Т	142 98 62	342 226 E2	ħ	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	ŕ	43 35 23	243 163 A3	Γ	63 51 33	263 179 B3	У	103 67 43	303 195 C3	Γ	123 83 53	323 211 D3	у	143 99 63	343 227 E3	, L	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4	€	44 36 24	244 164 A4	Д	64 52 34	264 180 B4	Φ	104 68 44	304 196 C4	д	124 84 54	324 212 D4	ф	144 100 64	344 228 E4	€	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	s	45 37 25	245 165 A5	Е	65 53 35	265 181 B5	х	105 69 45	305 197 C5	e	125 85 55	325 213 D5	X	145 101 65	345 229 E5	s	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6	I	46 38 26	246 166 A6	ж	66 54 36	266 182 B6	Ц	106 70 46	306 198 C6	ж	126 86 56	326 214 D6	ц	146 102 66	346 230 E6	i	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	ï	47 39 27	247 167 A7	3	67 55 37	267 183 B7	Ч	107 71 47	307 199 C7	æ	127 87 57	327 215 D7	ч	147 103 67	347 231 E7	: 1	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	J	50 40 28	250 168 A8	И	70 56 38	270 184 B8	Ш	110 72 48	310 200 C8	И	130 88 58	330 216 D8	ш	150 104 68	350 232 E8	j	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	Ъ	51 41 29	251 169 A9	Й	71 57 39	271 185 B9	Щ	111 73 49	311 201 C9	й	131 89 59	331 217 D9	щ	151 105 69	351 233 E9	Љ	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	њ	52 42 2A	252 170 AA	K	72 58 3A	272 186 BA	ъ	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	κ	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	ъ	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	Њ	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	Ъ	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	Л	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	Ρ <b>Ι</b>	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	л	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	ь	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	ħ	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12	ĸ	54 44 2C	254 172 AC	M	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	Ь	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	М	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	Ь	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	ĸ	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13	-	55 45 2D	255 173 AD	Н	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	€	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	н	135 93 5D	335 221 DD	Э	155 109 6D	355 237 ED	§	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14	ў	56 46 2E	256 174 AE	0	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	ю	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	o	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	ю	156 110 6E	356 238 EE	ÿ	176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15	ħ	57 47 2F	257 175 AF	П	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	Я	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	11	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	Я	157 111 6F	357 239 EF	ħ	177 127 7F	377 255 FF	15

LEGEND

,		GL	GR	
		4/1	12/1	Column/Row
	С	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Octal Decimal Hex



#### JIS Katakana Character Set

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	GL	GR	GL	GR	1
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13	6	14	7	15	
Row 0				_	60 48 30	260 176 B0	タ	100 64 40	300 192 C0	(1)	120 80 50	320 208 D0	140 96 60	340 224 E0	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	•	41 33 21	241 161 A1	7	61 49 31	261 177 B1	<b>¥</b>	101 65 41	301 193 C1	۵	121 81 51	321 209 D1	141 97 61	341 225 E1	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	Г	42 34 22	242 162 A2	1	62 50 32	262 178 B2	ツ	102 66 42	302 194 C2	メ	122 82 52	322 210 D2	142 98 62	342 226 E2	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	٦	43 35 23	243 163 A3	ゥ	63 51 33	263 179 B3	亍	103 67 43	303 195 C3	Ŧ	123 83 53	323 211 D3	143 99 63	343 227 E3	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4	,	44 36 24	244 164 A4	I	64 52 34	264 180 B4	7	104 68 44	304 196 C4	ť	124 84 54	324 212 D4	144 100 64	344 228 E4	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	•	45 37 25	245 165 A5	t	65 53 35	265 181 B5	t	105 69 45	305 197 C5	2	125 85 55	325 213 D5	145 101 65	345 229 E5	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6	ľ	46 38 26	246 166 A6	カ	66 54 36	266 182 B6	П	106 70 46	306 198 C6	П	126 86 56	326 214 D6	146 102 66	346 230 E6	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	P	47 39 27	247 167 A7	+	67 55 37	267 183 B7	ĸ	107 71 47	307 199 C7	Ð	127 87 57	327 215 D7	147 103 67	347 231 E7	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	1	50 40 28	250 168 A8	2	70 56 38	270 184 B8	ネ	110 72 48	310 200 C8	IJ	130 88 58	330 216 D8	150 104 68	350 232 E8	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	ゥ	51 41 29	251 169 A9	ታ	71 57 39	271 185 B9	7	111 73 49	311 201 C9	ル	131 89 59	331 217 D9	151 105 69	351 233 E9	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	н	52 42 2A	252 170 AA		72 58 3A	272 186 BA	11	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	ט	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	<b>t</b>	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	Ħ	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	П	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	D	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12	÷	54 44 2C	254 172 AC	う	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	フ	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	ŗ	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13	2	55 45 2D	255 173 AD	ス	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	1	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	ン	135 93 5D	335 221 DD	155 109 6D	355 237 ED	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14	П	56 46 2E	256 174 AE	Þ	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	ホ	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	**	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	156 110 6E	356 238 EE	176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15	ッ	57 47 2F	257 175 AF	ソ	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	٦	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	٥	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	157 111 6F	357 239 EF			15

**LEGEND** 

	GL	GR	
	4/1	12/1	Column/Row
4	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Octal Decimal Hex



#### ISO Latin-9 Supplemental Character Set

		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR		GL	GR	1
	Column	2	10		3	11		4	12		5	13		6	14		7	15	
Row 0	NBSP	40 32 20	240 160 A0	0	60 48 30	260 176 B0	À	100 64 40	300 192 C0	Đ	120 80 50	320 208 D0	à	140 96 60	340 224 E0	ð	160 112 70	360 240 F0	Row 0
1	•	41 33 21	241 161 A1	±	61 49 31	261 177 B1	Á	101 65 41	301 193 C1	Ñ	121 81 51	321 209 D1	á	141 97 61	341 225 E1	ñ	161 113 71	361 241 F1	1
2	Ų	42 34 22	242 162 A2	2	62 50 32	262 178 B2	Â	102 66 42	302 194 C2	Ò	122 82 52	322 210 D2	â	142 98 62	342 226 E2	ò	162 114 72	362 242 F2	2
3	£	43 35 23	243 163 A3	3	63 51 33	263 179 B3	Ã	103 67 43	303 195 C3	Ó	123 83 53	323 211 D3	ã	143 99 63	343 227 E3	ó	163 115 73	363 243 F3	3
4	₩	44 36 24	244 164 A4	Ž	64 52 34	264 180 B4	Ä	104 68 44	304 196 C4	Ô	124 84 54	324 212 D4	ä	144 100 64	344 228 E4	ô	164 116 74	364 244 F4	4
5	¥	45 37 25	245 165 A5	μ	65 53 35	265 181 B5	Å	105 69 45	305 197 C5	Õ	125 85 55	325 213 D5	å	145 101 65	345 229 E5	õ	165 117 75	365 245 F5	5
6	ል	46 38 26	246 166 A6	¶	66 54 36	266 182 B6	Æ	106 70 46	306 198 C6	Ö	126 86 56	326 214 D6	æ	146 102 66	346 230 E6	ö	166 118 76	366 246 F6	6
7	Ø	47 39 27	247 167 A7	٠	67 55 37	267 183 B7	Ç	107 71 47	307 199 C7	×	127 87 57	327 215 D7	ç	147 103 67	347 231 E7	+•	167 119 77	367 247 F7	7
8	Š	50 40 28	250 168 A8	ž	70 56 38	270 184 B8	È	110 72 48	310 200 C8	Ø	130 88 58	330 216 D8	è	150 104 68	350 232 E8	Ø	170 120 78	370 248 F8	8
9	0	51 41 29	251 169 A9	1	71 57 39	271 185 B9	É	111 73 49	311 201 C9	Ù	131 89 59	331 217 D9	é	151 105 69	351 233 E9	ù	171 121 79	371 249 F9	9
10	<b>₫</b>	52 42 2A	252 170 AA	Q	72 58 3A	272 186 BA	Ê	112 74 4A	312 202 CA	Ú	132 90 5A	332 218 DA	ê	152 106 6A	352 234 EA	ú	172 122 7A	372 250 FA	10
11	<b>«</b>	53 43 2B	253 171 AB	<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	73 59 3B	273 187 BB	Ë	113 75 4B	313 203 CB	Û	133 91 5B	333 219 DB	ë	153 107 6B	353 235 EB	û	173 123 7B	373 251 FB	11
12	Г	54 44 2C	254 172 AC	Œ	74 60 3C	274 188 BC	Ì	114 76 4C	314 204 CC	Ü	134 92 5C	334 220 DC	ì	154 108 6C	354 236 EC	ü	174 124 7C	374 252 FC	12
13	1	55 45 2D	255 173 AD	œ	75 61 3D	275 189 BD	Í	115 77 4D	315 205 CD	Ý	135 93 5D	335 221 DD	í	155 109 6D	355 237 ED	Ý	175 125 7D	375 253 FD	13
14	<b>©</b>	56 46 2E	256 174 AE	Ÿ	76 62 3E	276 190 BE	Î	116 78 4E	316 206 CE	Þ	136 94 5E	336 222 DE	î	156 110 6E	356 238 EE	þ	176 126 7E	376 254 FE	14
15	1	57 47 2F	257 175 AF	ر،	77 63 3F	277 191 BF	Ϊ	117 79 4F	317 207 CF	ß	137 95 5F	337 223 DF	ï	157 111 6F	357 239 EF	ÿ	177 127 7F	377 255 FF	15

**LEGEND** 

| Column/Row | 301 | Octal | Decimal | Hex | Column/Row | Octal | Decimal | Column/Row | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal | Octal

MLO-00xxxx



# Common to IBM Proprinter X24 and XL24E Protocol and Epson ESC/P2 Protocol

#### **Default Sets**

The following thirty two character sets are available.

Code pages 210, 220, 437, 850, 851, 852, 857, 858, 860, 862, 863, 865, and 866, CP DHN, Turkish, ECMA 94, ISO Latin 1, ISO Latin 2, ISO Latin 9, Hungarian, Slovenian, Polish, Mazovian, Kamenicky, Cyrillic, ELOT 927, ELOT 928, Latin Polish, Lithuanian 1, Lithuanian 2, MIK, and Macedonian

# Code Page 210

L/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A	•	§	! # \$ % & · ( ) *	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	@ A B C D E F G H I J	P Q R S T U V W X Y Z	`abcdefghij	pqrstuvwxyz	A B Γ Δ Ε Z Η Θ Ι Κ Λ	Ρ Σ Τ Υ Φ Χ Ψ Ω α β Υ	Α ικλμνξοπρσς	B	C 11 T-1 + 1-1-1		ω ά έ ή ϊ ί ό ύ ΰ ώ Ά	F 'Ω ± ≥ ≤ ∫ ÷ ≈ • € •
B C D			+	; < =	K L M	( \ 1	k l m	{     	M N E	δ ε ξ	υ	]	Ī	I	Έ Ή Ί	n 2
E			;	> ?	N O	<u>,</u>	n o	-	о П	η	φ X Ψ	]	1	1	o Y	•

# Code Page 220

L/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	Е	F
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F	* * *	S	!"#\$%&'()*+,/	0123456789:;<=>?	@ A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O	P Q R S T U V W X Y Z [ \ ] ^	`abcdefghijklmno	pqrstuvwxyz{  }	Çüé â ä à A Çê ë è ï î i Ä È	ÉÍÓÔÖÒÛÙÁÔÜÒ£ÚRÏ	áíóúñÑaº ¿lb.t.t. «»				αβΓπΣσμτΦθΩδ∞φεΠ	= ± ≥ ≤ ∫ ÷ ≈ • • √ n ≥ ■

# Code Page 437

L/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	Е	F
0			1	0 1	@ A	P Q	` a	q q	Ç	Éæ	á		L	<u>т</u>	a B	≣ ±
2 3			#	2	B	R	b c	r	é	Æ	ó ú		Т	İ	Г	2
4 5	•		\$	4	D	T	d	t	ä	ö	ñ	-		F	π Σ	≤ [
5	*	S	%	5	E	U	e	u	à	ò	Ñ	=	+	F	σ	1
7	7		& '	6 7	F G	V	f	V W	åç	û ù	<u>a</u> 0	1	Ī	I	μ τ	÷ ≈
8			(	8	H	Х	h	x	ê	ÿ	ż	1	L	#	Φ	۰
9 A			) *	9	I J	Y	i	y z	ë	Ö	_		I	7	Ω	•
В			+	;	K	[	k	{	ï	¢	1 1 4	j	T		δ	√
CD			_	<	L	1	1 m	}	î	£	1 1	LL LL	ľ	F	ø	n 2
E			•	>	N	~	n	~	Ä	R	«	ⅎ	1	ነ	ε	
F			/	?	0	_	0		Å	f	<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	7	<u> </u>		N	

# Code Page 850

L/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	E	F
0				0	@	P		р	ç	É	á		L	ð	Ó	_
1			1	1	Α	Q	a	q	ü	æ	ĺ.		$\perp$	Ð	ß	±
			и	2	В	R	b	r	é	Æ	ó			Ê	ô	
2	٠		#	3	С	S	C	s	â	ô	ú	T	-	Ë	Ò	34
4	+		S	4	D	T	d	t	ä	ö	ñ	4		È	õ	Ī
5	•	S	%	5	E	U	е	u	à	ò	Ñ	Á	+	1	õ	S
6			δι	6	F	V	£	v	å	û	<u>a</u>	Â	å	1	μ	÷
7			,	7	G	W	q	W	ç	ù	ō	À	Ã	Î	þ	
8			(	8	H	X	h	х	ê	ÿ	ż	0	L	Ϊ	Þ	ò
9			)	9	Ι	Y	i	У	ë	ö	®	4	F	٦	Ú	••
A			*	:	J	$\mathbf{z}$	j	z	è	Ü	_		T	г	Û	•
В			+	;	K	[	k	{	ï	ø	1/2	-	٦Ē		Ù	1
С			,	<	L	\	1	1	î	£	1/2	]	F	=	ý	3
D			_	===	М	]	m	}	ì	Ø	ī	¢		Ť	Ý Ý	2
E				>	N	^	n	~	Ä	×	«	¥	ţ	Ì		
F			1	?	0		0		Å	f	>>	٦	ä		-	
												- 1				



# Code Page 851

IBM851

L/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
0				0	<b>@</b>	P	`	р	ç	Ί	ï	111	L	т	ξ	_
1			Ţ	1	Α	Q	a	q	ü		ί		$\perp$	Y	η	±
2			"	2	В	R	b	r	é	$\boldsymbol{\sigma}$	Ó		т	Φ	θ	υ
3	•		#	3	С	S	С	s	â	ô	ύ	T	-	Х	ι	φ
1 2 3 4 5 6	•		\$	4	D	Т	d	t	ä	ö	Α	+	_	Ψ	ĸ	x
5	•	§	%	5	Е	U	е	u	à	Ύ	В	ĸ	+	Ω	λ	S
6	•		&	6	F	V	f	v	Ά	û	Γ	Λ	П	α	μ	Ψ
7			•	7	G	W	g	w	ç	ù	Δ	М	P	β	v	,
8			(	8	Н	X	h	х	ê	'Ω	Е	N	ᆫ	γ	ξ	•
9			)	9	Ι	Y	i	Y	ë	Ö	$\mathbf{z}$	1	F	ı	0	
A			*	:	J	$\mathbf{z}$	j	z	è	Ü	H	1	<u>JL</u>	г	п	ω
В			+	;	K	[	k	{	ï	ά	1/2	j	٦Ē		ρ	ΰ
C			,	<	$\mathbf{L}$	\	1	1	î	£	ē	Ţ	ŀ	=	σ	Ó
D			-	=	М	]	m	}	Έ	É	Ι	Ξ	#	δ	ς	ώ
E				>	N	^	n	~	Ä	ή	«	0	뱌	ε	τ	•
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# Code Page 857

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# Code Page 860

PAGE860 (Code Page 860(Portugal))

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PG852/PG852-T (Code Page 852)

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#### **Turkish**

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# **Code Page DHN**

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### Slovenian

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# Hungarian

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# **Polish**

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#### Mazowian

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KAMENIC/KAMEN-T (Kamenicky)

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0 1 2 3 4 5 6	* * *	§	# \$ % & .	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	@ A B C D E F G	P Q R S T U V W	abcdefg	p q r s t u v w	Č ü é ď ä Ď Ť č	ÉŽÕÕÕŮŮ	á í ó ú ň ů ô				α β Γ π Σ σ μ τ	= ± ≥ ≤ <b>→</b> * ≈
8 9 B C D E F			() * + , /	8 9 ; < = > ?	H J K L M N	X Z I \ ]	h j k l m o	х У Z { ; } ~	ě É Ĺ Í ľ í Ä Á	ÝÖÜŠĽÝŘť	šříá48××	والمراكيييية إلى المالية		† <b>[ [ ]</b>	Φ Θ Ω δ ⊗ Ø ∈ Π	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

#### **ELOT 927**

L/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	E	F
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F	•	S	! " # 5 % & * ( ) * + , - • /	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 :;<=>?	@ A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O	P Q R S T U V W X Y Z [ \ ] ^	` A B Γ Δ E Z H Θ I K Λ M N Ξ O	Π Ρ Σ Τ Υ Φ Χ Ψ Ω Υ Υ ***	АВГ ДЕ Z Н Ө I К Л М N Ξ О П	ΡΣΤΥΦΧΨΩαβγδεξηθ	ικλμνξοπρσςτυφχψ				ωα έ ή ϊ ι δ ύ ΰ ώ Ω £ ≈ ø ί ΰ	± ≥ ≤ ∫ ÷ ≈ • • · √ n ≥

#### **Latin Polish**

LATIN-P (Latin Polish)

L/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
0				0	<b>@</b>	P	,	р	Ç	É	á		L	ш	Ó	Ξ
1			1	1	A	Q	a	q	ü	æ	í	33	1	=	β	±
2			**	2	В	Ŕ	b	r	é	Æ	ó		_	1	r	2
3			#	3	С	s	С	8	â	ô	ú	T	1	L	Ń	≤
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	+		\$	4	D	Т	d	t	ä	ö	Ą	4		F	ń	ſ
5	•	S	ક્	5	Е	U	e	u	à	ò	ą	=	+	F	σ	J
6	•		&	6	F	V	f	v	ć	û	à	-	F	ı	μ	÷
7			•	7	G	W	g	w	Ç	Ś	Q	11	┢	#	τ	≈
8			(	8	Н	Х	h	х	í	ś	Ę	- "	Ĺ	¥	Φ	•
9			)	9	Ι	Y	i	У	ë	Ö	ę	┪	F	J	θ	•
Α			*	:	J	Z	j	z	è	Ü	÷	1	<u>JL</u>	-	Ω	
В			+	;	K	[	k	{	ï	¢	ź	Ä,	٦Ē		δ	√
C			,	<	L	\	1	1	î	£	1		Ļ	=	œ	n
D			_	=	М	1	m	}	Ź	Ł	ī	Z		f	Ø	2
E				>	N	^	n	~	Ä	R	«	Ż	╬	ጎ	E	•
F			/	?	О	_	0		Ć	f	<b>»</b>	٦	zł	4	N	



# Lithuanian 1

L/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	Е	F
0				0	@	P	`	р	A	Р	а		L	a	р	Ξ
1			1	1	Α	Q	a	q	Б	С	б	*	.1.	č	c	±
2			"	2	В	R	b	r	В	Т	в		т	ę	т	≥
3			#	3	C	$\mathbf{S}$	C	s	Γ	У	Г	I I	-	ė	у	≤
4 5	*		\$	4	D	Т	d	t	Д	Φ	Д	4		į	Ф	ſ
5	•	S	%	5	E	U	e	u	E	Х	е	Ą	+	š	x	]
6 7	•		δ	6	F	V	f	$\mathbf{v}$	Ж	Ц	Ж	Č	Ų	ų	Ц	÷
7			,	7	G	W	g	W	3	Ч	3	Ę	Ū	ū	ч	≈
8			(	8	Н	X	h	х	И	Ш	И	É	L	ž	Ш	۰
9			)	9	Ι	Y	i	У	Й	Щ	Й	1	ΙĒ	L	Щ	•
A			*	:	J	$\mathbf{z}$	j	$\mathbf{z}$	K	Ъ	K	1	1	г	ъ	.
В			+	;	K	[	k	{	Л	Ы	Л	ή	TF		ы	√
C			,	<	$\mathbf{L}$	/	1		М	ь	M	1	ŀ	=	ь	n
D			-	=	М	)	m	}	Н	Э	н	Į		r	э	2
E				>	N	^	n	~	0	Ю	0	Š	$^{\ddagger}_{z}$	1	Ю	•
F			/	?	0		0		П	Я	п	٦	ž	4	Я	

# Lithuanian 2

L/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
0				0	<b>@</b>	Р	`	р	Α	P	а		L	Ш	p	Ę
1			!	1	Α	Q	a	q	Б	C	б	- 33	$\perp$	₹	C	ę
2			**	2	В	R	b	r	В	T	В		т	Τ	т	Ė
3	•		#	3	C	$\mathbf{s}$	C	s	Γ	y	г	T	-	I	у	è
<b>4</b> 5	+		\$	4	D	$\mathbf{T}$	$^{\mathrm{d}}$	t	Д	Φ	д	4		F	Φ	Į
5		S	%	5	E	U	e	u	E	Х	е	=	+	F	х	į
6	•		δ.	6	F	V	f	v	Ж	Ц	ж	1	F	'n	ц	Š
7			•	7	G	W	g	w	3	Ч	3	70	t	+	ч	š
8			(	8	Η	Х	ĥ	х	И	Ш	И	=	L	¥	Ш	Ų
9			)	9	Ι	Y	i	У	Й	Щ	й	4	F		Щ	ų
Α			*	:	J	$\mathbf{z}$	j	z	K	Ъ	ĸ		1	г	ъ	Ū
В			+	;	K	[	k	{	Л	Ы	Л	j	ΠĒ		ы	ũ
C			,	<	$\mathbf{L}$	\	1	1	М	ь	M	J	I	Ą	ь	Ž
D			-	=	М	1	m	}	Н	Э	н	للـ	=	ą	э	ž
E				>	N	^	n	~	0	Ю	0	Ⅎ	Ï	č	Ю	
F			/	?	0	_	0		Π	R	п	٦	7	Č	Я	

# MIK

L/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	E	F
0				0	@	P	`	р	Α	P	а	р	L	:::	α	=
1			1	1	Α	Q	a	q	Б	C	б	C	$\perp$		β	±
2 3			**	2	В	R	b	r	В	T	В	т	т		Г	2
3			#	3	С	S	С	s	Γ	у	г	у	-	11111	π	≤
4 5	+		\$	4	D	Т	d	t	Д	Φ	Д	ф	1	-	Σ	ſ
	•	S	%	5	E	Ü	е	u	Ε	X	е	x	+	N⊵	σ	J
6	•		&	6	F	V	f	v	Ж	Ц	ж	ц	4	S	μ	÷
7			•	7	G	W	g	w	3	Ч	3	ч	ı	71	τ	≈
8			(	8	Н	Х	h	х	И	Ш	И	ш	L	]	Φ	•
9			)	9	Ι	Y	i	У	Й	Щ	й	Щ	F	J	θ	•
A			*	:	J	$\mathbf{z}$	j	z	K	Ъ	K	ъ	1	Г	Ω	•
В			+	;	K	[	k	{	Л	Ы	л	ы	٦Ē		δ	√
C			,	<	$\mathbf{L}$	1	1	1	М	ь	М	ь	ŀ	Ξ	00	n
D			-	=	М	1	m	}	Н	Э	н	э	-	Г	Ø	2
Е				>	N	^	n	~	О	Ю	0	Ю	t	ì	E	•
F			/	?	О	_	О		Π	Я	Π	я	٦	ď	U	

# Macedonian

L/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	E	F
0				0	@	P	`	р	Α	Ь	Č		L	ᄮ	а	њ
1			1	1	Α	Q	a	q	Б	О	Ć		1	Ŧ	б	0
2			**	2	В	R	b	r	В	Π	Ð		т	π	В	П
3	•		#	3	C	S	C	s	Γ	P	Š	T	ŀ	I	Г	p
<b>4</b> 5	•		\$	4	D	$\mathbf{T}$	d	t	Д	C	Ž	-		F	д	C
5		S	%	5	Е	Ũ	e	u	Ъ	T	μ	4	+	F	ħ	T
6	•		&	6	F	V	f	v	Ε	Ћ	Ω	-1	þ	'n	е	ħ
7			•	7	G	W	g	W	Ж	У	č	ij	t	#	ж	y
8			(	8	Н	X	h	Х	3	Φ	Y	ä"	L	#	3	Φ
9			)	9	1	Y	i	Y	И	X	ć	4	1	٦	И	x
A			*	:	J	$\mathbf{z}$	j	z	J	Ц	đ	-	Ή	٢	j	ц
В			+	;	K	[	k	{	K	Ч	š	ή̈́	īĒ		K	ч
С			,	<	L	\	1	- }	Л	Ц	ž		F	Ξ	11	Ü
D			_	=	Μ	1	m	}	Љ	Ш	0	Ш		r	Љ	ш
E				>	N	^	n	~	М	α	«	≓	#	ኀ	м	
F			/	?	О		0		Н	β	>>	٦	7		н	



# **IBM Proprinter X24E and XL24E Protocol**

# **IBM Set 1/2**

IBM character set 1 and IBM character set 2

### IBM Set 1

Г/Н	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	E	F
0	NUL	DLE	SP	0	@	P	-	р	NUL	DLE	á	:::	L	11	OŁ.	Ξ
1	SOH	DC1	1	1	A	Q	a	q	SOH	DC1	1	- 2	1	Ŧ	ß	±
2	STX	DC2	11	2	В	R	b	r	STX	DC2	ó	***************************************	т	1	Γ	≥
3	ETX	DC3	#	3	С	S	c	s	EIX	DC3	ú	T	-	I	π	≤
4	EOT	DC4	\$	4	D	T	d	t	EOT	DC4	ñ	4	<u>-</u>	E	Σ	ſ
5		NAK	%	5	E	U	е	u	ENQ	NAK	Ñ	4	+	F	σ	)
6	ACK	SYN	δr	6	F	٧	f	v	ACK	SYN	a	4	F	ήr	μ	+
7	BEL	ETB	•	7	G	W	g	W	BEL	ETB	Q	7	ŀ	#	τ	*
8	BS	CAN	(	8	H	X	h	x	BS	CAN	ı	ä	L	¥	Φ	۰
9	HT	EM	)	9	1	Y	i	У	HT	EM	-	4	1	٦	θ	•
A	LF	SUB	*	:	J	Z	j	Z	LF	SUB	7	-	ᆚ	г	Ω	•
В	VT	ESC	+	;	K	[	k	{	VT	ESC	1/2	j	T		δ	√
C	FF	FS	,	<	L	\	1	-	FF	FS	1/4		Ţ	=	∞	n
D	CIR	GS	-	=	M	]	m	}	CER	GS	i	Ш	#	Г	Ø	2
E	SO	RS		>	N	^	n	~	SO	RS	*	Ⅎ	Ï	1	ε	•
F	SI	US	/	?	0	_	0	DEL	SI	US	<b>»</b>	٦	7	4	n	SP

### IBM Set 2

Γ/H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	E	F
0	NUL	DLE	SP	0	@	P	~	р	Ç	É	á	:::	L	1	O.	Ξ
1	SOH	DC1	1	1	A	Q	a	q	ü	æ	1	*	1	₹	ß	±
2	STX	DC2	**	2	В	R	b	r	é	Æ	ó		т	+	Г	2
3	•	DC3	#	3	С	S	c	s	â	ô	ú	T	-	I	π	≤
4		DC4	\$	4	D	T	d	t	ä	ö	ñ	4	-	<b>⊨</b>	Σ	١
5		§	%	5	E	U	e	u	à	Ò	Ñ	=	+	F	σ	J
6	•	SYN	δr	6	F	V	f	v	å	û	a	4	=	'n	μ	÷
7	BEL	ETB	,	7	G	W	g	W	ç	ù	Q	7	ŀ	1	τ	≈
8	BS	CAN	(	8	H	X.	h	x	ê	ÿ	l i	="	L	#	Φ	۰
9	HT	EM	)	9	Ι	Y	í	У	ë	Ö	-	4	1	٦	θ	•
A	LF	SUB	*	:	J	Z	j	z	è	Ü	٦,	-	7	г	Ω	•
В	VT	ESC	+	;	K	[	k	{	ï	¢	1/2	j	T		δ	√
C	FF	FS	,	<	L	\	1	1	î	£	1/2	1	F	_	00	n
D	CIR	GS	_	=	M	1	m	}	ì	¥	i	Ш		r	Ø	2
E	SO	RS	٠	>	N	^	n	~	Ä	Pŧ	«	ച	₩	1	ε	
F	SI	US	/	?	0		0	DEL	Å	f	<b>»</b>	٦	*	4	U	SP



# **Epson ESC/P2 Protocol**

#### **National Character Sets**

The following fifteen character sets are available.

USA, France, Germany, UK, Denmark 1, Sweden, Italy, Spain 1, Japan, Norway, Denmark 2, Spain 2, Latin America, Korea, and Legal

#### **Common Characters**

The following table shows characters common to the fifteen "national" character sets. NR indicates characters that differ with languages.

ſ	<u></u>		Γ	<del></del>	_		<del></del>	<del></del>
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0			SP	0	NR	P	NR	р
1			!	1	A	Q	a	d
2			"	2	В	R	b	r
3			NR	3	С	s	С	s
4			NR	4	D	Т	d	t
5		§	0/0	5	Е	U	е	u
6			&	6	F	V	f	v
7			1	7	G	W	g	w
8			(	8	Н	Х	h	х
9			)	9	Ι	Y	i	У
A			*	:	J	z	j	z
В			+	;	K	NR	k	NR
С			,	<	L	NR	1	NR
D			-	=	М	NR	m	NR
E			•	>	N	NR	n	NR
F			1	?	0	-	0	



# **National Characters**

The following table shows "national" characters that differ with languages. Character codes correspond to NRs in the preceding table.

				Cł	nara	acte	er (	Code	e ( H e	ex)		
	23	24	40	5в	5C	5D	5E	60	7в	7C	<b>7</b> D	7E
1:USA	#	\$	@	ĺ	١	]	^	,	{	I	}	~
2:FRANCE	#	\$	à	0	ç	§	`	′	é	ù	è	••
3:GERMANY	#	\$	§	Ä	ö	Ü	^	,	ä	ö	ü	ß
4:U.K.	£	\$	@	[	/	]	^	,	{	1	}	~
5:DENMARK	#	\$	@	Æ	Ø	Å	^	,	æ	Ø	å	~
6:SWEDEN	#	¤	É	Ä	ö	Å	Ü	é	ä	ö	å	ü
7:ITALY	#	\$	6	0	\	é	^	ù	à	ò	è	ì
8:SPAIN	R	\$	9	i	Ñ	¿	^	`		ñ	}	,
9:JAPAN	#	\$	@	1	¥	]	^	,	1	1	}	,
10:NORWAY	#	¤	É	Æ	Ø	Å	Ü	é	æ	ø	å	ü
11:DENMARK 2	#	\$	É	Æ	Ø	Å	Ü	é	æ	ø	å	ü
12:SPAIN 2	#	\$	á	i	Ñ	ં	é	,	í	ñ	ó	ú
13:LATIN AM.	#	\$	á	i	Ñ	ż	é	ü	í	ñ	ó	ú
14: KOREA	#	\$	@	[	₩	]	^	`	{	1	}	~
15:LEGAL	#	\$	§	0	•	"	Я	`	0	8	†	ТМ





F

# **Resident Fonts**

This appendix provides print samples of the printer's twelve resident fonts.

**Draft** The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using

a variety of sizes and fonts.

High-Speed Draft

The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using

a variety of sizes and fonts.

High-Impact Draft The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using

a variety of sizes and fonts.

Pica 10 The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using

a variety of sizes and fonts.

Courier 10 The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using

a variety of sizes and fonts.

Prestige Elite 12 The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using

a variety of sizes and fonts.

Compressed 17 The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using a variety of sizes and fonts.

Boldface PS The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using

a variety of sizes and fonts.



Timeless (outline) The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using

a variety of sizes and fonts.

Nimbus Sans ® (outline) The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using

a variety of sizes and fonts.

OCR A The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using

a variety of sizes and fonts.

OCR B The 24-wire dot-matrix printer prints

quality characters and symbols using

a variety of sizes and fonts.



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